

The `automultiplechoice` package*

Alexis Bienvenüe
`paamc@passoire.fr`

October 31, 2022

Abstract

This package helps designing multiple choice exams ready for automated marking from papers scans.

Answers and questions are optionally shuffled, creating different sheets for every student.

1 Introduction

The package `automultiplechoice` helps formatting multiple choice questionnaires with automated marking from papers scans in mind:

- The package can produce different copies of the question sheet for each student, optionally shuffling answers and questions for each student.
- Markers can be printed on each sheet, so as to be able to analyse scans after examination. All the needed information about the position of the markers and the boxes to be checked by the students is given in an auxiliary file during L^AT_EX run.

See Auto Multiple Choice (AMC) software (<https://www.auto-multiple-choice.net/>) for an integration of this package, with user interface for automated marking.

2 Samples

We begin with several samples to see what can be done with the `automultiplechoice` package. All `automultiplechoice` commands and options will be detailed further.

For all these samples, two sets of questions are used: a group of geography questions, and a group of history questions. These are defined in a common L^AT_EX file named `questions.tex`:

```
\element{geography}{\begin{question}{Ghana}What is the capital of Ghana?\begin{choiceshoriz}\correctchoice{Accra}\wrongchoice{Addis Abeba}\wrongchoice{Ankara}\wrongchoice{Apia}
```

*This document corresponds to version revision: r:8fb71f63 from AMC 1.5.2+git20221031112254

```

        \end{choiceshoriz}
    \end{question}
}

\element{geography}{
    \begin{question}{Thailand}
        What is the capital of Thailand?
        \begin{choiceshoriz}
            \correctchoice{Bangkok}
            \wrongchoice{Banjul}
            \wrongchoice{Beijing}
            \wrongchoice{Beirut}
            \wrongchoice{Berlin}
        \end{choiceshoriz}
    \end{question}
}

\element{geography}{
    \begin{question}{Egypt}
        What is the capital of Egypt?
        \begin{choices}
            \correctchoice{Cairo}
            \wrongchoice{Caracas}
            \wrongchoice{Cayenne}
            \wrongchoice{Chisinau}
            \wrongchoice{Conakry}
        \end{choices}
    \end{question}
}

\element{geography}{
    \begin{question}{Ireland}
        What is the capital of Ireland?
        \begin{multicols}{3}
            \begin{choices}
                \correctchoice{Dublin}
                \wrongchoice{Dili}
                \wrongchoice{Djibouti}
                \wrongchoice{Doha}
                \wrongchoice{Dakar}
                \wrongchoice{Dhaka}
            \end{choices}
        \end{multicols}
    \end{question}
}

\element{history}{
    \begin{questionmult}{1901}
        Which of the following events are taking place during the year
    \end{questionmult}
}

```

```

1901?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{Funeral of Queen Victoria in London}
\correctchoice{Official end of the Caste War of Yucat\'an}
\wrongchoice{King George of Greece becomes absolute monarch of Crete}
\wrongchoice{The first line of the Paris M\'etro is opened}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
}

\element{history}{
\begin{questionmult}{1850}
Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{American Express is founded by Henry Wells \& William Fargo}
\wrongchoice{Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy}
\wrongchoice{Kwang-su becomes emperor of China}
\wrongchoice{First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
}

\element{history}{
\begin{questionmult}{1971}
Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{Apollo 14 lands on the Moon}
\correctchoice{The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1}
\correctchoice{Death of Louis Armstrong}
\wrongchoice{The first commercial Concorde flight takes off}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
}

```

We will ask `automultiplechoice` package to include two geography questions and two history questions at random for each student, shuffling questions and answers, with the following code:

```

\cleargroup{all}
\shufflegroup{geography}
\copygroup[2]{geography}{all}
\shufflegroup{history}
\copygroup[2]{history}{all}
\shufflegroup{all}
\insertgroup{all}

```

You can read these commands as “clear group `all`, shuffle questions inside group `geography` and copy the first two to group `all`, do the same for group `history`, shuffle the four questions copied into `all` and print them”.

2.1 Standard layout

A set of 30 students sheets can be produced from the following L^AT_EX source named `sample-amc.tex`:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{automultiplechoice}
\usepackage{multicol}
\begin{document}

\input{questions.tex}

\onecopy{30}{}

\noindent{\bf AMC} \hfill SAMPLE TEST

\vspace{3ex}
```

For this test, package `\sf automultiplechoice` is used without any option. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using `\tt nowatermark` option.

Commands from `\sf automultiplechoice` are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.

```
\vspace{3ex}

\cleargroup{all}

\shufflegroup{geography}
\copygroup[2]{geography}{all}
\shufflegroup{history}
\copygroup[2]{history}{all}
\shufflegroup{all}
\insertgroup{all}

}

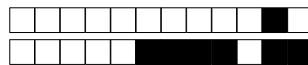
\end{document}
```

producing a 30-pages document (every page has number 1), from which we show the first pages on page 7.

Note that “DRAFT” indications can be cancelled using option `nowatermark`, or using AMC software.

You can see on each page markers that can be used for automated completed answer sheets scans analysis:

- Four circles ● are printed in the corners, to be able to analyse any rotation or scaling of the scans.
- Binary boxes are printed in the header area, so as to be able to read student sheet number and page number. On page 2 for example, you can see that these binary boxes are coding 2/1/59:



+2/1/59+

Here, 2 is the student sheet number, 1 is the page number for this student, and 59 is a checking value that can be used for checking correct identification from a scan.

If you also use `calibration` option , `automultiplechoice` will produce a `.xy` file with informations about the exact position in the page of all the markers, and all the boxes. This option is automatically set by AMC software, which then use the information in the `.xy` file for automated marking.

2.2 Separate answer sheet

In some situations, you may need a separate answer sheet:

- this makes cheating even more difficult;
- this can reduce the number of pages to scan.

This is done using `separateanswersheet` option of `automultiplechoice` package. You also have to use commands `\AMCformBegin` to indicate the beginning of this separate answer sheet (usually after a `\clearpage` or `\AMCcleardoublepage` command), and `\AMCform` to insert the form to be completed by the students, as in the following example (`sample-separate.tex`):

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[separateanswersheet]{automultiplechoice}
\usepackage{multicol}
\begin{document}

\input{questions.tex}

\onecopy{30}{}

\noindent{\bf AMC} \hfill SAMPLE TEST

\vspace{3ex}
```

For this test, package `\sf automultiplechoice` is used with `\tt separateanswersheet` option, so that all answers are to be filled on a separate sheet by students. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using `\tt nowatermark` option.

Commands from `\sf automultiplechoice` are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.

```
\vspace{3ex}

\cleargroup{all}
```

```

\shufflegroup{geography}
\copygroup[2]{geography}{all}
\shufflegroup{history}
\copygroup[2]{history}{all}
\shufflegroup{all}
\insertgroup{all}

\clearpage

```

\AMCformBegin

This is the answer sheet: all answers are to be ticked on this page to be taken into account.

```
\vspace{2ex}
```

\AMCform

}

\end{document}

First pages of the result are shown on page 8. There are now 2 pages per student: the first with questions, and the second for answers. Only the second will be completed by the students, and scanned for analysis.

2.3 Without markers

With the `nopage` option , package `automultiplechoice` does not include any page markers for scan processing. I'm afraid you can't use any automated marking software with this layout, but you can still use answer sheet and corrected answer sheet (option `indivanswers` , added here) for a manual marking...

The L^AT_EX source `sample-plain.tex` that only differs from `sample-amc.tex` by its options passed to `automultiplechoice`:

```
\usepackage[nopage,indivanswers]{automultiplechoice}
```

produces a 30-pages document, from which we show the first pages on page 9.

First pages from L^AT_EX source detailed in section 2.1 – see sample-amc.pdf

<p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used without any option. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Comments: This <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Egypt?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Cayenne <input type="checkbox"/> Caracas <input type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input type="checkbox"/> Conakry <input type="checkbox"/> Chisinau <p>Question 3 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Accra <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Addis Abeba <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <input type="checkbox"/> Apia <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>	<p>SAMPLE TEST</p> <p>+1/1/60+</p>  <p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used without any option. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Comments: This <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1901?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <input type="checkbox"/> Dublin <input type="checkbox"/> Dili <input type="checkbox"/> Doha <p>Question 3 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Apia <input type="checkbox"/> Accra <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Addis Abeba <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <p>Question 4 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>
<p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used without any option. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Comments: This <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <input type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <p>Question 2 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <p>Question 3 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Doha <input type="checkbox"/> Dakar <input type="checkbox"/> Dublin <input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Thailand?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Beijing <input type="checkbox"/> Bangkok <input type="checkbox"/> Beirut <input type="checkbox"/> Berlin <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>	<p>SAMPLE TEST</p> <p>+3/1/58+</p>  <p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used without any option. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from papers scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Comments: This <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Egypt?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Caracas <input type="checkbox"/> Cayenne <input type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input type="checkbox"/> Conakry <input type="checkbox"/> Chisinau <p>Question 3 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <input type="checkbox"/> Dili <input type="checkbox"/> Doha <input type="checkbox"/> Dublin <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>

First pages from L^AT_EX source detailed in section 2.2 – see sample-separate.pdf

<p style="text-align: center;">+1/1/60+</p> <p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with <code>separatesanswerkey</code> option, so that all answers are to be filled on a separate sheet by students. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from paper scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon</p> <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Egypt?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Cayenne <input type="checkbox"/> Caracas <input type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input type="checkbox"/> Conakry <input type="checkbox"/> Islamabad</p> <p>Question 3 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China</p> <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Accra <input type="checkbox"/> Addis Ababa <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <input type="checkbox"/> Apia</p> <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">+1/2/60+</p> <p>This is the answer sheet: all answers are to be ticked on this page to be taken into account.</p> <p>Question 1: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Question 2: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Question 3: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Question 4: <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p style="text-align: center;">+2/1/58+</p> <p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with <code>separatesanswerkey</code> option, so that all answers are to be filled on a separate sheet by students. Page markers are printed in view of an automated marking from paper scans. DRAFT indications can be cancelled using <code>nowatermark</code> option.</p> <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1907?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The first line of the Paris Métro is opened <input type="checkbox"/> Official end of the Caste War of Yucatán <input type="checkbox"/> King George of Greece becomes absolute monarch of Crete <input type="checkbox"/> Funeral of Queen Victoria in London</p> <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <input type="checkbox"/> Dhaka <input type="checkbox"/> Dublin <input type="checkbox"/> Dili <input type="checkbox"/> Dakar</p> <p>Question 3 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Apia <input type="checkbox"/> Accra <input type="checkbox"/> Addis Ababa <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara</p> <p>Question 4 Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China</p> <p>For your examination, preferably print documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">+2/2/57+</p> <p>This is the answer sheet: all answers are to be ticked on this page to be taken into account.</p> <p>Question 1: <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Question 2: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Question 3: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Question 4: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>

First pages from L^AT_EX source detailed in section 2.3 – see sample-plain.pdf

<p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>nopage</code>, so that no page markers are printed: nothing is planned for future automated marking from papers scans. • <code>indivanswers</code>, so that correct answers are indicated (this is the correct answer sheet. Without this option, you get the question sheet). <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon</p> <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Egypt?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Cayenne <input type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dakar <input type="checkbox"/> Casablanca <input type="checkbox"/> Khartoum</p> <p>Question 3 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China</p> <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accra <input type="checkbox"/> Addis Ababa <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <input type="checkbox"/> Apia</p>	<p>SAMPLE TEST</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>nopage</code>, so that no page markers are printed: nothing is planned for future automated marking from papers scans. • <code>indivanswers</code>, so that correct answers are indicated (this is the correct answer sheet. Without this option, you get the question sheet). <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1901?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The first line of the Paris Metro is opened <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Official end of the Caste War of Yucatan <input type="checkbox"/> King George of Greece becomes absolute monarch of Crete <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Funeral of Queen Victoria in London</p> <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <input type="checkbox"/> Dhaka <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Doha <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dublin <input type="checkbox"/> Dili <input type="checkbox"/> Dakar</p> <p>Question 3 What is the capital of Ghana?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Apia <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accra <input type="checkbox"/> Addis Ababa <input type="checkbox"/> Ankara</p> <p>Question 4 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China</p>
1	1
<p>AMC</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>nopage</code>, so that no page markers are printed: nothing is planned for future automated marking from papers scans. • <code>indivanswers</code>, so that correct answers are indicated (this is the correct answer sheet. Without this option, you get the question sheet). <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong</p> <p>Question 2 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo</p> <p>Question 3 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <input type="checkbox"/> Casablanca <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input type="checkbox"/> Dakar <input type="checkbox"/> Khartoum <input type="checkbox"/> Casablanca</p> <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Thailand?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Beijing <input type="checkbox"/> Bangkok <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bangkok <input type="checkbox"/> Beirut <input type="checkbox"/> Berlin</p>	<p>SAMPLE TEST</p> <p>For this test, package <code>automultiplechoice</code> is used with the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>nopage</code>, so that no page markers are printed: nothing is planned for future automated marking from papers scans. • <code>indivanswers</code>, so that correct answers are indicated (this is the correct answer sheet. Without this option, you get the question sheet). <p>Commands from <code>automultiplechoice</code> are used to print, for each student, two geography questions and two history questions, at random. Questions and answers are shuffled.</p> <p>Question 1 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1971?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Soviet Union launches Salyut 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Apollo 14 lands on the Moon <input type="checkbox"/> Death of Louis Armstrong <input type="checkbox"/> The first commercial Concorde flight takes off</p> <p>Question 2 What is the capital of Egypt?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ankara <input type="checkbox"/> Casablanca <input type="checkbox"/> Cairo <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dakar <input type="checkbox"/> Khartoum <input type="checkbox"/> Casablanca</p> <p>Question 3 ▲ Which of the following events are taking place during the year 1850?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> American Express is founded by Henry Wells & William Fargo <input type="checkbox"/> Napoleon Bonaparte crosses the Alps and invades Italy <input type="checkbox"/> First horse-drawn omnibuses established in London <input type="checkbox"/> Kwang-su becomes emperor of China</p> <p>Question 4 What is the capital of Ireland?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Djibouti <input type="checkbox"/> Dhaka <input type="checkbox"/> Doha <input type="checkbox"/> Dublin <input type="checkbox"/> Dili <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dublin</p>
1	1

3 Usage

3.1 Package options

The following options are available for package `automultiplechoice`:

`noshuffle` cancels answers shuffling for all questions.

`noshufflegroups` cancels groups shuffling.

`answers` produces a common corrected answers sheet.

`indivanswers` shows the boxes that corresponds to correct choices on the question sheet.

`box` includes every question in a L^AT_EX box, so that they can't be cutted on two different pages.

`asbox` does the same for questions in the separate answer sheet.

`separateanswersheet` asks for a separate answer sheet (see section 2.2 for an example). Commands `\AMCformBegin` and `\AMCform` must be used to describe the separate answer sheet (see section 3.6).

`digits` puts digits instead of letters in the boxes, when `separateanswersheet` (or `insidebox`) is used.

`outsidebox` prints boxes labels outside the boxes on the answersheet when `separateanswersheet` is set.

`init` initializes the random generator from time. *This option is only for testing: don't use it for a real exam!*

`completmulti` adds an answer "None of these answers are correct." at the end of each multiple question (question with no, one or several correct answers), so as to make the difference between "I don't know" and "I think none of the answers are correct".

`insidebox` puts a letter (or a digit if `digits` option is used) inside the boxes, even if `separateanswersheet` is not used. The `insidebox` option is implicitly called when using `separateanswersheet`: no need to call it then.

`calibration` asks for logging positions of boxes and markers in the `.xy` file. Without this option, a L^AT_EX run updates the document but not the `.xy` file.

`nowatermark` cancels the "DRAFT" indications above pages.

`catalog` is used for formatting a catalog of questions, not an exam. Then the question identifiers will be printed.

`keys` defines the way the question identifiers will be printed on the catalog file. With `keys=next` (the default), the question identifiers will be printed next to the questions numbers. With `keys=line`, the question identifiers will be printed on one line before the question text, so that the question will look close to the final result on the exam copies.

`francais` asks for french localisation.

`lang=XX` asks for localisation in XX language. At present, only CA (Catalan), DE (German), ES (Spanish), FR (French), IT (Italian), JA (Japanese), NO (Norwegian) and NL (Dutch) are available.

`plain` cancels `environ` and `etex` automatic loading. The default behaviour is to load `environ` and `etex` packages if available, as they improve `automultiplechoice`. This is not done when `plain` option is set.

`nopage` cancels markers print and page layout definition (see sample in section 2.3).

`automarks`, when used with `separateanswersheet`, cancels markers print on the subject page (they are only shown on the answer sheet pages).

`postcorrect` tells that correct answers won't be given in the LaTeX source. The teacher will fill one answer sheet for AMC to analyse the scan and set correct answers from it.

`fullgroups` cancels the use of the optional parameter of `\insertgroup` and `\copygroup`, so that each group is always fully inserted and fully copied.

`storebox` asks to use `\storebox` instead of `\savebox` to handle ovals (when using oval shape). The package `storebox` will be loaded.

`pdfform` use this option to produce PDF forms. The PDF sheet won't be printed, but filled by each student with a PDF reader. The completed PDF will then be sent to the teacher, and given to AMC for data capture.

See also section 3.8 for a french version of some of these options.

3.2 Questions and answers

We make a difference between two kind of multiple choice questions:

- **Simple questions:** there is one and only one correct choices among the proposed choices, *and this is announced to the student*. Thus, the student is asked to check one answer if he thinks this is the good one, and to check none if he has no idea.
- **Multiple questions:** there can be zero, one or several correct choices among the proposed choices. This is also announced to the student (using the `\multiSymbole` sign, with default ♣), so that the student is asked to check all the boxes corresponding to correct choices, and to let unchecked all boxes corresponding to wrong choices.

`question`
`questionmult` Simple questions are enclosed in a `{question}{⟨id⟩}` environment, and multiple questions are enclosed in a `{questionmult}{⟨id⟩}` environment. These environments contain the question text, and the proposed choices inside a `choices`-like environment (see next). The `⟨id⟩` argument is a question identifier. Each question must have a unique identifier, different from the other questions identifiers.

Questions environments

Question 1 What is the elevation of Mount Everest?

- 8,253 m
- 8,810 m
- 8,848 m

Question 2 ♣ Which countries are in the Americas?

- Cambodia
- Guatemala
- Canada
- Switzerland

```
\begin{question}{everest}
What is the elevation of
Mount Everest?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{8,848\,m}
\wrongchoice{8,253\,m}
\wrongchoice{8,810\,m}
\end{choices}
\end{question}
```

```
\begin{questionmult}{americas}
Which countries are in the Americas?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{Guatemala}
\correctchoice{Canada}
\wrongchoice{Switzerland}
\wrongchoice{Cambodia}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
```

\AMCcompleteMulti
\MCnoCompleteMulti

For multiple questions, it is sometimes useful to make the difference between a student who thinks that none of the choices are correct, and a student who did not answer the question. The use of package option `completmulti` can be used in this case: it adds a choice to all multiple questions. Commands `\AMCcompleteMulti` and `\AMCnoCompleteMulti` can also be used to change this behaviour for a single question.

Additional answer “*none*” for a single question

Question 3 ♣ Which countries are in the Americas?

- Guatemala
- Cambodia
- Canada
- Switzerland
- None of these answers are correct.*

```
\begin{questionmult}{americas}
\AMCcompleteMulti
Which countries are in the Americas?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{Guatemala}
\correctchoice{Canada}
\wrongchoice{Switzerland}
\wrongchoice{Cambodia}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
```

choices
choiceshoriz
choicescustom

Depending on the formatting style for answers, one can choose one of the following ones:

- Environment `choices` is usually chosen for long answers:

The `choices` environment

Question 4 ♣ What are the possible uses of latex?

- Latex is used as a fuel for some space launch vehicles.
- Latex from the chicle and jelutong trees is used in chewing gum.
- Natural rubber is the most important product obtained from latex.

```
\begin{questionmult}{latex}
What are the possible uses of latex?
\begin{choices}
\correctchoice{Natural rubber is
the most important product
obtained from latex.}
\correctchoice{Latex from the chicle
and jelutong trees is used in
chewing gum.}
\wrongchoice{Latex is used as a fuel
for some space launch vehicles.}
\end{choices}
\end{questionmult}
```

- environment `choiceshoriz` is chosen for short answers:

The `choiceshoriz` environment

Question 5 How many legs for an insect?

- 2
- 6
- 8

```
\begin{question}{insect}
How many legs for an insect?
\begin{choiceshoriz}
\correctchoice{6}
\wrongchoice{2}
\wrongchoice{8}
\end{choiceshoriz}
\end{question}
```

- environment `choicescustom` is provided to customize answers formatting. See 3.9.3 for details.

`\correctchoice`
`\wrongchoice`

As you have seen in these examples, the `choices`-like environments contain `\correctchoice{<text>}` and `\wrongchoice{<text>}` commands, with the text of the proposed choice as argument.

3.3 Scoring

`\scoring`
`\scoringDefaultM`
`\scoringDefaults`
`\QuestionIndicative`

Scoring strategies can be given in the L^AT_EX source. They don't have any impact on the question sheet: they are only transmitted to the analysis software through the `.amc` file. See AMC documentation to write proper commands for your needs. `\scoring{<score>}` can be used inside a `question` or `questionmult` environment to describe the scoring strategy for the question, or after a `\correctchoice` or `\wrongchoice` command to describe score associated to a particular choice. `\scoringDefaultM{<score>}` and `\scoringDefaults{<score>}` define default scoring strategies for multiple and simple questions. `\QuestionIndicative` tags a question that is not taken into account to compute the mark – for example, it can be used for a question about the way students have enjoyed the course.

3.4 Groups of questions

Several commands are available that allows shuffling questions for each question sheet. They handle groups of questions. These groups will usually contain questions, but can be made of any L^AT_EX content.

```
\element{groupname}{content}
\shufflegroup{groupname}
\insertgroup{groupname}
\insertgroupfrom{groupname}{n}{i}
```

The command `\element{groupname}{content}` adds element with content `<content>` to the group named `<groupname>`. The command `\shufflegroup{groupname}` shuffles elements of group named `<groupname>`. The command `\insertgroup[<n>]{groupname}` inserts elements of group `<groupname>` one after one. If optional parameter `<n>` is given, only the first `<n>` elements of the group are inserted in the document. If not, or if `<n>` is negative, all the elements are inserted. The command `\insertgroupfrom[<n>]{groupname}{i}` does the same, starting from element at index `<i>` (the first element has index 0).

As an example without questions in groups elements, let us create a small group named `serie`, containing five elements, and play with it:

Managing groups

Numbers: one two three four five.
Three numbers from the second
(index=1) one: two three four.
Two of them after shuffling: two four.

```
\element{serie}{ one}
\element{serie}{ two}
\element{serie}{ three}
\element{serie}{ four}
\element{serie}{ five}
Numbers:\insertgroup{serie}.
```

```
Three numbers from the second (index=1)
one:\insertgroupfrom[3]{serie}{1}.
```

```
\shufflegroup{serie}
Two of them after
shuffling:\insertgroup[2]{serie}.
```

```
\cleargroup{groupname}
\copygroup{groupname}{from}{to}
\copygroupfrom{groupname}{from}{to}{i}
```

The command `\cleargroup{groupname}` clears all the elements of group `<groupname>`, making an empty group. The command `\copygroup[<n>]{from}{to}` copies the elements of group `<from>` to group `<to>` – if optional parameter `<n>` is given, only the `<n>` first elements are copied. If not, or if `<n>` is negative, all the elements are copied. The command `\copygroupfrom[<n>]{from}{to}{i}` does the same, starting from element at index `<i>` (the first element has index 0).

As an example again without questions:

Copying elements from a group to another

Three digits from 2 to 4 and two letters: A 2 3 F 4.

Three digits and two letters: 2 8 4 E D.

Three digits and two letters: 4 E 2 5 A.

```
\element{digits}{ 1}\element{digits}{ 2}\element{digits}{ 3}
\element{digits}{ 4}\element{digits}{ 5}\element{digits}{ 6}
\element{digits}{ 7}\element{digits}{ 8}\element{digits}{ 9}
\element{letters}{ A}\element{letters}{ B}\element{letters}{ C}
\element{letters}{ D}\element{letters}{ E}\element{letters}{ F}

\shufflegroup{letters}
\cleargroup{mixed}
\copygroupfrom[3]{digits}{mixed}{1}\copygroup[2]{letters}{mixed}
\shufflegroup{mixed}
Three digits from 2 to 4 and two letters:\insertgroup{mixed}.

\shufflegroup{digits}\shufflegroup{letters}
\cleargroup{mixed}
\copygroup[3]{digits}{mixed}\copygroup[2]{letters}{mixed}
\shufflegroup{mixed}
Three digits and two letters:\insertgroup{mixed}.

\shufflegroup{digits}\shufflegroup{letters}
\cleargroup{mixed}
\copygroup[3]{digits}{mixed}\copygroup[2]{letters}{mixed}
\shufflegroup{mixed}
Three digits and two letters:\insertgroup{mixed}.
```

You can find an example involving questions in section 2.

3.5 Students identification

There are two ways to associate students to their sheets.

- Always add to one page of each copy some place for the student to write down his name. If you want AMC software to be able to cut the scan around this area to present it to you and ask you to read the written name (this is called manual association), you must use the `\namefield{\langle descr\rangle}` command. The `\langle descr\rangle` argument contains the L^AT_EX code used to format the name field on the page. For example:

The name field

Name and surname:

.....

```
\namefield{\fbox{
\begin{minipage}{15em}
Name and surname:\vspace*{3ex}\par
\noindent\dotfill\vspace{2mm}
\end{minipage}
}}
```

You can see that the `\namefield` command has no effect on the produced document. In fact, its only purpose is to log in the `.xy` file information about the position of the name field on the page, to be used by the software analysing the scans.

- For automated student identification, if for example students have a 6-digits student number, you can ask them to code it somewhere on the question sheet. This can be done using the `\AMCcodeGridInt[<opts>]{<key>}{<ndigits>}` command, where `<key>` is the key identifier, that can be used to retrieve coded student numbers from the scans, and `<ndigits>` is the number of digits for numbers to be coded.

Student ID	
<input type="text"/> 0	<code>\AMCcodeGridInt{student}{6}</code>
<input type="text"/> 1	
<input type="text"/> 2	
<input type="text"/> 3	
<input type="text"/> 4	
<input type="text"/> 5	
<input type="text"/> 6	
<input type="text"/> 7	
<input type="text"/> 8	
<input type="text"/> 9	

For smaller number of digits, the “horizontal” form can be preferred:

Student ID, horizontal form	
<input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 1 <input type="text"/> 2 <input type="text"/> 3 <input type="text"/> 4 <input type="text"/> 5 <input type="text"/> 6 <input type="text"/> 7 <input type="text"/> 8 <input type="text"/> 9	
<input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 1 <input type="text"/> 2 <input type="text"/> 3 <input type="text"/> 4 <input type="text"/> 5 <input type="text"/> 6 <input type="text"/> 7 <input type="text"/> 8 <input type="text"/> 9	
<input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 1 <input type="text"/> 2 <input type="text"/> 3 <input type="text"/> 4 <input type="text"/> 5 <input type="text"/> 6 <input type="text"/> 7 <input type="text"/> 8 <input type="text"/> 9	

`\AMCcodeGridInt[h]{student}{3}`

3.6 Separate answer sheet

To produce separate answer sheets as seen in section 2.2,

1. use the `separateanswersheet` package option.
2. use the `\AMCformBegin` command at the beginning of the answer sheet description. This command usually follows a command to get a new page. This command can be the classical `\clearpage` for single-sided question sheets, or the `\AMCcleardoublepage` command, that

go to the next odd numbered page, so that the answer sheet is on a separate sheet even when printing in duplex mode.

3. use the `\AMCform` command to insert all boxes for all questions.

See section 2.2 for an example.

3.7 Random computation questions

One can use the L^AT_EX package `fp` to make random computation questions, as can be seen in the following example (don't forget to load package `fp`):

Random computation questions

Question 6 How much are 2 plus 8?

9 10 16 -6

```
\begin{question}{simplesum}
\FPeval\VQa{\trunc(1+random*8,0)}
\FPeval\VQb{\trunc(4+random*5,0)}
\FPeval\VQsum{\clip(\VQa+\VQb)}
\FPeval\VQnoA{\clip(\VQa+\VQb-1)}
\FPeval\VQnoB{\clip(\VQa*\VQb)}
\FPeval\VQnoC{\clip(\VQa-\VQb)}
How much are \VQa{} plus \VQb{?}
\begin{choiceshoriz}
\correctchoice{\VQsum}
\wrongchoice{\VQnoA}
\wrongchoice{\VQnoB}
\wrongchoice{\VQnoC}
\end{choiceshoriz}
\end{question}
```

In this example, `\VQa` and `\VQb` are used to store two random integers (the first between 1 and 8, and the second between 4 and 8). Then `\VQsum` stores the sum of these two integers, and `\VQnoA`, `\VQnoB` and `\VQnoC` are other values that will be used as distractors in the multiple choice question.

`\AMCIntervals`

In some cases, command `\AMCIntervals{\langle x \rangle}{\langle x0 \rangle}{\langle x1 \rangle}{\langle delta \rangle}` from `automultiplechoice` can be useful. It adds a sequence of choices made of intervals $[x_i, x_i + \delta[$ of length $\langle delta \rangle$ covering the interval $[\langle x0 \rangle, \langle x1 \rangle[$, using `\correctchoice` when $\langle x \rangle$ lies in the interval, and `\wrongchoice` otherwise.

Pick the right interval

Question 7 Let X and Y be two independent random variables, following exponential laws with respective parameters 5 and 8. In which interval lies the probability $P[X < Y]$?

- [0, 0.1[[0.2, 0.3[[0.4, 0.5[[0.6, 0.7[[0.8, 0.9[
 [0.1, 0.2[[0.3, 0.4[[0.5, 0.6[[0.7, 0.8[[0.9, 1[

```

\begin{question}{inf-expo-indep}
  \FPeval{\VQa}{trunc(2 + random * 4,0)}
  \FPeval{\VQb}{trunc(6 + random * 5,0)}
  \FPeval{\Vqr}{\VQa/(VQa+VQb)}

  Let $X$ and $Y$ be two independent random variables, following exponential laws with respective parameters $\VQa{}$ and $\VQb{}$. In which interval lies the probability $\text{P}[X < Y]$?

  \begin{multicols}{5}
    \begin{choices}[o]
      \AMCIntervals{\Vqr}{0}{1}{0.1}
    \end{choices}
  \end{multicols}
\end{question}

```

One can also use the `\AMCnumericChoices` command to ask the student to enter a numerical value as his answer, as in the following example:

Numeric choices

Question 8

Compute $\sqrt{11}$ and round it with two digits after period.

	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
.										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> +	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
<input type="checkbox"/> -	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9

```
\begin{questionmultx}{sqrt}
  \FPeval{\VQa}{\trunc(5+random*15,0)}
  \FPeval{\VQs}{\VQa^0.5}
```

Compute \sqrt{VQa} and round it with two digits after period.

```
\AMCnumericChoices{\VQs}{digits=3,decimals=2,sign=true,
    borderwidth=Opt,backgroundcol=lightgray,approx=5}
\end{questionmultx}
```

Note the use of `questionmultx` environment: we need this question to be *multiple* as several boxes has to be ticked, but we can't say that *several answers are correct*, so we don't show the ♣.

Available options that can be used in the second argument of the `\AMCnumericChoices` command are the following ($\langle bool \rangle$ can be `true` or `false`, and $\langle color \rangle$ must be a color known by the `xcolor` package):

`digits=<num>` gives the number of digits to request (defaults to 3).

`decimals=<num>` gives the number of digits after period to request (defaults to 0). Note that when `decimals` is positive, the LaTeX package `fp` must be loaded.

`base=<num>` gives the base for digits and decimals (defaults to 10).

`significant=<bool>` if `true`, the numbers to code are the first *significant* digits from the first argument of `\AMCnumericChoices`. For example, the right answer to `\AMCnumericChoices {56945.23}{digits=2,significant=true}` is 57.

`exponent=<num>` gives the number of digits for the exponent, when requesting to enter the result in scientific notation.

`nozero=<bool>` if `true`, the choice 0 is removed for all digits. May be useful when `\AMCnumericChoices` is used to get a small (< 10) positive value.

`sign=<bool>` requests (or not) a signed value (default to `true`).

`exposign=<bool>` requests (or not) a signed value of the exponent (default to `true`).

`strict=<bool>` if `true`, a box has to be ticked for every digit and for the sign. If `false`, if some digits has no ticked box, they will be set to zero. Defaults to `false`.

`vertical=<bool>` if `true`, each digit is represented on one raw. If `false` (default), each digit is represented on one line.

`expovertical=<bool>` if `true`, the mantissa is above the exponent. If `false` (default), the mantissa is beside the exponent.

`reverse=<bool>` if `true`, place higher values of the digits on the top in vertical mode (defaults to `true`).

`vhead=<bool>` if `true`, in vertical mode, a header is placed over all digits rows, made using the command `\AMCtextVHead` that is originally defined as `\def\AMCtextVHead#1{\emph{b#1}}`. This default value is useful to number the binary digits. Default value is `false`.

`hspace=<space>` sets the horizontal space between boxes (defaults to `.5em`).

`vspace=<space>` sets the certycal space between boxes (defaults to `1ex`).

`borderwidth=<space>` sets the width of the frame around all the boxes (defaults to `1mm`).

`bordercol=<color>` sets the color of the frame (defaults to `lightgray`).

`backgroundcol=<color>` sets the background color (defaults to `white`).

`Tsign=<text>` sets the text to print at the top of the boxes to set the sign (Can also be redefined by `\def\AMCtextSign{\text{}}`, and defaults to be empty).

`Tpoint=<text>` sets the text for the period. Can also be redefined by `\def\AMCdecimalPoint{<text>}`, and defaults to `\raisebox{1ex}{\bf .}`.

`Exponent=<text>` sets the text before the exponent. Can also be redefined by `\def\AMCexponent{<text>}`, and defaults to `\textasciicircum`.

`scoring=<bool>` if `true`, a scoring strategy is given to AMC for this question. Defaults to `true`.

`scoreexact=<num>` gives the score for an exact answer (defaults to 2).

`exact=<num>` sets the maximal distance to the correct integer value (value without the decimal point) for an answer to be said *exact* and be rewarded to `scoreexact` points (defaults to 0).

`scoreapprox=<num>` gives the score for an approximative answer (defaults to 1).

`approx=<num>` sets the maximal distance to the correct integer value (value without the decimal point) for an answer to be said *approximative* and be rewarded to `scoreapprox` points (defaults to 0).

`scorewrong=<num>` gives the score for a wrong answer (defaults to 0).

`ignoreblank` can be used (only with number base 10) to ignore digits for which no box has been ticked. This way, ticking 5 for the first digit, no box for the second and 3 for the third digit will code the number 53, while this would have coded 503 without the `ignoreblank` option (because the default value for the second digit is 0).

`keepas=<name>` keeps the value entered by the student in variable `{<name>}`, for future use with `alsocorrect` in another question.

`alsocorrect=<expression>` gives another acceptable answer, that can be based on the values entered by the student in the previous questions.

The text added at the end of the questions using `\AMCnumericChoices` when not in the separate answer sheet (and when a separate answer sheet is requested by the `separateanswersheet` package option) can also be set redefining the `\AMCnTextGoto` command, as:

```
\def\AMCnTextGoto{\par{\bf\emph{Please code the answer on  
the separate answer sheet.}}}
```

3.8 French command names

For backward compatibility, some of `automultiplechoice` commands, environments and package option have their French counterpart. You can always use either the English command or the French equivalent. See table 1 for details.

3.9 Customisation

3.9.1 Boxes

`\AMCboxStyle` The command `\AMCboxStyle{<style>}` can be used to specify the shape, color and dimensions of the boxes to be ticked. The argument `<style>` is a coma-separated list of `<key>=<value>` pairs, with the following possible `<key>`s:

type	English	French
command environment	\namefield choices	\champnom reponses
environment	choiceshoriz	reponseshoriz
environment	choicescustom	reponsesperso
command	\correctchoice	\bonne
command	\wrongchoice	\mauvaise
command	\lastchoices	\alafin
command	\AMCIntervals	\choixIntervalles
command	\scoring	\bareme
command	\scoringDefaultM	\baremeDefautM
command	\scoringDefaultS	\baremeDefautS
command environment	\onecopy examcopy	\exemplaire copieexamen
command	\shufflegroup	\melange groupe
command	\insertgroup	\restituegroupe
command	\AMCform	\formulaire
command	\AMCformBegin	\AMCdebutFormulaire
option	noshuffle	ordre
option	answers	correc
option	indivanswers	correcindiv
option	box	bloc
option	separateanswersheet	ensemble
option	digits	chiffres

Table 1: French equivalent commands

`shape` for the shape to be used: either `square` or `oval`. Note that if `oval` is used, the L^AT_EX package `tikz` must be loaded.

`width` for the width of the boxes.

`height` for the height of the boxes.

`size` for the size of the boxes (sets `width` and `height`).

`down` for the length the boxes are to be moved down.

`rule` for the rule width.

`outsidesep` for the distance between the box and the letter when printed outside the box.

`color` for the color (only the box that are to be filled by the students and will be used for data capture). Use something that will be understood by the `xcolor` package.

Default values are

```
\AMCboxStyle{shape=square,size=2.5ex,down=.4ex,  
rule=.5pt,outsidesep=.1em,color=black}
```

Setting the box color allows to print the boxes with some color that won't disturb too much the data capture (for example red, but some light grey can also be considered).

Boxes styling

Question 9 $2 + 2 =$

(A) 1 (B) 4 (C) 10

```
\AMCboxStyle{shape=oval,color=red}
\begin{question}{sum} $2+2=\{\}$
\begin{choiceshoriz}[o]
\wrongchoice{1}\correctchoice{4}
\wrongchoice{10}
\end{choiceshoriz}
\end{question}
```

3.9.2 Codes

One may adapt the codes rendering from `\AMCcodeGrid` to one's needs modifying the following lengths:

- `\AMCcodeHspace` is the amount of horizontal space between two columns of digits,
- `\AMCcodeVspace` is the amount of vertical space between two rows of digits,

Default values are `\AMCcodeHspace=.5em \AMCcodeVspace=.5em`

3.9.3 Answers

Environment `choicescustom` will make use of the three commands `\AMCbeginAnswer` (before the first answer), `\AMCendAnswer` (after the last answer) and `\AMCanswer{\langle box\rangle}{\langle text\rangle}` (for each answer) to format the answers. Redefining them properly, some different answers formatting can be achieved. However, this does not seem to work with non-trivial settings...

The `choicescustom` environment

Question 10 $2+2=$ 4 3 2)

```
\begin{question}{add}
\def\AMCbeginAnswer{$\Big($
\def\AMCendAnswer{$\Big)$}
\def\AMCanswer#1#2{\#1 \#2\hfill}
2+2=
\begin{choicescustom}
\correctchoice{4}
\wrongchoice{2}
\wrongchoice{3}
\end{choicescustom}
\end{question}
```

4 Implementation

This package uses the following other packages:

- 1 `\RequirePackage{xcolor}` % `\fcolorbox` to fill (or not) a box
- 2 `\RequirePackage{fancyhdr}` % `\pagestyle{empty}`

```

3 \RequirePackage{bophook} \% \AtBeginPage
4 \RequirePackage{xkeyval} \% \setkeys
5 \RequirePackage{rotating} \% \rotatebox
6 \RequirePackage{fancybox} \% \boxput
7 \RequirePackage{expl3}
8 \RequirePackage{csvsimple}
9 \RequirePackage{environ}
10 \% \end{macrocode}
11 %
12 % First, we read the options that can be given by AMC through the
13 % |jobname-config.tex| file:
14 \% \begin{macrocode}
15 \InputIfFileExists{\jobname-config.tex}%
16 {\message{Loading configuration file...^J}}{}%

```

\AMC@amclog Informations about questions and choices will be logged to a file with extension `amc`, to be parsed later. Macro `\AMC@amclog` writes to this file.

```

17 \newwrite\AMC@logfile
18 \immediate\openout\AMC@logfile=\jobname.amc
19 \def\AMC@amclog#1{\immediate\write\AMC@logfile{#1}}
20 \def\AMCmessage#1{\AMC@amclog{\string\message{#1}}}

```

\AMC@CLR Colours management can be faulty in right-to-left mode: in these situations, we will make use of `\LR` from package `bidi` to get back to left-to-right mode. `\AMC@CLR` is `\LR` if `bidi` is loaded.

```

21 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpackageloaded{bidi}{%
22   \PackageInfo{automultiplechoice}{Package bidi loaded: using LR for boxes.}%
23   \let\AMC@CLR=\LR}%
24 {\let\AMC@CLR=\relax}}%

```

4.1 Variables

Counters and boolean variables defined here are internal and should not be modified by the user.

The package defines the following counters:

`\AMCload@counter` number of choices already loaded for current question.

`\AMCid@quest` current question ID number (see section 4.7).

`\AMCid@etud` current student sheet number.

`\AMCid@etudstart` starting student sheet number of the current `onecopy` bloc.

`\AMCid@check` current page checking number.

`\AMCid@etudfin` last student sheet number for the exam.

`\AMCnum@copies` number of exam sheets to produce.

It also defines the following switches:

`\ifAMC@ordre` if choices are never to be shuffled.

`\ifAMC@shuffleG` if groups shuffling is allowed.

`\ifAMC@fullGroups` if groups are always fully inserted by `\insertgroup` and fully copied by `\copygroup`, irrespective to the optional parameter.

\ifAMC@correchead if some correction header is to be printed at the beginning.
\ifAMC@affichekeys if questions keys are to be printed.
\ifAMC@keysline if questions keys should be printed on a single line before the question text.
\ifAMC@correc if correct choices are to be checked on the produced document.
\ifAMC@qbloc if questions are to be included in L^AT_EX boxes (so that they can't be splitted on two different pages).
\ifAMC@asqbloc if questions are to be included in L^AT_EX boxes in the answer sheet (so that they can't be splitted on two different pages).
\ifAMC@rbloc if answers are to be included in L^AT_EX boxes (so that they can't be splitted on two different columns for example).
\ifAMC@textPos if questions and answers positions are to be logged.
\ifAMC@extractOnly if the PDF is only built to extract questions and answers images.
\ifAMCcomplete@multi if a choice "None of these answers are correct." is to be added to every multiple question.
\ifAMCquestionNumber if AMC should step up the question number for each new question.
\ifAMC@calibration if this L^AT_EX run is used to get page layouts.
\ifAMC@plain if automultiplechoice won't try to load useful packages (`etex`, `environ`) that extend automultiplechoice capabilities.
\ifAMCune@bonne if there is at least one correct answer for the current question.
\ifAMCtype@multi if the current question is a multiple question.
\ifAMC@watermark if the document is a draft, not to be used for exam.
\ifAMC@ensemble if answers are to be given on a separate answers sheet.
\ifAMC@inside@box if a letter or digit is to be printed inside all boxes.
\ifAMC@inside@digit if digits are to be written inside boxes instead of letters (when using a separate answer sheet for example).
\ifAMC@outside@box if labels for boxes are to be printed outside the box on the answer sheet.
\ifAMCformulaire@dedans is true for questions inside separate answer sheet.
\ifAMC@zoneformulaire is true for codes (made by `\AMCcodeGrid`) inside separate answer sheet.
\ifAMC@pagelayout is true if the AMC page layout, with signs for scan analysis, is to be used.
\ifAMC@postcorrect corresponds to the use of the `postcorrect` package option.
\ifAMC@automarks corresponds to the use of the `automarks` package option.

\ifAMC@invisible is true if the DVI/PDF output is not important (used for example for scoring strategy extraction).

\ifAMC@pdfform is true if the output is a PDF form. This PDF will not be printed but will be filled by the students with a PDF reader and sent back to the teacher.

```
25 \newcount\AMCload@counter
26 \newcount\AMCid@quest\AMCid@quest=-1
27 \newcount\AMCid@check
28 \newcount\AMCid@etud\AMCid@etud=0
29 \newcount\AMCid@etudstart\AMCid@etudstart=0
30 \newcount\AMCid@etudfin
31 \newcount\AMCnum@copies

32 \newif\ifAMC@ordre\AMC@ordrefalse
33 \newif\ifAMC@shuffleG\AMC@shuffleGtrue
34 \newif\ifAMC@fullGroups\AMC@fullGroupsfalse
35 \newif\ifAMC@correchead\AMC@correcheadfalse
36 \newif\ifAMC@affichekeys\AMC@affichekeysfalse
37 \newif\ifAMC@keysline\AMC@keyslinefalse
38 \newif\ifAMC@correc\AMC@correcfalse
39 \newif\ifAMC@textPos\AMC@textPosfalse
40 \newif\ifAMC@extractOnly\AMC@extractOnlyfalse
41 \newif\ifAMC@qbloc\AMC@qblocfalse
42 \newif\ifAMC@asqbloc\AMC@asqblocfalse
43 \newif\ifAMC@rbloc\AMC@rblocfalse
44 \newif\ifAMCcomplete@multi\AMCcomplete@multifalse
45 \newif\ifAMCquestionNumber\AMCquestionNumbertrue
46 \newif\ifAMC@calibration\AMC@calibrationfalse
47 \newif\ifAMC@catalog\AMC@catalogfalse
48 \newif\ifAMC@plain\AMC@plainfalse
49 \newif\ifAMCune@bonne
50 \newif\ifAMCtype@multi
51 \newif\ifAMC@watermark\AMC@watermarktrue
52 \newif\ifAMC@inside@box\AMC@inside@boxfalse
53 \newif\ifAMC@outside@box\AMC@outside@boxfalse
54 \newif\ifAMC@ensemble\AMC@ensemblefalse
55 \newif\ifAMC@inside@digit\AMC@inside@digitfalse
56 \newif\ifAMCformulaire@dedans\AMCformulaire@dedansfalse
57 \newif\ifAMC@zoneformulaire
58 \newif\ifAMC@pagelayout\AMC@pagelayouttrue
59 \newif\ifAMC@postcorrect\AMC@postcorrectfalse
60 \newif\ifAMC@automarks\AMC@automarksfalse
61 \newif\ifAMC@invisible\AMC@invisibl>false
62 \newif\ifAMC@pdfform\AMC@pdfformfalse
63 \let\AMCcompleteMulti=\AMCcomplete@multittrue
64 \let\AMCnoCompleteMulti=\AMCcomplete@multifalse
```

\AMCid@name The package also defines command \AMCid@name to be the current question identifier key.

```
65 \def\AMCid@name{}
```

4.2 Dimensions

\AMCformVSpace The following dimensions can be modified by the user to adjust questions formatting:

\AMCformHSpace

\AMCinterIrep

\AMCinterBrep

`\AMCformVSpace` is the amount of vertical space between two questions in a separate answer sheet.

`\AMCformHSpace` is the amount of horizontal space between two answers boxes in a separate answer sheet.

`\AMCinterIrep` is the amount of vertical space to be added between two answers.

`\AMCinterBrep` is the amount of vertical space between two boxed answers (see `\AMCBoxedAnswers` and `\ifAMC@rbloc`).

`\AMCinterIquest` is the amount of vertical space left after a question, in standard mode (without package option `box`).

`\AMCinterBquest` is the amount of vertical space left after a question, in 'boxed' mode (with package option `box`).

`\AMCpost0quest` is the amount of vertical space left after an open question.

```
66 \newdimen\AMCformVSpace\AMCformVSpace=1.2ex
67 \newdimen\AMCformHSpace\AMCformHSpace=.3em
68 \newdimen\AMCinterIrep\AMCinterIrep=\z@
69 \newdimen\AMCinterBrep\AMCinterBrep=.5ex
70 \newdimen\AMCinterIquest\AMCinterIquest=\z@
71 \newdimen\AMCinterBquest\AMCinterBquest=3ex
72 \newdimen\AMCpost0quest\AMCpost0quest=7mm
```

4.3 Human readable sheet ID position

`\AMCidsPosition` The position of the human readable sheet ID, near the corresponding binary boxes, is set with the `\AMCidsPosition` command, in the form `\AMCidsPosition{pos=<position>,width=<width>,height=<height>}`, where `<position>` is one of `side` (default), `top` and `none`, `<width>` is the width of the box enclosing the ID (default value is `4cm`), and `<height>` is the height of the box enclosing the ID (default value is `3ex`).

```
73 \newif\ifAMCids@top
74 \newif\ifAMCids@side
75 \newdimen\AMCids@width
76 \newdimen\AMCids@height
77 \define@choicekey*{\AMCids}{pos}[\AMCidsVar\AMCidsVarN]{none,top,side}{%
78   \ifcase\AMCidsVarN\relax
79     \AMCids@topfalse\AMCids@sidesfalse
80   \or
81     \AMCids@toptrue\AMCids@sidesfalse
82   \or
83     \AMCids@topfalse\AMCids@sidestrue
84   \fi
85 }
86 \define@key{\AMCids}{width}{\AMCids@width=#1}
87 \define@key{\AMCids}{height}{\AMCids@height=#1}
88 \def\AMCidsPosition#1{\setkeys{\AMCids}{#1}}
89 \AMCidsPosition{pos=side,width=4cm,height=3ex}
```

4.4 Localisation

In this section, some localised strings or commands are defined, for English, French and Spanish languages.

\AMCtext To modify these texts, you can use command \AMCtext. For example, \AMCtext{draft}{<text>} sets the text to be printed behind each page of a draft exam.

```
90 \def\AMCtext#1#2{\expandafter\def\csname AMC@loc@#1\endcsname{#2}}
91 \def\AMClocalized#1{\csname AMC@loc@#1\endcsname}
```

4.4.1 English

Text indicating draft exams:

```
92 \def\AMC@loc@draft{DRAFT}
```

Message at page bottom when compiled out of AMC gui:

```
93 \def\AMC@loc@message{For your examination, preferably print
94   documents compiled from auto-multiple-choice.}
```

Announcing a question in a separate sheet (parameter #1 is the question number):

```
95 \def\AMC@loc@qf#1{\textbf{Question #1:}}
```

Announcing a question (parameter #1 is the question number and parameter #2 can be the multiple question symbol, or be empty):

```
96 \def\AMC@loc@q#1#2{\textbf{Question #1} #2}
```

Headers for corrected version and catalog:

```
97 \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Corrected}
98 \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Catalog}
```

Localization text for Explanation

```
99 \def\AMC@loc@explain{\textit{\textbf{Explanation: }}}
```

Last choice added at the end for multiple questions when option completemulti is used:

```
100 \def\AMC@loc@none{None of these answers are correct.}
```

Word for 'question', singular and plural forms:

```
101 \def\AMC@loc@question{question}
102 \def\AMC@loc@questions{questions}
```

Default text to write in the students' name box:

```
103 \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Name and surname:}
```

4.4.2 Catalan

Catalan localisation is called with option lang=CA.

```
104 \def\AMC@loc@CA{
105   \def\AMC@loc@draft{PROJECTE}
106   \def\AMC@loc@message{Pel vostre examen, imprimiu preferiblement
107     els documents compilats amb l'ajuda de auto-multiple-choice.}
108   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Pregunta ##1 :}}
109   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Pregunta ##1} ##2}
110   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Correcci\'o}
111   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Cat\'egories}
112   \def\AMC@loc@explain{\textit{\textbf{Explicaci\'o : }}}
113   \def\AMC@loc@none{Cap de les respostes \'es correcte.}
```

```

114 \def\AMC@loc@question{pregunta}
115 \def\AMC@loc@questions{preguntes}
116 \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Nom i cognoms:}
117 }

```

4.4.3 Dutch

Dutch localisation is called with option `lang=NL`.

```

118 \def\AMC@loc@NL{
119   \def\AMC@loc@draft{Ontwerp}
120   \def\AMC@loc@message{Gebruik bij uw proefwerk bij voorkeur die
121     documenten welke door auto-multiple-choice zijn aangemaakt.}
122   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Vraag ##1 :}}
123   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Vraag ##1} ##2}
124   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Correctie}
125   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Catalogus}
126   \def\AMC@loc@none{Geen van de antwoorden is juist.}
127   \def\AMC@loc@question{vraag}
128   \def\AMC@loc@questions{vragen}
129   \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Achternaam en voornaam:}
130 }

```

4.4.4 French

French localisation is called with option `francais`, or `lang=FR`.

```

131 \def\AMC@loc@FR{
132   \def\AMC@loc@draft{PROJET}
133   \def\AMC@loc@message{Pour votre examen, imprimez de pr\'ef\'erence
134     les documents compil\'es \'a l'aide de auto-multiple-choice.}
135   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Question ##1 :}}
136   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Question ##1} ##2}
137   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Correction}
138   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Catalogue}
139   \def\AMC@loc@explain{\textit{\textbf{Explication : }}}}
140   \def\AMC@loc@none{Aucune de ces r\'eponses n'est correcte.}
141   \def\AMC@loc@question{question}
142   \def\AMC@loc@questions{questions}
143   \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Nom et pr\'énom :}
144 }

```

4.4.5 German

German localisation is called with option `lang=DE`.

```

145 \def\AMC@loc@DE{
146   \def\AMC@loc@draft{ENTWURF}
147   \def\AMC@loc@message{Benutzen Sie f\"ur Ihre Pr\"ufung bevorzugt Dokumente die mit
148     auto-multiple-choice erstellt wurden.}
149   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Frage ##1 :}}
150   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Frage ##1} ##2}
151   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Korrektur}
152   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Katalog}
153   \def\AMC@loc@explain{\textit{\textbf{Erkl\"arung : }}}}
154   \def\AMC@loc@none{Keine dieser Antworten ist korrekt.}

```

```

155 \def\AMC@loc@question{Frage}
156 \def\AMC@loc@questions{Fragen}
157 \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Vor- und Nachname:}
158 }

```

4.4.6 Italian

Italian localisation is called with option `lang=IT`.

```

159 \def\AMC@loc@IT{
160   \def\AMC@loc@draft{BOZZA}
161   \def\AMC@loc@message{Per l'esame, \`e preferibile stampare i documenti
162     a partire da auto-multiple-choice.}
163   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Domanda ##1:}}
164   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Domanda ##1} ##2}
165   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Correzione}
166   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Catalogo}
167   \def\AMC@loc@none{Nessuna risposta \`e giusta.}
168   \def\AMC@loc@question{domanda}
169   \def\AMC@loc@questions{domande}
170   \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Nome e cognome:}
171 }

```

4.4.7 Norwegian

Norwegian localisation is called with option `lang=NO`.

```

172 \def\AMC@loc@NO{
173   \def\AMC@loc@draft{UTKAST}
174   \def\AMC@loc@message{Det anbefales {\aa} skrive ut dokumentet
175     for gjennomgang \ direkt fra auto-multiple-choice.}
176   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Oppgave ##1 :}}
177   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Oppgave ##1} ##2}
178   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Rettet}
179   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Katalog}
180   \def\AMC@loc@none{Ingen svar er riktige.}
181   \def\AMC@loc@question{oppgave}
182   \def\AMC@loc@questions{oppgave}
183   \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Etternavn og fornavn:}
184 }

```

4.4.8 Portuguese

Portuguese localisation is called with option `lang=PT`.

```

185 \def\AMC@loc@PT{
186   \def\AMC@loc@draft{RASCUNHO}
187   \def\AMC@loc@message{Para o seu exame, use preferencialmente documentos compilados do auto-multiple-choice.}
188   \def\AMC@loc@qf##1{\textbf{Quest\~ao ##1:}}
189   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Quest\~ao ##1} ##2}
190   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Corrigido}
191   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Cat\'alogo}
192   \def\AMC@loc@explain{\textit{\textbf{Justifique:}}}
193   \def\AMC@loc@none{Nenhuma das respostas apresentadas est\`a correta.}
194   \def\AMC@loc@question{Quest\~ao}
195   \def\AMC@loc@questions{Quest\~oes}

```

```
196 \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Nome e apelido:}
197 }
```

4.4.9 Spanish

Spanish localisation is called with option lang=ES.

```
198 \def\AMC@loc@ES{  
199   \def\AMC@loc@draft{BORRADOR}  
200   \def\AMC@loc@message{Para revisi\'on, preferentemente imprimir documentos compilados  
201     desde auto-multiple-choice.}  
202   \def\AMC@loc@q##1{\textbf{Pregunta ##1 :}}  
203   \def\AMC@loc@q##1##2{\textbf{Pregunta ##1} ##2}  
204   \def\AMC@loc@corrected{Correcci\'on}  
205   \def\AMC@loc@catalog{Cat\'alogo}  
206   \def\AMC@loc@none{Ninguna de estas preguntas son correctas.}  
207   \def\AMC@loc@question{pregunta}  
208   \def\AMC@loc@questions{preguntas}  
209   \def\AMC@loc@namesurname{Nombre y apellidos:}  
210 }
```

4.4.10 Japanese

Japanese localisation is called with option `lang=JA`. It includes UTF8 encoded Japanese characters which are shown as ◊ here (look at the `.sty` file to see them).

4.4.11 Other languages

Other languages can be integrated to automultiplechoice package upon request to the author.

4.5 Interaction with other packages

4.5.1 cleveref

For references to questions:

```
223 \AtBeginDocument{\@ifpackageloaded{cleveref}{%
224     \message{AMC/cleveref integration loaded^^J}%
225     \crefalias{AMCquestionaff}{question}%
226     \crefname{question}{\AMC@loc@question}{\AMC@loc@questions}%
227 }{}%}
```

4.6 Random

4.6.1 Random pseudo-generator

The package uses the pseudo-random bit generator from *TuGBoat* 1994, vol 15:1:

```

228 \ifx\AMC@SR\undefined\newcount\AMC@SR\fi
229 \providecommand\AMC@SRconst{2097152}
230 \providecommand\AMC@SRset[1]{\global\AMC@SR#1 \ignorespaces}
231 \providecommand\AMC@SRadvance{%
232   \begingroup%
233   \ifnum\AMC@SR<\AMC@SRconst\relax\AMC@SR@count\z@\else\AMC@SR@count\@ne\fi%
234   \ifodd\AMC@SR\advance\AMC@SR@count\@ne\fi%
235   \global\divide\AMC@SR\@tw@%
236   \ifodd\AMC@SR@count\global\advance\AMC@SR\AMC@SRconst\relax\fi%
237   \endgroup%
238 \providecommand\AMC@SRbit{\AMC@SRadvance\ifodd\AMC@SR1\else0\fi}
239 \providecommand\AMC@SRtest[2]{\AMC@SRadvance%
240   \ifodd\AMC@SR#2\else\#1\fi\ignorespaces}
241 \providecommand\AMC@SRvalue{\number\AMC@SR}

```

\AMCrandomseed The seed of this generator is set to 1515, but another value can be given using the command \AMCrandomseed{\langle seed \rangle}.

```

242 \AMC@SRset{1515}
243 \def\AMCrandomseed#1{\AMC@SRset{#1}}

```

4.6.2 Uniform random deviates

\AMC@SRnextByte This generator is used to build first a 20-bit uniform integer generator (macro \AMC@SRnextByte). Then, using modulo, a (nearly) uniform generator on $\{0, \dots, n - 1\}$ is built: command \AMC@SRmax{\langle n \rangle} puts in \AMC@SR@count the random deviate.

```

244 \newcount\AMC@SR@count
245 \def\AMC@SR@time{\AMC@SRset{\time}}
246 \newcount\AMC@SRnum
247 \def\AMC@SRnextByte{\AMC@SRnum=\z@%
248   \AMC@SR@count=20%
249   \loop\multiply\AMC@SRnum\@tw@%
250   \AMC@SRtest{\advance\AMC@SRnum\@ne}{}
251   \ifnum\AMC@SR@count>\@ne\advance\AMC@SR@count\m@ne\repeat%
252 }
253 \newcommand\AMC@SRmax[1]{\AMC@SRnextByte%
254   \AMC@SR@count=\AMC@SRnum%
255   \divide\AMC@SR@count by #1\relax%
256   \multiply\AMC@SR@count by #1\relax%
257   \advance\AMC@SRnum by -\AMC@SR@count%
258 }

```

4.6.3 Tokens shuffling

\AMCsw@p The package defines the macro \AMCsw@p to swap the values of two token registers given as parameters.

After defining n token registers \foo@i, \foo@ii, \foo@iii, \foo@iv and so on, you can shuffle them using \AMC@shuffletoks[\langle a \rangle]{\langle n \rangle}{\langle foo \rangle}. With optional argument \langle a \rangle, registers are shuffled from number \langle a \rangle to \langle n \rangle (default value for \langle a \rangle is 1).

```

259 \newcount\AMC@sti
260 \newcount\AMC@stil
261 \newtoks\AMCsw@p@
262 \newcommand\AMCsw@p[2]{%
263   \global\AMCsw@p@=\#1%
264   \global#1=\#2%
265   \global#2=\AMCsw@p@}
266 \newcommand{\AMC@shuffletoks}[3][\@ne]{%
267   \AMC@sti=\#2\relax%
268   \AMC@stil=\#2\relax%
269   \advance\AMC@stil\@ne%
270   \advance\AMC@stil -\#1\relax%
271   \@whilenum\AMC@sti>\#1\do{%
272     \AMC@SRmax{\AMC@sti}\advance\AMC@SRnum #1\relax%
273     \AMCsw@p{\csname #3\romannumerals\AMC@SRnum\endcsname}%
274     {\csname #3\romannumerals\AMC@sti\endcsname}%
275     \advance\AMC@sti\m@ne\relax%
276     \advance\AMC@stil\m@ne\relax%
277   }}}
```

4.7 Keys numbering

- \AMC@unnumero This package allocates a unique integer ID to each question key from the questionnaire.
 \AMC@affecte The counter \AMC@numerotation keeps track of the number of keys which already had an ID. Command \AMC@definitnumero{n}{key} allocates ID *n* to the key *key*. Command \AMC@prepare{key} looks if an ID had already been associated to *key*, and, if not, makes a new ID allocation for *key*. Command \AMC@unnumero{key} returns the ID associated with *key* (creating one if necessary). Command \AMC@affecte{key}{\cnt} give to counter \cnt the value of the ID associated to *key* (creating one if necessary).

```

278 \newcount\AMC@numerotation\AMC@numerotation=\z@%
279 \def\AMC@definitnumero#1#2{\AMCmessage{NUM=\#1=\#2}%
280   \expandafter\global\expandafter\def\csname AMC@numtab@\#2\endcsname{\#1}%
281 \def\AMC@prepare#1{\expandafter\ifx\csname AMC@numtab@\#1\endcsname\relax%
282   \global\advance\AMC@numerotation\@ne%
283   \expandafter\AMC@definitnumero\expandafter{\the\AMC@numerotation}\#1\fi}%
284 \def\AMC@unnumero#1{\AMC@prepare{\#1}\csname AMC@numtab@\#1\endcsname}%
285 \def\AMC@affecte#1#2{\AMC@prepare{\#1}\global#2=\csname AMC@numtab@\#1\endcsname}
```

4.8 Boxes

4.8.1 Character logging

- \AMC@logchar The command \AMC@logchar{\langle char\rangle}{\langle key\rangle} logs the character written in the box referenced as *key* in the .amc file. This is used in catalog mode, to get understandable references to answers from the statistics tables of the ODS export.

```

286 \def\AMC@logchar#1#2{%
287   \protected@write\AMC@logfile{}{%
288     \string\answer{%
289       {\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage:#2}%
290       {\#1}}}}%
291 }
```

4.8.2 Position logging

\AMC@tracebox Command \AMC@tracebox{\langle trace \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}{\langle content \rangle} makes a L^AT_EX box around \langle content \rangle, and, if \langle trace \rangle is not empty, logs to the .xy file informations to be able to compute exact location of this box on the page, attached to the box identification \langle key \rangle.

Command \AMC@pagepos logs page and page size informations at the beginning of each page.

```

292 \def\AMC@shapename@{\ifAMC@invisible none\else\AMC@shapename\fi}
293 \def\AMC@tracepos#1#2{%
294   \ifAMC@calibration\ifx\@empty#1\@empty\else%
295     \pdfsavepos\protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
296       \string\tracepos%
297       {\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage:#2}%
298       {\noexpand\number\pdflastxpos sp}%
299       {\noexpand\number\pdflastypos sp}%
300       {\AMC@shapename}}%
301   \fi\fi}
302 \def\AMC@traceposx#1#2{%
303   \ifAMC@calibration\ifx\@empty#1\@empty\else%
304     \pdfsavepos\protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
305       \string\tracepos%
306       {\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage:#2}%
307       {\noexpand\number\pdflastxpos sp}%
308       {0sp}%
309       {\AMC@shapename}}%
310   \fi\fi}
311 \def\AMC@traceposy#1#2{%
312   \ifAMC@calibration\ifx\@empty#1\@empty\else%
313     \pdfsavepos\protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
314       \string\tracepos%
315       {\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage:#2}%
316       {0sp}%
317       {\noexpand\number\pdflastypos sp}%
318       {\AMC@shapename}}%
319   \fi\fi}
320 \newcommand\AMC@tracebox[3]{%
321   \vbox{\AMC@traceposy{#1}{#2}%
322     \hbox{\AMC@traceposx{#1}{#2}\#3\AMC@traceposx{#1}{#2}}%
323     \AMC@traceposy{#1}{#2}}}
324 \def\AMC@pagepos{%
325   \ifAMC@calibration\protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
326     \string\page%
327     {\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage/\the\AMCid@check}%
328     {\the\paperwidth}{\the\paperheight}%
329     {\the\pdfpagewidth}{\the\pdfpageheight}}\fi}

```

\AMCdontScan The commands \AMCdontScan, \AMCdontAnnotate and \AMCReTick write into the xy file instructions related to the current question.

```

\AMCReTick 330 \newcommand{\AMCdontScan}{\ifAMC@calibration\immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\dontscan{\the\AMCid@etud,}%
331 \newcommand{\AMCdontAnnotate}{\ifAMC@calibration\immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\dontannotate{\the\AMCid@etud,}%
332 \newcommand{\AMCReTick}{\ifAMC@calibration\immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\retick{\the\AMCid@etud,\the\AMCid@check}}%
333 %

```

\AMC@tracechar The macro \AMC@tracechar{\langle char \rangle}{\langle unused \rangle}{\langle trace \rangle}{\langle key \rangle} is used to log (for further pro-

cessing with AMC), into to .xy file, the character used to identify the box.

```
334 \newcommand{\AMC@tracechar}[4]{%
335   \ifAMC@calibration\ifx\@empty#3\@empty\else%
336     \protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
337       \string\boxchar{\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage:#4}{#1}%
338     }%
339   \fi\fi%
340 }
```

amcxyfile The following lines defines an environment to tag positions outputs for a particular part of the document. This is used mainly for documentation or testing.

```
341 \newenvironment{amcxyfile}[1]{%
342   \protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{\string\xyopen{#1}}%
343 }{%
344   \protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{\string\xyclose{}}%
345 }
```

\AMCzone The \AMCzone[*flags*]{*zone name*}{*zone content*} is a simple call to \AMC@tracebox:
346 \newcommand{\AMCzone}[3][]{\AMC@tracebox{1}{__zone:#1:#2}{#3}}

\namefield The \namefield{*name field content*} is a simple call to \AMCzone:

```
347 \newcommand{\namefield}[2][id]{\AMCzone[#1]{_n}{#2}}
```

It is used to enclose the page region where students are to write their names, so as to retrieve it easily from the scans.

\namefielddots The command \namefielddots can be used to fill a line with dots (printed sheets) or use a text field in PDF forms:

```
348 \newcommand{\namefielddots}{%
349   \noindent%
350   \ifAMC@pdfform%
351     \hspace*{\fill}%
352     \TextField[name={\the\AMCid@etud:namefield},width=.95\linewidth,bordercolor=0 0 0]{}
353     \hspace*{\fill}%
354   \else%
355     \dotfill%
356   \fi%
357 }
```

As an example,

```
\namefield{\fbox{%
\begin{minipage}{5cm}
Name: \\
\vspace{.5cm}
\namefielddots
\vspace{2mm}
\end{minipage}}}
```

produces the following box:

Name:

.....

and outputs information about the position of the box in the .xy file, as seen in section 5.1.

4.8.3 Boxes to be checked by students

\AMC@answerBox@ There are two styles for boxes to be checked by the students. The first one is an empty box, printed beside the answer. The second is a box with a character in it. It is mainly used when answers are to be given on a separate answer sheet.

These boxes can be drawn using command \AMC@answerBox@{<char>}{{<answer>}}{<trace>}{<key>}: <char> is the character to print inside the box, <trace> is non-empty if you want to log the box position in the .xy file, <key> is the box identification, and <answer> is an answer to be written in the box (or \AMC@checkbox for filling the box).

Depending on the required shape for the boxes, the corresponding

```
\AMC@shape@xxx{<char>}{{<answer>}}{<trace>}{<key>}
```

command is used.

- \AMC@answerBox@{K}{}{1}{test} produce the box [K], writing the lines in the .xy file shown in section 5.2.
- \AMC@answerBox@{K}{}{\AMC@checkbox}{}{} produces █
- \AMC@answerBox@{}{8}{}{} produces [8]
- \AMC@answerBox@{K}{8}{1}{testb} produces X with \AMCboxStyle{shape=oval,color=red}

```
358 \def\AMC@checkbox{}
359 \let\AMC@new@savebox=\newsavebox
360 \let\AMC@save@box=\savebox
361 \let\AMC@use@box=\usebox
362 \newif\ifAMC@draw@cross
```

The \AMC@smashcentered{text} command shows the <text> centered at point.

```
363 \newbox\AMC@smashbox
364 \newdimen\AMC@smashboxheight
365 \newcommand{\AMC@smashcentered}[1]{%
366   \setbox\AMC@smashbox\hbox{\#1}%
367   \AMC@smashboxheight=\ht\AMC@smashbox%
368   \advance\AMC@smashboxheight by \dp\AMC@smashbox%
369   \vfuzz=\AMC@smashboxheight\hfuzz=\wd\AMC@smashbox%
370   \hskip*{-.5\wd\AMC@smashbox}\hbox to .5\wd\AMC@smashbox{%
371     \vbox to \ht\AMC@smashbox{%
372       \vskip*{-.5\AMC@smashboxheight}\vbox to .5\AMC@smashboxheight{%
373         \box\AMC@smashbox}}}}%
374 }}
```

\AMC@setcolors@{<trace>}{{<answer>}} sets colours \AMC@boxcolor@ and \AMC@fillcolor@ according to its arguments. It also sets the \ifAMC@draw@cross switch if AMC should draw a cross instead of filling the box.

```

375 \newcommand\AMC@setcolors@[2]{%
376   \def\AMC@boxcolor@{\AMC@boxcolor}%
377   \ifx@\empty#1\empty \def\AMC@boxcolor@{black}\fi%
378   \ifAMC@correc\def\AMC@boxcolor@{black}\fi%
379   \def\AMC@fillcolor@{\ifx #2\AMC@checkbox}%
380     \AMC@boxcolor@{\else white\fi}%
381   \AMC@draw@crossfalse%
382   \ifKV@AMCdim@cross\ifx #2\AMC@checkbox}%
383     \AMC@draw@crosstrue\fi\fi%
384 }
385 \newcommand\AMC@answerBox@[4]{%
386   \ifAMC@catalog}%
387     \AMC@logchar{#1}{#4}%
388   \fi}%
389   \AMC@LR{\hspace{0pt}}%
390   \lower\AMC@boxeddown\hbox{\csname AMC@shape@\AMC@shapename@\endcsname}%
391   {\AMCchoiceLabelFormat{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}%
392 }
393 \newcommand\AMC@shapeprepare@square{}%
394 \newcommand\AMC@shape@square[4]{%
395   \fboxsep=\z@\fboxrule=\AMC@boxedrule}%
396   \AMC@setcolors@{#3}{#2}%
397   \ifKV@AMCdim@cross\def\AMC@fillcolor@{white}\fi}%
398   \fcolorbox{\AMC@boxcolor@}{\AMC@fillcolor@}%
399 {%
400     \boxput*(0,0){%
401       \ifAMC@draw@cross\AMC@crosschar\fi}%
402     }{%
403       \vbox to \AMC@boxedheight{%
404         \AMC@tracepos{#3}{#4}%
405         \vfill%
406         \hbox to \AMC@boxedwidth{\hfill}%
407           \AMC@smashcentered{\textcolor{\AMC@boxcolor@}{#1}}%
408           \AMC@smashcentered{#2}%
409           \hfill}\vfill}}}%
410   \AMC@tracepos{#3}{#4}}}%
411 }

\AMC@makeovalbox{\langle trace \rangle}{\langle answer \rangle}{\langle box \rangle} prepares an oval frame in the LATEX box box.
412 \newcommand\AMC@makeovalbox[3]{%
413   \AMC@setcolors@{#1}{#2}%
414   \ifKV@AMCdim@cross\def\AMC@fillcolor@{white}\fi}%
415   \AMC@save@box{#3}{%
416     \begin{tikzpicture}%
417       \useasboundingbox (-0.5\AMC@boxedwidth-0.5\AMC@boxedrule,0.5\AMC@boxedheight+0.5\AMC@boxedrule) rectangle (0.5\AMC@boxedwidth+0.5\AMC@boxedrule,-0.5\AMC@boxedheight-0.5\AMC@boxedrule);%
418       \draw[\AMC@boxcolor@,fill=\AMC@fillcolor@,line width=\AMC@boxedrule,rounded corners=\AMC@oval@radius] (-0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,0.5\AMC@boxedheight) rectangle (0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,-0.5\AMC@boxedheight);%
419       \ifAMC@draw@cross%
420         \draw[\AMC@boxcolor@,line width=\AMC@crossrule] (-0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,0.5\AMC@boxedheight) -- (0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,-0.5\AMC@boxedheight) (0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,0.5\AMC@boxedheight) -- (-0.5\AMC@boxedwidth,-0.5\AMC@boxedheight);%
421       \fi
422     }
423   }
424 
```

```

427     \end{tikzpicture}}}%
428 }
429 \newcommand\AMC@shapeprepare@oval{%
430   \ifx\AMC@ovalbox@R\undefined\else%
431     \AMC@makeovalbox{1}{\AMC@ovalbox@R}%
432     \AMC@makeovalbox{1}{\AMC@checkbox}{\AMC@ovalbox@RF}%
433     \AMC@makeovalbox{}{\AMC@ovalbox@O}%
434     \AMC@makeovalbox{}{\AMC@checkbox}{\AMC@ovalbox@F}%
435   \fi%
436 }
437 \newcommand\AMC@shape@oval[4]{%
438   \AMC@setcolors{#3}{#2}%
439   \AMC@tracebox{#3}{#4}{\boxput*(0,0){%
440     \AMC@smashcentered{\textcolor{\AMC@boxcolor@}{#1}}%
441     \AMC@smashcentered{#2}%
442   }}%
443   \ifx\@empty#3\@empty%
444     \ifx #2\AMC@checkbox%
445       \AMC@use@box{\AMC@ovalbox@F}%
446     \else%
447       \AMC@use@box{\AMC@ovalbox@O}%
448     \fi%
449   \else%
450     \ifx #2\AMC@checkbox%
451       \AMC@use@box{\AMC@ovalbox@RF}%
452     \else%
453       \AMC@use@box{\AMC@ovalbox@R}%
454     \fi%
455   \fi%
456 }%
457 }
458 \newcommand\AMC@shapeprepare@form{}%
459 \newcommand\AMC@shape@form@base[5]{%
460   \ifx #2\AMC@checkbox%
461     \def\AMC@shape@form@ticked{true}%
462   \else%
463     \def\AMC@shape@form@ticked{false}%
464   \fi%
465   \AMC@tracebox{#3}{#4}{%
466     \CheckBox[checked=\AMC@shape@form@ticked,%
467               checkboxsymbol=\ding{110},name={#5},%
468               bordercolor=0 0 0,%
469               width=\AMC@boxedwidth,height=\AMC@boxedheight]{}{}%
470   }%
471 }
472 \newcommand\AMC@shape@form[4]{%
473   \AMC@shape@form@base{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{\the\AMCid@etud:#4}%
474 }
475 \newcommand\AMC@shapeprepare@none{}%
476 \newcommand\AMC@shape@none[4]{#1}%

```

\AMC@answerBox Command `\AMC@answerBox` is the same as `\AMC@answerBox@`, but if `\langle char \rangle` is empty, it is replaced by an arabic or alphabetical counter, depending on the use of the `digits` package option.
\AMCchoiceLabel To use another way to label the choices boxes, the user can redefine the `\AMCchoiceLabel`
choiceLabelFormat

macro, which takes as argument the name of the counter used to number the choices. One can for example use `\def\AMCchoiceLabel#1{\alph{#1}}` to ask for lowercase letters.

To write these labels with another font, size, or so, the user can redefine the `\AMCchoiceLabelFormat` macro, which takes as argument the label. One can for example get sans serif bold labels with `\def\AMCchoiceLabelFormat#1{{\textsf{\textsf{#1}}}}`.

```
477 \def\AMCchoiceLabel#1{%
478   \ifAMC@inside@digit@arabic{#1}%
479   \else\Alph{#1}\fi%
480 }
481 \def\AMCchoiceLabelFormat#1{%
482 \newcounter{AMC@ncase}
483 \setcounter{AMC@ncase}{0}
484 \newcommand\AMC@answerBox[4]{%
485   \AMC@answerBox@{\ifx\@empty#1\@empty%
486     \AMCchoiceLabel{AMC@ncase}%
487     \else #1\fi}{#2}{#3}{#4}}
```

\AMCboxStyle The dimensions of these box are managed by `\AMCboxDimensions{<sizes>}`, where `<sizes>` is a coma separated list of `<name>=<dimension>` constructs. Here, `<name>` can be `size` for the box size, `rule` for the box rule width, `down` for moving the box down, `color` for the box color and `outsidesep` for the distance between the box and the letter (when outside the box).

The `<color>` value given to `color` is a color that should be defined for the `xcolor` package. This color is used only in the case the box will be used for data capture: it is not used on the corrected answer sheet (`answers` or `indivanswers` package option), and not used on the subject part of an exam with a separate answer sheet (`separateanswersheet` package option).

The `\AMCboxColor{<color>}` command is defined as an alias to `\AMCboxStyle{color=<color>}`, and `\AMCboxDimensions` as an alias to `\AMCboxStyle`, for backward compatibility.

```
488 \newlength\AMC@boxedrule
489 \newlength\AMC@crossrule
490 \newlength\AMC@boxeddown
491 \newlength\AMC@boxedwidth
492 \newlength\AMC@boxedheight
493 \newlength\AMC@oval@radius
494 \newlength\AMC@outside@sep
495 \define@choicekey{AMCdim}{shape}{square,oval,form,none}{\def\AMC@shapename{#1}}
496 \define@key{AMCdim}{size}{\AMC@boxedwidth=#1\AMC@boxedheight=#1}
497 \define@key{AMCdim}{height}{\AMC@boxedheight=#1}
498 \define@key{AMCdim}{width}{\AMC@boxedwidth=#1}
499 \define@key{AMCdim}{rule}{\AMC@boxedrule=#1}
500 \define@key{AMCdim}{outsidesep}{\AMC@outside@sep=#1}
501 \define@key{AMCdim}{down}{\AMC@boxeddown=#1}
502 \define@key{AMCdim}{color}{\def\AMC@boxcolor{#1}}
503 \define@boolkey{AMCdim}{cross}[false]{}
504 \define@key{AMCdim}{crosschar}{\textbf{\textsf{X}}}{\def\AMC@crosschar{#1}}
505 \define@key{AMCdim}{crossrule}{1.5pt}{\AMC@crossrule=#1}
506 \def\AMC@shapeprepare{\csname AMC@shapeprepare@\AMC@shapename@\endcsname}
507 \def\AMCboxStyle#1{%
508   \setkeys{AMCdim}{#1}%
509   \ifnum\AMC@boxedwidth<\AMC@boxedheight%
510     \AMC@oval@radius=\AMC@boxedwidth\divide\AMC@oval@radius\tw@%
511   \else%
512     \AMC@oval@radius=\AMC@boxedheight\divide\AMC@oval@radius\tw@%
```

```

513   \fi%
514   \AMC@shapeprepare%
515 }
516 \AMCboxStyle{shape=square,size=2.5ex,down=.4ex,rule=.5pt,outsidesep=.1em,color=black,cross,crosschar,cross}
517 \newcommand\AMCboxColor[1]{\AMCboxStyle{color=#1}}
518 \let\AMCboxDimensions=\AMCboxStyle

CboxOutsideLetter Command \AMC@box{\langle char\rangle}{\langle answer\rangle} prints a box with character \langle char\rangle inside, showing answer \langle answer\rangle (\AMC@checkbox to get a filled box), using global variables to identify the box (question and choice).
\AMC@box
\AMC@formBox@
\AMC@formBox
utsideLabelFormat It calls \AMC@formBox{\langle char\rangle}{\langle answer\rangle}{\langle trace\rangle}{\langle key\rangle} to actually render the box.
Command \AMC@formBox simply sets the first argument when empty before calling \AMC@formBox@.
The command \AMCboxOutsideLetter{\langle box\rangle}{\langle char\rangle} is called to print the box and the character \langle char\rangle outside (and next to) it. The character is formatted using \AMCoutsideLabelFormat first: if you need bold characters, redefine it with \def\AMCoutsideLabelFormat#1{\textbf{\#1}}.
\AMC@keyBox@ is used instead of \AMCformBox@ when the text that corresponds to the answer is the letter/character inside the box itself (see \AMCcodeGrid and \AMCnumericChoices.

519 \def\AMCoutsideLabelFormat#1{#1}
520 \newcommand\AMCboxOutsideLetter[2]{#1\nobreak\hspace{.1em}\AMCoutsideLabelFormat{#2}}
521 \newif\ifAMC@printformoutside@
522 \newcommand\ifAMC@printformoutside{%
523   \AMC@printformoutside@false%
524   \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMC@outside@box%
525     \ifAMCformulaire@dedans\AMC@printformoutside@true\fi%
526     \ifAMC@zoneformulaire\AMC@printformoutside@true\fi%
527   \fi\fi%
528   \ifAMC@printformoutside@%
529 }
530 \newcommand\AMC@formBox@[4]{%
531   \ifAMC@printformoutside@ letter to be written outside the box
532     \AMCboxOutsideLetter{\AMC@answerBox@{}{#2}{#3}{#4}}{#1}%
533   \else%
534     \AMC@answerBox@{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
535   \fi%
536   \AMC@tracechar{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
537 }
538 \newif\ifAMC@printkeyoutside@
539 \newcommand\ifAMC@printkeyoutside{%
540   \AMC@printkeyoutside@false%
541   \ifAMC@ensemble%
542     \ifAMC@outside@box\AMC@printkeyoutside@true\fi%
543   \else%
544     \ifAMC@inside@box\else\AMC@printkeyoutside@true\fi%
545   \fi%
546   \ifAMC@printkeyoutside@%
547 }
548 \newcommand\AMC@keyBox@[4]{%
549   \ifAMC@printkeyoutside%
550     \AMCboxOutsideLetter{\AMC@answerBox@{}{#2}{#3}{#4}}{#1}%
551   \else%
552     \AMC@answerBox@{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
553   \fi%

```

```

554   \AMC@tracechar{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
555 }
556 \newcommand\AMC@formBox[4]{%
557   \AMC@formBox@\{ \ifx\@empty#1\@empty%
558     \AMCchoiceLabel{\AMC@ncase}%
559   \else #1\fi\}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
560 }
561 \newcommand{\AMC@box}[2]{%
562   \ifAMC@ensemble%
563     \ifAMC@zoneformulaire% for codes inside form sheet
564       \protect\AMC@formBox{#1}{#2}{1}{case:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}%
565     \else%
566       \ifAMCformulaire@dedans% for answer boxes inside form sheet
567         \protect\AMC@formBox{#1}{#2}{1}{case:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}%
568       \else% outside form sheet: not to be read during data capture
569         \AMC@formBox{#1}{#2}{1}{casequestion:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}%
570       \fi\fi%
571     \else% no separate sheet for answers: always read
572       \ifAMC@inside@box%
573         \AMC@formBox{#1}{#2}{1}{case:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}%
574       \else%
575         \AMC@formBox@\{}{#2}{1}{case:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}%
576       \fi%
577     \fi%
578 }

```

4.8.4 Scoring zones

\AMCscoreZone The source file can define zones that will be used to print scores when annotating the completed answer sheets. The command \AMCscoreZone{\(zone\)} logs these zones positions on the page.

```

579 \newif\ifAMCsz@logged\AMCsz@loggedfalse
580 \newcommand{\AMCscoreZone}[1]{%
581   \ifAMC@ensemble%
582     \ifAMCformulaire@dedans%
583       \AMC@tracebox{1}{score::\the\AMCid@quest,-1}{#1}%
584     \else%
585       \AMC@tracebox{1}{scorequestion::\the\AMCid@quest,-1}{#1}%
586     \fi%
587   \else%
588     \AMC@tracebox{1}{score::\the\AMCid@quest,-1}{#1}%
589   \fi%
590   \ifAMCsz@logged\else%
591     \AMCmessage{VAR:scorezones=1}%
592     \global\AMCsz@loggedtrue%
593   \fi%
594 }

```

4.8.5 Binary boxes

The package prints on each page some boxes that code (like binary digits) student sheet number, page number and a check number, so as to be read easily from scans after exam.

\AMCid@checkmax The check number is just decreased each page. Its maximum value is \AMCid@checkmax.
 \AMC@NCBetud
 \AMC@NCBpage
 \AMC@NCBcheck

The number of binary digits used to print student sheet number, page and check number are `\AMC@NCBetud`, `\AMC@NCBpage` and `\AMC@NCBcheck`. The number of the first page is `\AMC@premierecopie`.

The length of zone reserved for binary boxes is `\AMC@CBtaille`.

```
595 \def\AMCid@checkmax{60}
596 \def\AMC@NCBetud{12}
597 \def\AMC@NCBpage{6}
598 \def\AMC@NCBcheck{6}
599 \newlength{\AMC@CBtaille}\setlength{\AMC@CBtaille}{5cm}
600 \def\AMC@premierecopie{1}
```

`\AMC@binaryCode` The command `\AMC@binaryCode{\langle options \rangle}{\langle n \rangle}` prints boxes to represent the number $\langle n \rangle$ in its binary form. Options from $\langle options \rangle$ include:

`ndigits=\langle ndigits \rangle` for the number of digits to be shown.

`id=\langle id \rangle` for an ID of the number role (1 for the student number, 2 for the page number, 3 for the checking value).

`hsep=\langle hsep \rangle` for the space between boxes.

`style=\langle style \rangle` for some box style options.

`\AMCbin@one` and `\AMCbin@zero` print individual digit-boxes.

For example, `\AMC@binaryCode{ndigits=12}{367}` shows $367 = 000101101111_2$ using 12 boxes:



```
601 \newtoks\AMCbin@sequence
602 \newcount\AMCbin@number
603 \newcount\AMCbin@digit
604 \newcount\AMCbin@id
605 \newcount\AMCbin@did
606 \newcount\AMCbin@ndigits
607 \newdimen\AMCbin@hsep
608 \define@key{AMCbin}{ndigits}{\AMCbin@ndigits=#1}
609 \define@key{AMCbin}{id}{\AMCbin@id=#1}
610 \define@key{AMCbin}{hsep}{\AMCbin@hsep=#1}
611 \define@key{AMCbin}{style}{}{\def\AMCbin@style{#1}}
612 \def\AMCbin@one{%
613   \ifnum\AMCbin@did>0\%
614     \hspace{\AMCbin@hsep}\%
615   \fi\%
616   \advance\AMCbin@did\@ne\%
617   \ifnum\AMCbin@id>0\%
618     \AMC@answerBox{\AMC@checkbox}{1}{chiffre:\the\AMCbin@id,\the\AMCbin@did}\%
619   \else\%
620     \AMC@answerBox{\AMC@checkbox}{1}\%
621   \fi\%
622 \def\AMCbin@zero{%
623   \ifnum\AMCbin@did>0\%
624     \hspace{\AMCbin@hsep}\%
625   \fi\%
626   \advance\AMCbin@did\@ne\%
```

```

627  \ifnum\AMCbin@id>0%
628  \AMC@answerBox@{}{}{1}{chiffre:\the\AMCbin@id,\the\AMCbin@did}%
629  \else%
630  \AMC@answerBox@{}{}{1}{}%
631  \fi}
632 \newcommand{\AMC@binaryCode}[2]{%
633 \setkeys{AMCbin}{ndigits=1,hsep=0pt,style}\setkeys{AMCbin}{#1}%
634 \AMCbin@did=\z@%
635 {\AMCboxDimensions{shape=square,size=.32cm,down=0pt,rule=.2pt,cross=false}\expandafter\AMCboxDimensions\expandafter{\AMCbin@sequence}%
636 \AMCbin@digit=\z@%
637 \loop%
638 \ifnum\AMCbin@number>\z@%
639 \advance\AMCbin@digit\@ne%
640 \ifodd\AMCbin@number\AMCbin@sequence=\expandafter{\expandafter\AMCbin@one\the\AMCbin@sequence}%
641 \else\AMCbin@sequence=\expandafter{\expandafter\AMCbin@zero\the\AMCbin@sequence}\fi%
642 \divide\AMCbin@number\tw@%
643 \repeat%
644 \loop\relax%
645 \ifnum\AMCbin@digit<\AMCbin@ndigits\advance\AMCbin@digit\@ne%
646 \AMCbin@sequence=\expandafter{\expandafter\AMCbin@zero\the\AMCbin@sequence}\repeat%
647 \the\AMCbin@sequence%
648 \ifnum\AMCbin@digit>\AMCbin@ndigits\PackageError{automultiplechoice}{Too low AMC@NCB value (got \the\AMCbin@digit) }%
649 }

```

The commands `\AMCbin@begin` and `\AMC@binaryBoxes` are now unused and are defined for backward compatibility.

```

650 \def\AMCbin@begin#1{\setkeys{AMCbin}{id=#1}}
651 \newcommand{\AMC@binaryBoxes}[2][1]{%
652 \AMC@binaryCode{ndigits=#1}{#2}%
653 }

```

4.9 Checking Environment

`\AMCcurrentenv` Sets the current environment as document.

```
654 \def\AMCcurrentenv{document}
```

`\AMCif@env` Checks for the current environment.

```

655 \def\AMCif@env#1{
656   \def\AMC@tempenv{#1}%
657   \ifx\AMC@tempenv\AMCcurrentenv
658     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
659   \else
660     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
661   \fi
662 }

```

4.10 Handling groups of questions

The package allows to handle groups of questions, so as to be able to shuffle them before printing them to the sheets.

\nouveaugroupe Command `\nouveaugroupe{\langle group-name \rangle}{\langle n \rangle}` creates a new (empty) group with name `\groupname` (`\groupname` argument `\langle n \rangle` is present only for compatibility reasons and is ignored). Command `\element{\langle group-name \rangle}{\langle text \rangle}` adds to group `\groupname` a new element that contains `\langle text \rangle`. `\langle text \rangle` can be a question environment, ore two successive questions to be kept together, or anything else. Calling command `\nouveaugroupe` is not compulsory, as `\element` calls it if necessary.

```

663 \newcount\AMCtok@k
664 \newcount\AMCtok@max
665 \newcount\AMCtok@size
666 \newcommand{\nouveaugroupe}[2]{%
667   \expandafter\ifx\csname #1@k\endcsname\relax%
668     \expandafter\newcount\csname #1@k\endcsname%
669     \expandafter\newcount\csname AMC#1@j\endcsname%
670     \csname #1@k\endcsname=\z@\relax%
671     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=\z@\relax%
672     \setgroupmode{#1}{\AMCdefault@groupmode}%
673   \fi%
674 }
675 \newcommand\AMC@prepare@element[1]{%
676   \nouveaugroupe{#1}{}%
677   \global\advance\csname #1@k\endcsname\one\relax%
678   \AMCtok@k=\csname #1@k\endcsname%
679   \expandafter\ifx\csname #1@\romannumerals\AMCtok@k\endcsname\relax%
680     \expandafter\newtoks\csname #1@\romannumerals\AMCtok@k\endcsname\fi%
681 }
682 \newcommand{\element}[2]{%
683   \AMC@prepare@element{#1}%
684   \global\csname #1@\romannumerals\AMCtok@k\endcsname={#2}%
685 }
```

\setgroupmode Command `\setgroupmode{\langle group-name \rangle}{\langle mode \rangle}` sets the group mode to `\langle mode \rangle` for group `\langle group-name \rangle`. This mode setup the behaviour of `\insertgroup` and `\copygroup` for this group:

1. With mode `fixed`, group's elements will be taken from the beginning.
2. With mode `cyclic`, the elements will be taken from the group following the last call group's use, recycling if necessary.
3. Mode `withreplacement` is the same as `fixed`, but the group is shuffled before each use.
4. Mode `withoutreplacement` is like `cyclic`, adding some shuffling when comming back to the beginning of the group.

The command `\setdefaultgroupmode{\langle mode \rangle}` sets the group mode to be used for the following created groups (a group is created at the first `\element{\langle group \rangle}` call). When no `\setdefaultgroupmode` is used, `fixed` is the default mode.

```

686 \def\AMCdefault@groupmode{fixed}
687 \newcommand{\setdefaultgroupmode}[1]{\def\AMCdefault@groupmode{#1}}
688 \newcommand{\setgroupmode}[2]{%
689   \expandafter\ifx\csname AMCgroup@#2\endcsname\relax%
690     \PackageError{automultiplechoice}{Unknown group mode for #1 : #2}%
691     {You asked to set group '#1' mode to '#2',%
692      but '#2' is not a valid group mode}%
693 }
```

```

693  \else%
694    \expandafter\global\expandafter\def\csname AMC#1@mode\endcsname{#2}%
695  \fi%
696 }

```

The functions `\AMCgroup[group-name]{n}{i}` are called before using *n* elements from group *group-name* starting from index *i* (negative value for *i* stands for the current value of the group index), either with `\insertgroup` or `\copygroup`.

For mode **fixed**, the group index is set to *i*, or 0 if *i* is negative (take elements from the beginning).

```

697 \newcommand{\AMCgroup[fixed]}[3]{%
698   \ifnum#3<\z@%
699     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=\z@%
700   \else%
701     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=#3%
702   \fi%
703 }

```

For mode **withreplacement**, the group is shuffled and the group index is set to *i* or 0 (take elements from the beginning) if negative.

```

704 \newcommand{\AMCgroup[withreplacement]}[3]{%
705   \ifnum#3<\z@%
706     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=\z@%
707   \else%
708     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=#3%
709   \fi%
710   \shufflegroup{#1}%
711 }

```

For mode **withoutreplacement**, the group index is set to *i*, or left unchanged if *i* is negative. If there is not enough elements left in the group, the elements before the index and the elements after the index are shuffled.

```

712 \newcount\AMC@imax
713 \newcommand{\AMCgroup[withoutreplacement]}[3]{%
714   \ifnum#3<\z@%
715   \else%
716     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=#3%
717   \fi%
718   \ifnum\AMCtok@ik=\AMCloop@k%
719     \AMCtok@ik=\z@%
720   \fi%
721   \ifnum\AMCtok@ik=\z@%
722     \shufflegroup{#1}%
723   \else%
724     \AMC@imax=\AMCloop@k%
725     \advance\AMC@imax -#2\relax%
726     \ifnum\AMCtok@ik>\AMC@imax%
727       \shufflegroupslice{#1}{\one}{\AMCtok@ik}%
728       \ifnum\AMCtok@ik<\AMCloop@k%
729         \advance\AMCtok@ik\one%
730         \shufflegroupslice{#1}{\AMCtok@ik}{\AMCloop@k}%
731       \fi%
732     \fi%
733   \fi%

```

```
734 }
```

For mode **cyclic**, nothing has to be done, except setting the group index if non-negative.

```
735 \newcommand{\AMCgroup@pre@cyclic}[3]{%
736   \ifnum#3<\z@%
737   \else%
738     \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=#3%
739   \fi%
740 }
```

The function `\AMCgroup@pre{<mode>}{<group-name>}{<n>}{<i>}` calls the right `\AMCgroup@xxx` command.

```
741 \newcommand{\AMCgroup@pre}[4]{%
742   \csname AMCgroup@#1\endcsname{#2}{#3}{#4}%
743 }
```

`\shufflegroup` Command `\shufflegroup{<group-name>}` shuffles the elements of group `<group-name>`, and
`\insertgroup` `\shufflegroupslice{<group-name>}{<a>}{}` shuffles elements `<a>` to `` from group `<group-name>`.
`\insertgroupfrom` It can be called at each student sheet in order to get different student sheets and avoid cheating.

Command `\insertgroup[<n>]{<groupname>}` inserts all the elements of group `<groupname>`, or only the first `<n>` elements if `<n>` is given. `\insertgroupfrom[<n>]{<groupname>}{<i>}` inserts all the elements of group `<groupname>` starting from index `<i>` (the index of the first element is 0), or only the first `<n>` elements if `<n>` is given.

```
744 \newcommand{\shufflegroup}[1]{%
745   \ifAMC@shuffleG{\AMC@shuffletoks{\number\csname #1@k\endcsname}{#1@}}\fi%
746 }
747 \newcommand{\shufflegroupslice}[3]{%
748   \ifAMC@shuffleG{\AMC@shuffletoks[#2]{#3}{#1@}}\fi%
749 }
750 \newcount\AMCtok@ik
751 \newcount\AMCloop@k
752 \newcommand{\AMCgrouploop@prep}[3]{%
753   \AMCtok@size=#1\relax%
754   \ifAMC@fullGroups\AMCtok@size=\m@ne\fi%
755   \ifnum\AMCtok@size<\z@%
756     \AMCtok@size=\csname #2@k\endcsname%
757   \fi%
758   \AMCtok@ik=\csname AMC#2@j\endcsname%
759   \AMCloop@k=\csname #2@k\endcsname%
760   \expandafter\ifx\csname AMC#2@mode\endcsname\relax%
761     \PackageError{automultiplechoice}{No group mode for #2}%
762     {No mode has been defined for group '#2'. This should not occur...}%
763   \fi%
764   \AMCgroup@pre{\csname AMC#2@mode\endcsname}{#2}{\the\AMCtok@size}{#3}%
765 }
766 \newcommand{\AMCgrouploop@next}[1]{%
767   \global\advance\csname AMC#1@j\endcsname\@ne\relax%
768   \expandafter\ifnum\csname AMC#1@j\endcsname>\AMCloop@k\relax%
769     \global\csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=\@ne%
770   \fi%
771   \AMCtok@ik=\csname AMC#1@j\endcsname%
772   \advance\AMCtok@size\m@ne%
773 }
774 \newcommand{\insertgroupfrom}[3][-1]{%
```

```

775 \ifnum#1=0%
776 \else%
777 \AMCgrouploop@prep{#1}{#2}{#3}%
778 {\loop%
779 \AMCgrouploop@next{#2}%
780 {\the\csname #2@\roman{#1}\AMCtok@ik\endcsname}%
781 \ifnum\AMCtok@size>\z@{\repeat}%
782 \fi%
783 }
784 \newcommand{\insertgroup}[2][-1]{%
785 \insertgroupfrom[#1]{#2}{-1}%
786 }

```

\cleargroup The commands `\cleargroup` and `\copygroup` can also be used to make more complex questions combinations in the exams, allowing for example to ask the package to shuffle 3 questions taken at random from group `groupa` and 5 questions taken at random from group `groupb`.

`\cleargroup{<group>}` clears the group `<group>`, erasing all of its elements.
`\copygroup[<n>]{<from>}{<to>}` copies `<n>` elements from group `<from>` to group `<to>`. If optional parameter `<n>` is not given, all the questions from group `<from>` are copied.
`\copygroupfrom[<n>]{<from>}{<to>}{<i>}` copies `<n>` elements from group `<from>` to group `<to>`, starting from element at index `<i>` (the index of the first element is 0). If optional parameter `<n>` is not given, all the questions from group `<from>` are copied.

See section 3.4 for an illustration for these commands.

```

787 \newcommand{\cleargroup}[1]{%
788 \nouveauaugroupe{#1}{}%
789 \csname #1@k\endcsname=\z@\relax%
790 \csname AMC#1@j\endcsname=\z@\relax%
791 }
792 \newcommand{\copygroupfrom}[4][-1]{%
793 \ifnum#1=0%
794 \else%
795 \AMCgrouploop@prep{#1}{#2}{#4}%
796 {\loop%
797 \AMCgrouploop@next{#2}%
798 \AMC@prepare@element{#3}%
799 \global\csname #3@\roman{#1}\AMCtok@k\endcsname=\csname #2@\roman{#1}\AMCtok@ik\endcsname%
800 \ifnum\AMCtok@size>\z@{\repeat}%
801 \fi%
802 }
803 \newcommand{\copygroup}[3][-1]{%
804 \copygroupfrom[#1]{#2}{#3}{-1}%
805 }

```

4.11 Questions

To manage multiple choice questions, first set some counters and token registers to handle answers. Token registers `\reponse@i`, `\reponse@ii` and so on will be used for answers – we restrict the number of answers of a single questions to `\AMCload@counter = 199`.

```

806 \newcount\AMCrep@count
807 \AMCload@counter=199
808 \@whilenum\AMCload@counter>0\do{%
809 \expandafter\newtoks\csname reponse@\roman{\AMCload@counter}\endcsname%

```

```

810   \advance\AMCload@counter\m@ne%
811 }

\AMCload@reponse Command \AMCload@reponse{n}{text} will be used to add answer number n with text text (text) will include the box to be ticked and all the layout commands) to the set of answers (in a token register \reponse@xxx – counter \AMCload@counter keeps track of the number of answers), in order to shuffle them when all answers will be loaded.

\AMCrien@deux When answers are not to be shuffled, command \AMCrien@deux{n}{text} will be used instead, only printing text.
812 \newcommand\AMCload@reponse[2]{%
813   \global\advance\AMCload@counter\one\relax%
814   \global\csname reponse@\romannumeral\AMCload@counter\endcsname%
815   =\expandafter{\expandafter\AMCrep@count\expandafter=\#2 #1}%
816 }
817 \newcommand\AMCrien@deux[2]{#1}

\shuffle@it After loading all answers, commands \shuffle@it will be used to shuffle them, and \AMCdump@responses to print them.
818 \def\shuffle@it{\AMC@shuffletoks{\number\AMCload@counter}{reponse@}}
819 \newcount\AMCnum@questions
820 \newcommand\AMCdump@responses{%
821   \global\AMCnum@questions=\AMCload@counter%
822   \@whilenum\AMCload@counter>0\do{%
823     \the\csname reponse@\romannumeral\AMCload@counter\endcsname%
824     \advance\AMCload@counter\m@ne}}

```

4.11.1 Managing answers

\lastchoices Command \AMCrep@init{*mode*} is called for each question before reading answers. *mode* is r for suffled answers, and o if answers are not to be shuffled. It sets the number of answers counter to zero, and calls \AMCrep@o or \AMCrep@r depending on *mode*. These commands sets \AMCload@@reponse and \AMCrep@fini that will be called for each answer and after the last answer respectively, depending on *mode*:

- If *mode*=r, \AMCload@@reponse is \AMCload@reponse (loads answer to token register) and \AMCrep@fini calls \shuffle@it and \AMCdump@responses;
- If *mode*=o, \AMCload@@reponse is \AMCrien@deux (prints answer directly) and \AMCrep@fini does nothing.

Command \lastchoices is called before giving answers that are to be printed at the end (even when shuffling answers). It closes the answers list calling \AMCrep@fini and opens another one in ordered mode. Note that it also saves the value of \AMCrep@count, which is the number of the current answer among all answers given in the subject source for the current question.

Command \AMC@fin@rep is to be called after the last answer: it adds a “None of these answers are correct.” answer if necessary (package option completemulti) with answer number zero, and calls \AMCrep@fini.

```

825 \newcommand\AMCrep@init[1]{%
826   \ifAMC@ordre\AMCrep@o\else%
827     \csname AMCrep@\#1\endcsname\fi\AMCload@counter=\z@}
828 \newcommand\AMCrep@o{%
829   \def\AMCload@@reponse{\AMCrien@deux}\def\AMCrep@fini{}}

```

```

830 \newcommand\AMCrep@r{%
831   \def\AMCload@@reponse{\AMCload@reponse}%
832   \def\AMCrep@fini{\shuffle@it\AMCdump@responses}%
833 \newcount\AMCrep@count
834 \newcommand\lastchoices{%
835   \AMCrep@count=\AMCrep@count%
836   \AMCrep@fini\AMCrep@init{o}%
837   \AMCrep@count=\AMCrep@count}%
838 \newcommand\@aucune{\emph{\AMC@loc@none}}%
839 \newcommand\AMC@fin@rep{%
840   \ifAMCcomplete@multi\ifAMCtype@multi%
841     \lastchoices\AMCrep@count=-1%
842   \ifAMCune@bonne\wrongchoice{\@aucune}\else%
843     \ifAMC@postcorrect\wrongchoice{\@aucune}\else\correctchoice{\@aucune}\fi%
844   \fi\fi\fi\AMCrep@fini}

```

4.11.2 Separate answer sheet

This package needs some memory to print questions/answers boxes again on a separate answer sheet.

\AMCformQuestion First define commands that will announce questions and answers on the separate answer sheet (these commands can be modified by the user): \AMCformQuestion{\langle number\rangle} is responsible for announcing question, and \AMCformAnswer{\langle box\rangle} is responsible for printing the box to be ticked, given as argument \langle box\rangle.

Commands \AMCformQuestionA and \AMCformAnswerA set up counter \AMC@ncase value before calling their counterparts.

```

845 \def\AMCformBeforeQuestion{\vspace{\AMCformVSpace}\par}
846 \def\AMCformAfterQuestion{\ifAMC@asqbloc\egroup\fi}
847 \def\AMCformQuestion#1{\AMC@loc@qf{#1}}
848 \def\AMCformQuestionN{\AMCformQuestion{\AMC@qaff}}
849 \def\AMCformQuestionA{%
850   \setcounter{AMC@ncase}{0}%
851   \AMCformBeforeQuestion%
852   \ifAMC@asqbloc\vbox\bgroup\fi%
853   \ifx@\empty\AMC@sza@callout@\empty\else%
854     \csname\AMC@sza@callout\endcsname%
855   \fi%
856   \AMCformQuestionN%
857   \ifx@\empty\AMC@sza@callin@\empty\else%
858     \csname\AMC@sza@callin\endcsname%
859   \fi%
860 }
861 \def\AMCformAnswer#1{\hspace{\AMCformHSpace} #1}
862 \def\AMCformAnswerA#1{\addtocounter{AMC@ncase}{1}\AMCformAnswer{\#1}}

```

\AMCmem@add@ifneeded These are commands to manage memory for separate answer sheet. \AMCmem@add@ifneeded{\langle code\rangle} adds \langle code\rangle to this memory. \AMCmem@answer{\langle code\rangle} adds to memory answer code \langle code\rangle, and \AMCmem@openQuestion adds to memory question code to announce current question.

\AMCformBegin \AMCform The command \AMCformBegin defines the beginning of the separate answer sheet for the current student sheet, and \AMCform prints the whole memory: questions and answers boxes.

`\AMCformS` is a `\AMCform` variant that does not clear the list of answer boxes. It can be used to make the same exact subject for all students, displaying the questions before (outside) `onecopy`, so that `onecopy` contains only the answer sheet.

```

863 \ExplSyntaxOn
864
865 \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \amc_if_separate_question: { p , T } {
866   \ifAMC@ensemble
867     \ifAMC@zoneformulaire
868       \prg_return_false:
869     \else
870       \prg_return_true:
871     \fi
872   \else
873     \prg_return_false:
874   \fi
875 }
876 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@if@separate@question \amc_if_separate_question:T
877
878 \int_new:N \amc_memory_elts_count
879
880 \cs_new:Nn \amc_clear_memory: { \int_gzero:N \amc_memory_elts_count }
881 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@clear \amc_clear_memory:
882
883 \cs_new:Npn \amc_memory_elt_i:n #1 {
884   \amc_memory_elts_ \int_to_alpha:n { #1 }
885 }
886 \cs_new:Nn \amc_memory_current_elt: {
887   \amc_memory_elt_i:n \amc_memory_elts_count
888 }
889 \cs_new:Npn \amc_memory_vars_i:n #1 {
890   \amc_memory_vars_ \int_to_alpha:n { #1 }
891 }
892 \cs_new:Nn \amc_memory_current_vars: {
893   \amc_memory_vars_i:n \amc_memory_elts_count
894 }
895
896 \cs_new:Nn \amc_add_memory_elt: {
897   \int_gincr:N \amc_memory_elts_count
898   \tl_gclear_new:c { \amc_memory_current_elt: }
899   \tl_gclear_new:c { \amc_memory_current_vars: }
900 }
901 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@next \amc_add_memory_elt:
902
903 \cs_new:Npn \amc_add_to_memory:n #1 {
904   \tl_gput_right:cn { \amc_memory_current_elt: } { #1 }
905 }
906 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@add \amc_add_to_memory:n
907
908 \cs_new:Npn \amc_add_to_vars:n #1 {
909   \tl_gput_right:cn { \amc_memory_current_vars: } { #1 }
910 }
911 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@addvar \amc_add_to_vars:n
912

```

```

913 \cs_new:Npn \amc_add_qidaffname:nnn #1#2#3 {
914   \amc_add_to_vars:n {\AMCid@quest=#1\setcounter{AMCquestionaff}{#2}%
915     \global\def\AMCid@name{#3}}
916 }
917 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_add_qidaffname:nnn { xxx }
918 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@qidaffname \amc_add_qidaffname:xxx
919
920 \cs_new:Npn \amc_mem_elt_cat:n #1 {
921   \amc_add_to_vars:n { \def\AMCmem@elt@cat{ #1 } }
922 }
923 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_mem_elt_cat:n { x }
924 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@category \amc_mem_elt_cat:x
925
926 \cs_new:Npn \amc_add_aid:n #1 {
927   \amc_add_to_memory:n {\AMCrep@count=#1}
928 }
929 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_add_aid:n { x }
930 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@aid \amc_add_aid:x
931
932 \cs_new:Npn \amc_if_category_is_p:n #1 {
933   \str_if_eq_p:on { \AMCmem@elt@cat } { #1 }
934 }
935 \cs_new:Npn \amc_use_memory:n #1 {
936   \int_step_inline:nnnn { 1 } { 1 } \amc_memory_elts_count {
937     \def\AMCmem@elt@cat{ plain }
938     \tl_use:c { \amc_memory_vars_i:n { ##1 } }
939     \bool_if:nTF { #1 } {
940       \tl_use:c { \amc_memory_elt_i:n { ##1 } }
941     } { }
942   }
943 }
944 \cs_new:Nn \amc_use_memory: { \amc_use_memory:n { \c_true_bool } }
945 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@show \amc_use_memory:
946 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@mem@show@filter \amc_use_memory:n
947 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCifcategory \amc_if_category_is_p:n
948
949 \ExplSyntaxOff
950 \newcommand\AMC@mem@add@ifneeded[1]{%
951   \AMC@if@separate@question{%
952     \AMC@mem@add{#1}%
953   }%
954 }%
955 \newcommand\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded[2]{%
956   \AMC@if@separate@question{%
957     \AMC@mem@next{%
958       \AMC@mem@category{#2}%
959       \AMC@mem@add{#1}%
960     }%
961 }%
962 \newcommand\AMC@mem@answer[1]{%
963   \addtocounter{AMC@ncase}{1}%
964   \AMC@if@separate@question{%
965     \AMC@mem@aid{\the\AMCrep@count}%

```

```

966     \AMC@mem@add{\AMCformAnswerA{#1}}%
967   }%
968 }
969 \newcommand\AMC@mem@openQuestion{%
970   \AMC@if@separate@question{%
971     \AMC@mem@next{%
972       \AMC@mem@qidaffname{\the\AMCid@quest}{\arabic{AMCquestionaff}}{\AMCid@name}}%
973     \AMC@mem@add{\AMCformQuestionA}%
974   }%
975 }
976 \def\AMCformBegin{%
977   \AMC@zoneformulairetrue\setcounter{section}{0}%
978   \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMC@automarks\pagestyle{AMCpageFull}\fi\fi%
979 }
980 \newcommand\AMCform{%
981   \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCformulaire@dedantrue{%
982     \AMC@mem@show{%
983       \fi}%
984   }%
985   \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCformulaire@dedantrue{%
986     \AMC@mem@show@filter{#1}%
987   }%
988   \newif\ifAMC@keepmemory%
989   \newcommand\AMCformS{%
990     \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCformulaire@dedantrue{%
991       \AMCmessage{BR=0}\AMC@mem@show{%
992         \global\AMC@keepmemorytrue{%
993       \fi}%

```

\AMCsection The \AMCsection and \AMCsubsection commands issue their standard counterparts (\texttt{section} and \texttt{subsection} with the same argument, both in the subject *and* in the separate answer sheet.

```

994 \newcommand{\AMCsectionNumbered}[1]{%
995   \section{#1}\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded{\section{#1}}{section}%
996 \newcommand{\AMCsubsectionNumbered}[1]{%
997   \subsection{#1}\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded{\subsection{#1}}{subsection}%
998 \newcommand{\AMCsectionStar}[1]{%
999   \section*{#1}\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded{\section*{#1}}{section}%
1000 \newcommand{\AMCsubsectionStar}[1]{%
1001   \subsection*{#1}\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded{\subsection*{#1}}{subsection}%
1002 \def\AMCsection{\@ifstar\AMCsectionStar\AMCsectionNumbered}%
1003 \def\AMCsubsection{\@ifstar\AMCsubsectionStar\AMCsubsectionNumbered}%

```

4.11.3 Formatting answers

choices Answers have to be included in an environment **choices** (standard), **choiceshoriz** (answers on one line) or **choicescustom** (user defined) depending on the desired formatting.

choicescustom Use \AMCBoxedAnswers to request all answers to be included in L^AT_EX boxes; this can be useful for example when using multicolumn answers formatting.

```

tikz-single 1004 \def\AMCBoxedAnswers{\AMC@rbloctrue}%
\AMCBoxedAnswers 1005 \newenvironment{choices}[1][r]{%
  1006   \AMCrep@count=\z@\def\une@rep{\AMCrep@itemize}%
  1007   \ifAMC@rbloc\def\une@rep{\AMCrep@bloc}%
  1008   \else\begin{itemize}\setlength{\itemsep}{\AMCinterIrep}\fi%

```

```

1009     \AMC@rep{\AMC@init{#1}}%
1010   {\AMC@fin@rep\ifAMC@rbloc\else\end{itemize}\fi}%
1011 \newenvironment{choiceshoriz}[1][r]{%
1012   \AMC@count=\z@\def\une@rep{\AMC@ligne}\AMC@init{#1}%
1013   \par\begin{center}}%
1014   {\AMC@fin@rep\end{center}}%
1015 \newenvironment{choicescustom}[1][r]{%
1016   \AMC@count=\z@\def\une@rep{\AMC@perso}\AMC@init{#1}%
1017   \AMCbeginAnswer\ignorespaces}%
1018   {\AMC@fin@rep\AMCendAnswer}%
1019 \newenvironment{tikz-single}[1][r]{%
1020   \AMC@count=\z@\def\une@rep{\AMC@tikz}\AMC@init{#1}%
1021   \begin{tikzpicture}}{\AMC@fin@rep\end{tikzpicture}}%
1022 \newenvironment{tikz-multi}[1][r]{%
1023   \AMC@count=\z@\def\une@rep{\AMC@tikzmat}\AMC@init{#1}%
1024   \begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture]}{\AMC@fin@rep\end{tikzpicture}}%

```

For each of these styles, a corresponding `\AMCrep@xxx{\{box\}}{\{text\}}` is defined, which will format the answer with a box given in `\{box\}` and text `\{text\}`. `\AMCrep@bloc` is also defined and used in standard formatting when the user wants to put answers inside a L^AT_EX box.

\newcommand{\AMC@rep@bloc}[2]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}{#2}}

```

1026 \par%
1027 \ifAMC@textPos\vbox\bgroup\AMC@tracepos{1}{atext:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}\hbox\b
1028 \noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
1029 \begin{itemize}\item[#1] #2\end{itemize}\end{minipage}%
1030 \ifAMC@textPos\AMC@tracepos{1}{atext:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}\egroup\AMC@trace
1031 \vspace{\AMCinterBrep}%
1032 \newcommand\AMCrep@tikz[5]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}\node[#4] (lab\thecsvrow) at (#3) {#2} node[#5] (box\thec
1033 \newcommand\AMCrep@tikzmat[5]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}\node[#5] (box\thecsvrow) at (#3) {#1} node[#4] (lab\th
1034 \newcommand\AMCrep@itemize[2]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}\item[#1] #2}%
1035 \newlength\AMChorizAnswerSep
1036 \setlength\AMChorizAnswerSep{3em plus 4em}
1037 \newlength\AMChorizBoxSep
1038 \setlength\AMChorizBoxSep{1em}
1039 \newcommand\AMCrep@ligne[2]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}%
1040 \ifAMC@textPos%
1041 \mbox{\AMC@tracebox{1}{atext:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,\the\AMCrep@count}{#1\hspace*{\AMChorizBoxSep
1042 \else%
1043 \mbox{#1\hspace*{\AMChorizBoxSep}#2}%
1044 \fi\hspace{\AMChorizAnswerSep}}%
1045 \newcommand\AMCrep@perso[2]{\AMC@mem@answer{#1}\AMCanswer{#1}{#2}}%

```

- The `custom` style will use user-defined commands to format answers: `\AMCbeginAnswer` is called once before answers, `\AMCanswer{<box>}{<text>}` is called for each answer (`<box>` being the box to be ticked and `<text>` the text associated with the proposed answer), and `\AMCendAnswer` is called after all answers.

```
1046 \def\AMCbeginAnswer{}  
1047 \def\AMCanswer#1#2{\#1 #2}  
1048 \def\AMCendAnswer{}
```

The commands `\correctchoice` and `\wrongchoice` are used inside `choices`-like environments to give the proposed answers and specify if they are to be ticked by the students or not.

```

1049 \newcommand{\correctchoice}[2] [] {\global\advance\AMCrep@count\@ne\relax%
1050   \ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{REP=\the\AMCrep@count:B}\fi%
1051   \global\AMCune@bonnettrue%
1052   \AMCload@@reponse{\une@rep{\ifAMC@correc\AMC@box{\#1}{\AMC@checkbox}}%}
1053     \else\AMC@box{\#1}{}\fi{\#2}}{\the\AMCrep@count}\ignorespaces}
1054 \newcommand{\wrongchoice}[2] [] {\global\advance\AMCrep@count\@ne\relax%
1055   \ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{REP=\the\AMCrep@count:M}\fi%
1056   \AMCload@@reponse{\une@rep{\AMC@box{\#1}{}{\#2}}{\the\AMCrep@count}}%
1057   \ignorespaces}

```

4.11.4 Score zones

`\AMCscoreZone` The position of the scores on the annotated answer sheets can be defined in the L^AT_EX source file using `\AMCsetScoreZone{<options>}` (or `\AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet{<options>}`) for the answer sheets when the separate answer sheet option is used).

First begin with some helpers: `\AMCemptybox{<width>}{<height>}{<depth>}` draws an empty box with specified dimensions, and `\AMCmarginNote{<note>}` (code from one of sgmoye's comments on tex.stackexchange.com) prints a marginal note in the left or right margin, depending on current the position (usefull in `multicols` environment).

```

1058 \newcommand{\AMCemptybox}[3]{{%
1059   \sbox0{}\wd0=#1\ht0=#2\dp0=#3\relax\box0}}
1060 \newlength\AMC@mn@test
1061 \newlength\AMC@mn@sep\AMC@mn@sep=4mm
1062 \newlength\AMC@mn@leftmargin
1063 \newlength\AMC@mn@rightmargin
1064 \newcommand\AMCmarginNote[1]{%
1065   \begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]%
1066     \coordinate (here) at (0,0);%
1067     \pgfextractx{\AMC@mn@test}{\pgfpointdiff{\pgfpointorigin}{%
1068       \pgfpointanchor{current page}{center}}}}%
1069   \ifodd\thepage%
1070     \AMC@mn@leftmargin=\oddsidemargin%
1071     \AMC@mn@rightmargin=\evensidemargin%
1072   \else
1073     \AMC@mn@leftmargin=\evensidemargin%
1074     \AMC@mn@rightmargin=\oddsidemargin%
1075   \fi
1076   \ifdim\AMC@mn@test < 1cm%
1077     \draw (current page.east |- here)+(-\AMC@mn@rightmargin-1in+\AMC@mn@sep,0pt) node[anchor=text,align=right, text width=\AMC@mn@leftmargin]{#1}%
1078   \else%
1079     \draw (current page.west |- here)+(0cm,0pt) node[anchor=text,align=right, text width=\AMC@mn@leftmargin]{#1}%
1080   \fi%
1081 \end{tikzpicture}%
1082 }

```

Define now different ways to place the score zone:

`none` nowhere

`question` right after the question heading

`margin` in the margin, using `marginpar` (this does not work with `multicols` environment)

`margins` in the left or right margin, depending on the current position (needs `tikz` package)

```

1083 \newcommand{\AMC@sz@box}{\AMCemptybox{\AMC@sz@width}{\AMC@sz@height}{\AMC@sz@depth}}
1084 %
1085 \newcommand{\AMC@sz@callin@question}{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sz@box}}
1086 %
1087 \newcommand{\AMC@sz@callout@margin}{\hspace{0pt}\marginpar{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sz@box}}}
1088 %
1089 \newcommand{\AMC@sz@init@margins}{\PackageWarning{automultiplechoice}{Please run twice to get proper margins}}
1090 \newcommand{\AMC@sz@callout@margins}{\hspace{0pt}\AMCmarginNote{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sz@box}}}

```

Let us now set up options handling.

```

1091 \newlength\AMC@sz@width
1092 \newlength\AMC@sz@height
1093 \newlength\AMC@sz@depth
1094 \def\AMC@sz@callout{}
1095 \def\AMC@sz@callin{}
1096 \define@key{AMCsz}{width}{\AMC@sz@width=#1}
1097 \define@key{AMCsz}{height}{\AMC@sz@height=#1}
1098 \define@key{AMCsz}{depth}{\AMC@sz@depth=#1}
1099 \define@key{AMCsz}{calloutside}{\def\AMC@sz@callout{#1}}
1100 \define@key{AMCsz}{callinside}{\def\AMC@sz@callin{#1}}
1101 \define@choicekey{AMCsz}{position}{none,question,margin,margins}{%
1102   \ifcsname AMC@sz@callout@\#1\endcsname%
1103     \def\AMC@sz@callout{AMC@sz@callout@\#1}%
1104   \else%
1105     \def\AMC@sz@callout{}%
1106   \fi%
1107   \ifcsname AMC@sz@callin@\#1\endcsname%
1108     \def\AMC@sz@callin{AMC@sz@callin@\#1}%
1109   \else%
1110     \def\AMC@sz@callin{}%
1111   \fi%
1112   \ifcsname AMC@sz@init@\#1\endcsname%
1113     \csname AMC@sz@init@\#1\endcsname%
1114   \fi%
1115 }
1116 \newcommand{\AMCsetScoreZone}[1]{\setkeys{AMCsz}{#1}}
1117 \AMCsetScoreZone{width=1.5em,height=1.5ex,depth=.5ex,position=none}

```

And do the same for \AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet...

```

1118 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@box}{\AMCemptybox{\AMC@sza@width}{\AMC@sza@height}{\AMC@sza@depth}}
1119 %
1120 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@init@none}{}
1121 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callout@none}{}
1122 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callin@none}{}
1123 %
1124 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@init@question}{}
1125 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callout@question}{}
1126 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callin@question}{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sza@box}}
1127 %
1128 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@init@margin}{}
1129 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callout@margin}{\hspace{0pt}\marginpar{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sza@box}}}
1130 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callin@margin}{}
1131 %
1132 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@init@margins}{\PackageWarning{automultiplechoice}{Please run twice to get proper margins}}

```

```

1133 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callout@margins}{\hspace{0pt}\AMCmarginNote{\AMCscoreZone{\AMC@sz@box}}}
1134 \newcommand{\AMC@sza@callin@margins}{}
1135 %
1136 \newlength\AMC@sza@width
1137 \newlength\AMC@sza@height
1138 \newlength\AMC@sza@depth
1139 \def\AMC@sza@callout{}
1140 \def\AMC@sza@callin{}
1141 \define@key{AMCsza}{width}{\AMC@sza@width=#1}
1142 \define@key{AMCsza}{height}{\AMC@sza@height=#1}
1143 \define@key{AMCsza}{depth}{\AMC@sza@depth=#1}
1144 \define@key{AMCsza}{calloutoutside}{\def\AMC@sza@callout{#1}}
1145 \define@key{AMCsza}{callinside}{\def\AMC@sza@callin{#1}}
1146 \define@choicekey{AMCsza}{position}{none,question,margin,margins}{%
1147   \ifcsname AMC@sza@callout@\#1\endcsname%
1148     \def\AMC@sza@callout{\AMC@sza@callout@\#1}%
1149   \else%
1150     \def\AMC@sza@callout{}%
1151   \fi%
1152   \ifcsname AMC@sza@callin@\#1\endcsname%
1153     \def\AMC@sza@callin{\AMC@sza@callin@\#1}%
1154   \else%
1155     \def\AMC@sza@callin{}%
1156   \fi%
1157   \ifcsname AMC@sza@init@\#1\endcsname%
1158     \csname AMC@sza@init@\#1\endcsname%
1159   \fi%
1160 }
1161 \newcommand{\AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet}[1]{\setkeys{AMCsza}{#1}}
1162 \AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet{width=1.5em,height=1.5ex,depth=.5ex,position=none}
1163 \newcommand{\AMCnoScoreZone}{\AMCsetScoreZone{position=none}\AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet{position=none}}

```

4.11.5 Formatting questions

\AMCquestionaff The counter \AMCquestionaff keeps track of the current question number. It can be redefined by the user, for example to print several questions without a number, and then print questions with a number starting at one.

\AMC@stepQuestion \AMC@stepQuestion will increase this counter and \AMC@qaff will format the question number out.

```

1164 \newcounter{AMCquestionaff}
1165 \newcommand{\AMCnumero}[1]{\setcounter{AMCquestionaff}{#1}\addtocounter{AMCquestionaff}{-1}}
1166 \AtBeginDocument{%
1167   \ifx@\skiphyperreftrue@\undefined%
1168     \expandafter\newif\csname if@\skiphyperref\endcsname%
1169   \fi%
1170 }
1171 \newcommand\AMC@stepQuestion{\ifAMCquestionNumber@\skiphyperreftrue\refstepcounter{AMCquestionaff}\@skiphy}
1172 \newcommand\AMC@qaff{\arabic{AMCquestionaff}}

```

\AMCbeforeQuestion The command \AMCbeforeQuestion opens a new question. The command \AMCbeginQuestion{*n*}‐{*sign*} will format the question header, where *n* is the question number and *sign* being \multiSymbole in case of a multiple question, and empty in case of a simple one. \AMCbeforeQuestion, \AMCbeginQuestion and \multiSymbole can be user-redifined.

```

1173 \def\AMCbeforeQuestion{\ifAMC@qbloc\else\par\noindent\fi}
1174 \def\AMCbeginQuestion#1#2{\noindent\AMC@loc@q{#1}{#2}%
1175   \ifx@\empty\AMC@sz@callin\empty\hspace*{1em}\fi%
1176 }
1177 \def\multiSymbole{$clubsuit$}

```

`question` Environment `{question}{<key>}` encloses a simple question (with one and only one correct choice) with associated unique key `<key>` and the proposed answers.

`questionmult` Environment `{questionmult}{<key>}` is the same for multiple questions (with none, one or several correct choices).

`variable-single` Environment `{questionmultx}{<key>}` is the same as `questionmult`, but with no use of `\multiSymbole`.

`variable-multi` Environment `{questionouverte}[<width>]` is used for open questions (that won't be marked automatically!), with width given as an optional argument (defaults to 3 cm).

`questionouverte` The command `\AMCexternalQuestion{<id>}{<maxscore>}` allows to declare a question that will be scored outside AMC, with a maximal score `<maxscore>`. When you use this command, you can manage the question number and question text freely (AMC won't handle this).

```

1178 \ifx\question\undefined\else\let\question\undefined\fi
1179 \def\AMCnobloc{\AMC@qblocfalse}
1180 \def\AMCbloc{\AMC@qbloctrue}
1181 \newcommand\AMCstartWithQuestion[1]{%
1182   \global\def\AMCid@name{#1}\AMC@affecte{#1}{\AMCid@quest}%
1183   \ifAMC@calibration%
1184     \AMCmessage{Q=\the\AMCid@quest}%
1185     \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\question{\the\AMCid@quest}{\AMCid@name}}%
1186   \fi%
1187 }
1188 \newcommand\AMCexternalQuestion[2]{%
1189   \AMCstartWithQuestion{#1}%
1190   \ifAMC@calibration%
1191     \AMCmessage{B=MAX=#2}%
1192     \AMCmessage{MULT}%
1193     \AMCmessage{FQ}%
1194   \fi%
1195 }
1196 \newenvironment{question}[2][]{%
1197   \def\AMCcurrentenv{question}%
1198   \AMC@stepQuestion%
1199   \AMCstartWithQuestion{#2}%
1200   \AMCbeforeQuestion%
1201   \ifx@\empty\AMC@sz@callout\empty\else%
1202     \csname\AMC@sz@callout\endcsname%
1203   \fi%
1204   \AMCtype@multifalse\ifAMC@qbloc\ifAMC@textPos\vbox\bgroup\AMC@tracepos{1}{qtext:#2:\the\AMCid@quest,0}\fi%
1205   \ifAMC@affichekeys\index{\texttt{#2}}\ifAMC@keysline[\texttt{#2}]\newline\fi\fi%
1206   \AMCbeginQuestion\ifAMC@affichekeys\ifAMC@ensemble\AMC@qaff\ \fi\ifAMC@keysline\else[\texttt{#2}]\fi\else%
1207   \ifx@\empty\AMC@sz@callin\empty\else%
1208     \csname\AMC@sz@callin\endcsname%
1209   \fi%
1210   \AMCformulaire@dedansfalse\setcounter{AMC@ncase}{0}%
1211   \AMC@mem@openQuestion}%
1212 {\ifAMC@qbloc\end{minipage}\ifAMC@textPos\AMC@tracepos{1}{qtext:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,0}\egroup\AMC@tracepos{1}{qtext:\AMCid@name:\the\AMCid@quest,0}\fi%
1213 \newenvironment{questionmult}[1]{%

```

```

1214 \AMCune@bonnefalse\begin{question}[\{\{\multiSymbole\}\}]\#1\%
1215 \AMCtype@multittrue\ifAMC@calibration%
1216 \AMCmessage{MULT}\fi\%
1217 {\end{question}}
1218 \newenvironment{variable-single}[2]
1219 {\def\AMCbeginQuestion##1##2{}}
1220 \begin{questionmult}\#1\scoring{v=#2}
1221 \begin{tikz-single}[o]
1222 {\end{tikz-single}}
1223 \end{questionmult}
1224 \newenvironment{variable-multi}[4]
1225 {\def\AMCbeginQuestion##1##2{}}
1226 \begin{questionmult}\#1\scoring{v=#4}
1227 \begin{tikz-multi}[o]
1228 \node[#3] (var) at (0,0) {#2};}
1229 {\end{tikz-multi}}
1230 \end{questionmult}
1231 \newenvironment{questionmultx}[1]\%
1232 \begingroup\def\multiSymbole{}\begin{questionmult}\#1}\%
1233 {\end{questionmult}\endgroup}
1234 \newdimen\ouverte@vs
1235 \newenvironment{questionouverte}[1][3cm]\%
1236 \AMC@stepQuestion%
1237 \AMCtype@multifalse\ouverte@vs=#1\%
1238 \ifAMC@qbloc\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}\fi\%
1239 \AMCbeginQuestion{\AMC@qaff}\}{}\%
1240 {\vspace*{\ouverte@vs}\ifAMC@qbloc\end{minipage}\vspace{3ex}\fi}

```

4.11.6 Explanations

\explain The command `\explain{<text>}` is used inside question-like environments to give the explanation for the answers of a question. The command `\explaincontext{<text>}` inserts its argument only in the corrected paper.

```

1241 \newcommand{\explain}[1]\%
1242 \ifAMC@correthead%
1243 \AMCif@env{question}{\par\noindent{\AMC@loc@explain #1}}{\AMC@error@explain}\vspace{1ex}\%
1244 \else%
1245 \AMCif@env{question}{}{\AMC@error@explain}%
1246 \fi\%
1247 }
1248 \newcommand{\explaincontext}[1]\%
1249 \ifAMC@correc%
1250 #1%
1251 \fi\%
1252 }

```

4.12 Scoring

\scoring Scoring strategies are simply transmitted to the .amc file for later analysis.

\scoringDefaultS `\scoring{<score>}` details the scoring strategy for current question or current answer, **\scoringDefaultM** `\scoringDefaultS{<score>}` and `\scoringDefaultM{<score>}` gives default scoring strategy for simple and multiple questions, and `\QuestionIndicative` tells that the current question is not

no be taken into account in the global mark.

```
1253 \def\scoring#1{\ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{B=#1}\fi}
1254 \def\scoringDefaultS#1{\ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{BDS=#1}\fi}
1255 \def\scoringDefaultM#1{\ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{BDM=#1}\fi}
1256 \def\QuestionIndicative{\ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{INDIC}\fi}
```

4.13 Numerical data

4.13.1 Codes

Students can code some numerical information (such as student number) through special questions, which can be formatted easily with the command `\AMCcodeGrid[opts]{key}{descr}`, where *key* is a key prefix and *descr* is a coma-separated list of character pools to offer. The characters entered by the student will be available through the questions *key*[1], ..., *key*[*length(descr)*].

As an example,

\AMCcodeGrid{code}{ABCD,012345,012345,012345,012345} produces the opposite boxes (two results are show here: without or with `separateanswersheet` option), and trace positions of all the boxes in the .xy file with the `code` identifier: the first digit is represented by question with key `code[6]`, the second by question with key `code[5]`, and so on.

Positions of the boxes are logged in the .xy file, as shown in section 5.3 for the first set of boxes (without `separateansw ersheet`, with digits outside boxes).

The “horizontal” version can also be considered using option `h`, especially with a small number of digits. See opposite for the result of `\AMCcodeGrid[h]{code}{ABCDEF}`.

The `\AMCcodeGridInt[opts]{key}{n}` is a shortcut for

These two commands supports the following options (given as a comma-separated list optional)

These two commands supports the following options (given as a comma separated list optional argument *<opts>*):

- `vertical=true` or `false` to indicate the direction to be used (default is `true`);
 - `h` is a shortcut for `vertical=false`;
 - `v` is a shortcut for `vertical=true`;
 - `top` to request top-aligned columns in vertical direction.
 - `multi` for codes that are repeated on each page.

```
1257 \newcount\AMC@chiffres  
1258 \newdimen\AMCcodeHspace\AMCcodeHspace=.5em
```

□	0	□	0	□	0	□	0	
□	1	□	1	□	1	□	1	
A	□	2	□	2	□	2	□	2
B	□	3	□	3	□	3	□	3
C	□	4	□	4	□	4	□	4
D	□	5	□	5	□	5	□	5

	0	0	0	0
	1	1	1	1
A	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3
C	4	4	4	4
D	5	5	5	5

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> F				
<input type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
<input type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9

```

1259 \newdimen\AMCcodeVspace\AMCcodeVspace=.5em
1260 \newcommand\AMCcodeID@squarebrackets[2]{#1[#2]}
1261 \newcommand\AMCcodeID@dot[2]{#1.#2}
1262 \newcommand\AMCcodeID@@[1]{%
1263   \expandafter\def\expandafter\AMCcodeID\expandafter{\csname AMCcodeID@#1\endcsname}%
1264   \def\AMCcodeID@mode{#1}%
1265 }
1266 \AMCcodeID@@{squarebrackets}
1267 \ExplSyntaxOn
1268
1269 \clist_new:N \amc_code_descr_clist
1270 \seq_new:N \amc_code_digits_seq
1271 \int_new:N \amc_code_digit_n_int
1272 \bool_new:N \amc_code_vertical_bool
1273 \bool_new:N \amc_code_top_bool
1274 \bool_new:N \amc_code_multi_bool
1275 \clist_new:N \amc__multi_clist
1276
1277 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_init:N #1 {
1278   \def\AMCbeginQuestion##1##2{}
1279   \def\AMCbeforeQuestion{}
1280   \AMCnoScoreZone
1281   \AMCquestionNumberfalse
1282   \setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
1283   \AMCnobloc
1284   \int_set:Nn \amc_code_digit_n_int { \clist_count:N #1 }
1285 }
1286
1287 \cs_new:Nn \amc_code_digit_init: {
1288   \QuestionIndicative
1289   \global\AMCrep@count=\z@
1290 }
1291
1292 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_digit:n #1 {
1293   \global\advance\AMCrep@count\@ne\relax
1294   \ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{ REP = \the\AMCrep@count : M }\fi
1295   \hbox{\AMC@keyBox@{#1}{}{1}{case : \AMCid@name : \the\AMCid@quest , \the\AMCrep@count}}
1296   \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_vertical_bool {
1297     \vspace{\AMCcodeVspace}
1298   }{
1299     \hspace{\AMCcodeHspace}
1300   }
1301 }
1302
1303 \keys_define:nn { amccode } {
1304   vertical .bool_set:N = \amc_code_vertical_bool,
1305   vertical .initial:n = { true },
1306   vertical .default:n = { true },
1307   v .code:n = { \bool_set_true:N \amc_code_vertical_bool },
1308   h .code:n = { \bool_set_false:N \amc_code_vertical_bool },
1309   top .bool_set:N = \amc_code_top_bool,
1310   top .initial:n = { false },
1311   top .default:n = { true },

```

```

1312 multi .bool_set:N = \amc_code_multi_bool,
1313 multi .initial:n = { false },
1314 multi .default:n = { true }
1315 }
1316
1317 \cs_new_nopar:Nn \amc_multi_report: {
1318   \ifAMC@calibration
1319     \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{multi=\clist_use:Nn\amc__multi_clist{,}}}
1320   \fi
1321 }
1322 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@multi@report \amc_multi_report:
1323 \int_new:N \amc_multi_count_int
1324 \cs_new_nopar:Nn \amc_multi_clear: {
1325   \int_gzero:N \amc_multi_count_int
1326 }
1327 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMC@multiclear \amc_multi_clear:
1328
1329 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_generate:nNn #1#2#3 {
1330   { \keys_set:nn { amccode } { #3 }
1331     \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_multi_bool {
1332       \clist_gset:Nn \amc__multi_clist { #1 }
1333     } {}
1334     \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_multi_bool { \int_gincr:N \amc_multi_count_int } {}
1335     \amc_code_init:N #2
1336     \clist_map_inline:Nn #2 { % iterates over 'digits'
1337       \begin{question}{%
1338         \AMCcodeID{ #1 \bool_if:NTF
1339           \amc_code_multi_bool
1340           { * \int_use:N \amc_multi_count_int } {} }
1341         { \int_use:N \amc_code_digit_n_int }
1342       }
1343       \amc_code_digit_init:
1344       \seq_set_split:Nnn \amc_code_digits_seq {} { ##1 }
1345       \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_vertical_bool {
1346         \hspace{0pt}
1347         \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_top_bool { \vtop } { \vbox }
1348         \bgroup
1349       }{
1350         \hbox\bgroup
1351       }
1352       \seq_map_inline:Nn \amc_code_digits_seq {
1353         % iterates over available characters for 'digit'
1354         \amc_code_digit:n { #####1 }
1355       }
1356       \bool_if:NTF \amc_code_vertical_bool {
1357         \vspace{-\AMCcodeVspace}\egroup
1358         \hspace{\AMCcodeHspace}
1359       }{
1360         \egroup\vspace{\AMCcodeVspace}
1361         \par
1362       }
1363     \end{question}
1364     \int_decr:N \amc_code_digit_n_int

```

```

1365      }
1366    }
1367 }
1368
1369 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_generate:nnn #1#2#3 {
1370   \clist_set:Nn \amc_code_descr_clist { #2 }
1371   \amc_code_generate:nNn { #1 } \amc_code_descr_clist { #3 }
1372 }
1373 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_code_generate:nnn { xxx }
1374 \newcommand{\AMCcodeGrid}[3][]{%
1375   \amc_code_generate:xxx { #2 } { #3 } { #1 }
1376 }
1377
1378 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_generate_integer:nnn #1#2#3 {
1379   \clist_clear:N \amc_code_descr_clist
1380   \prg_replicate:nn { #2 } { \clist_put_right:Nn \amc_code_descr_clist { 0123456789 } }
1381   \amc_code_generate:nNn { #1 } \amc_code_descr_clist { #3 }
1382 }
1383 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_code_generate_integer:nnn { xxx }
1384 \newcommand{\AMCcodeGridInt}[3][]{%
1385   \amc_code_generate_integer:xxx { #2 } { #3 } { #1 }
1386 }
1387
1388 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_generate_integer_v:nn #1#2 {
1389   \amc_code_generate_integer:nnn { #1 } { #2 } { v }
1390 }
1391 \cs_new:Npn \amc_code_generate_integer_h:nn #1#2 {
1392   \amc_code_generate_integer:nnn { #1 } { #2 } { h }
1393 }
1394 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_code_generate_integer_v:nn { xx }
1395 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_code_generate_integer_h:nn { xx }
1396 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCcode \amc_code_generate_integer_v:xx
1397 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCcodeH \amc_code_generate_integer_h:xx
1398
1399 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

4.13.2 Numerical questions

AMCnumericChoices The command `\AMCnumericChoices{<correct>}{<options>}` can be used as a replacement for the `choices` environment when the questions asks for a numeric value to code on the answer sheet.

As an example,

```

\begin{question}{product}
  What is the value of $7\times 5$?
  \AMCnumericChoices{35}{digits=2,sign=false}
\end{question}

```

produces (in correction mode):

Question 11 What is the value of 7×5 ?

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>								

and these boxes are only shown on the separate answer sheet if the `separateanswersheet` option is used.

This command uses the `\AMCformatChoices{<showcommand>}{{<hidecommand>}{<arg1>}{<arg2>}}` command, that calls either `<hidecommand>{<arg1>}{<arg2>}` if the `separateanswersheet` option is used and if we are currently in the question part (not in the answer sheet), or `<showcommand>{<arg1>}{<arg2>}` when all the boxes are to be produced.

```
1400 \newcommand\AMCformatChoices[4]{%
1401   \global\AMC@rep@count=\z@%
1402   \AMC@if@separate@question{%
1403     \AMC@mem@add{\global\AMC@rep@count=\z@%
1404       #1{#3}{#4}}%
1405   }%
1406   \ifAMC@ensemble{%
1407     #2{#3}{#4}%
1408     \AMCmessage{QPART}%
1409   }%
1410   #1{#3}{#4}%
1411 }%
1412 }
```

Some computation commands are now defined. The command `\amc_fp_decompose:NNn{<fp var>}{{int var}}{<x>}` sets `<fp var>` to be the *mantissa* and `<int var>` the *exponent* of the floating point number `<x>`. For example, `\amc_fp_decompose:NNn\mant_fp\expo_int{123.456}` give the value 1.23456 to `\mant_fp` and 2 to `\expo_int` (because $123.456 = 1.23456 \times 10^2$).

The command `\amc_fp_to_digits:Nnnn{<clist>}{<x>}{n digits}{base}` rounds the floating point number `<x>` and populates the comma separated list `<clist>` with its `<n digits>` digits in base `<base>`. An error is issued if `<x>` would have required more digits.

```
1413 \ExplSyntaxOn
1414
1415 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_replace_once:Nnn { Nnx }
1416
1417 \tl_new:N \amc_ee_tl
1418 \seq_new:N \amc_ee_seq
```

Note that with some versions of `13fp-convert` (prior to 2017-09-18), `\fp_to_scientific` leads to a ‘e’ with catcode 12 (*other*). We convert it to catcode *letter* before splitting.

```
1419 \group_begin:
1420 \char_set_catcode_other:N E
1421 \tex_lowercase:D
1422 {
1423   \cs_new:Npn \amc_read_scientific:NNn #1 #2 #3 {
1424     \tl_set:Nn \amc_ee_tl { #3 }
1425     \tl_replace_once:Nnx \amc_ee_tl { E } { e }
1426     \seq_set_split:NnV \amc_ee_seq e \amc_ee_tl
1427     \fp_set:Nn #1 { \seq_item:Nn \amc_ee_seq 1 }
1428     \int_set:Nn #2 { \seq_item:Nn \amc_ee_seq 2 }
```

```

1429 }
1430 }
1431 \group_end:
1432
1433 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_read_scientific:NNn { NNf, NNx }
1434
1435 \fp_new:N \amc_fulls_fp
1436 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_decompose>NNn #1 #2 #3 {
1437   \fp_set:Nn \amc_fulls_fp { #3 }

Note that with some versions of l3fp-convert, the exponent part is omitted for some values, so
that we add e 0.

1438   \amc_read_scientific>NNx #1 #2
1439   { \fp_to_scientific:N \amc_fulls_fp e 0 }
1440 }
1441 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_fp_decompose>NNn { NNx }
1442
1443 \fp_new:N \amc_num_mantissa_fp
1444 \int_new:N \amc_num_exponent_int
1445 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_n_significant_digits:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1446   \amc_fp_decompose>NNn \amc_num_mantissa_fp \amc_num_exponent_int
1447   { #2 }
1448   \fp_set:Nn #1
1449   { round(\amc_num_mantissa_fp * 10^((#3)-1)) }
1450   \fp_compare:nTF { abs(#1) >= 10^(#3) }
1451   {
1452     \fp_set:Nn #1 { #1 / 10 }
1453   } { }
1454 }
1455
1456 \fp_new:N \amc_num_nsig_fp
1457 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_show_n_significant_digits:nn #1 #2 {
1458   \amc_fp_n_significant_digits:Nnn \amc_num_nsig_fp { #1 } { #2 }
1459 }
1460 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCsignificantDigits \amc_fp_show_n_significant_digits:nn
1461
1462 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_show_significant_digits: {
1463   \fp_use:N \amc_num_nsig_fp
1464 }
1465 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCshowSignificantDigits \amc_fp_show_significant_digits:
1466
1467 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_n_digits:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1468   \fp_set:Nn #1
1469   { round((#2) * 10^(#3)) }
1470 }
1471
1472 \int_new:N \amc_todigits_int
1473 \cs_new:Npn \amc_fp_to_digits:Nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 {
1474   \clist_clear:N #1
1475   \int_set:Nn \amc_todigits_int { \fp_eval:n { abs(round(#2)) } }
1476   \prg_replicate:nn { #3 } {
1477     \clist_put_left:Nx #1 { \int_mod:nn \amc_todigits_int { #4 } }
1478     \int_set:Nn \amc_todigits_int
1479     { \int_div_truncate:nn \amc_todigits_int { #4 } }

```

```

1480 }
1481 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_todigits_int = 0 { } {
1482   \message{^^J!~Error:~number~too~large,
1483             ~some~digits~will~be~discarded^^J}
1484 }
1485 }
1486
1487 \cs_new:Npn \amc_invalid_digits:Nn #1 #2 {
1488   \clist_clear:N #1
1489   \prg_replicate:nn { #2 } { \clist_put_left:Nx #1 { -1 } }
1490 }
1491
1492 \cs_new:Npn \amc_get_fp_sign:Nn #1 #2 {
1493   \fp_compare:nNnTF #2 < 0 {
1494     \int_set:Nn #1 { -1 }
1495   }{
1496     \fp_compare:nNnTF #2 > 0 {
1497       \int_set:Nn #1 { 1 }
1498     }{
1499       \int_set:Nn #1 { 0 }
1500     }
1501   }
1502 }
1503
1504 \cs_new:Npn \amc_get_int_sign:Nn #1 #2 {
1505   \int_compare:nNnTF #2 < 0 {
1506     \int_set:Nn #1 { -1 }
1507   }{
1508     \int_compare:nNnTF #2 > 0 {
1509       \int_set:Nn #1 { 1 }
1510     }{
1511       \int_set:Nn #1 { 0 }
1512     }
1513   }
1514 }
1515
1516 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

The command `\AMCnumericShow{<value>}{<opts>}` is called to draw all necessary boxes to code a numerical value `<value>` with options given as a comma separated list `<opts>`. `\AMCnumericOpts{<opts>}` can be used to set some default values for these options.

Begin with the available options:

```

1517 \def\AMCncontextGoto{}
1518 \def\AMCncontextVHead#1{\emph{b#1}}
1519 \newdimen\AMCnumeric@Hspace\AMCnumeric@Hspace=.5em
1520 \newdimen\AMCnumeric@Vspace\AMCnumeric@Vspace=1ex
1521 \ExplSyntaxOn
1522
1523 \keys_define:nn { amcnumeric } {
1524   Tsign .code:n = {\def\AMCncontextSign{#1}},
1525   Tsign .initial:n = {},
1526   Tpoint .code:n = {\def\AMCdecimalPoint{#1}},
1527   Tpoint .initial:n = { \raisebox{1ex}{\bf .} },
1528   Texponent .code:n = {\def\AMCexponent{#1}},

```

```

1529 Texponent .initial:n = { $\\times10$\\textasciicircum },
1530 vspace .code:n = {\\AMCnumeric@Vspace=#1},
1531 hspace .code:n = {\\AMCnumeric@Hspace=#1},
1532 bordercol .code:n = {\\def\\AMCncol@Border{#1}},
1533 bordercol .initial:n = { lightgray },
1534 borderwidth .code:n = {\\def\\AMCncol@BorderWidth{#1}},
1535 borderwidth .initial:n = { 1mm },
1536 backgroundcol .code:n = {\\def\\AMCncol@Background{#1}},
1537 backgroundcol .initial:n = { white },
1538 digits .int_set:N = \\amc_num_ndigits_int,
1539 digits .initial:n = { 3 },
1540 decimals .int_set:N = \\amc_num_decd_int,
1541 decimals .initial:n = { 0 },
1542 exponent .int_set:N = \\amc_num_expo_int,
1543 exponent .initial:n = { 0 },
1544 base .int_set:N = \\amc_num_base_int,
1545 base .initial:n = { 10 },
1546 sign .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_sign_bool,
1547 sign .initial:n = { true },
1548 sign .default:n = { true },
1549 exposign .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_exposign_bool,
1550 exposign .initial:n = { true },
1551 exposign .default:n = { true },
1552 strict .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_strict_bool,
1553 strict .initial:n = { false },
1554 strict .default:n = { true },
1555 scoring .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_scoring_bool,
1556 scoring .initial:n = { true },
1557 scoring .default:n = { true },
1558 ignoreblank .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_ignoreblank_bool,
1559 ignoreblank .initial:n = { false },
1560 ignoreblank .default:n = { true },
1561 vertical .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_vertical_bool,
1562 vertical .initial:n = { false },
1563 vertical .default:n = { true },
1564 expovertical .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_expovertical_bool,
1565 expovertical .initial:n = { false },
1566 expovertical .default:n = { true },
1567 reverse .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_reverse_bool,
1568 reverse .initial:n = { false },
1569 reverse .default:n = { true },
1570 vhead .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_vhead_bool,
1571 vhead .initial:n = { false },
1572 vhead .default:n = { true },
1573 nonzero .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_nozero_bool,
1574 nonzero .initial:n = { false },
1575 nonzero .default:n = { true },
1576 significant .bool_set:N = \\amc_num_significant_bool,
1577 significant .initial:n = { false },
1578 significant .default:n = { true },
1579 scoreexact .code:n = {\\def\\AMC@numeric@scoreexact{#1}},
1580 scoreexact .initial:n = { 2 },
1581 scoreapprox .code:n = {\\def\\AMC@numeric@scoreapprox{#1}},

```

```

1582 scoreapprox .initial:n = { 1 },
1583 scorewrong .code:n = {\def\AMC@numeric@scorewrong{\#1}},
1584 scorewrong .initial:n = { 0 },
1585 exact .int_set:N = \amc_num_exact_int,
1586 exact .initial:n = { 0 },
1587 approx .int_set:N = \amc_num_approx_int,
1588 approx .initial:n = { 0 },
1589 keepas .code:n = {\def\AMC@numeric@keepas{\#1}},
1590 keepas .initial:n = {},
1591 alsocorrect .code:n = {\def\AMC@numeric@alsocorrect{\#1}},
1592 alsocorrect .initial:n = {}
1593 }
1594
1595 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_setopt #1 {
1596   \keys_set:nn { amcnumeric } { #1 }
1597 }
1598
1599 \cs_new_nopar:Nn \amc_num_check_score_opts: {
1600   \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_ignoreblank_bool {
1601     \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_base_int = { 10 } { } {
1602       \message{^^J!~Error:~ignoreblank~can~only~be~used~with~number~base~10^^J}
1603     }
1604   } {}
1605 }
1606
1607 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCnumericOpts \amc_num_setopt
1608

```

The command `\amc_num_char:nn{\langle inside\rangle}{\langle answer\rangle}` draw a box with content $\langle inside\rangle$ (only if needed), where $\langle answer\rangle$ is `\AMC@checkbox` if the corresponding choice is correct and empty if not.

```

1609 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_char:nn #1 #2 {
1610   \global\advance\AMCrep@count\@ne\relax
1611   \AMCmessage{REP= \the\AMCrep@count :
1612     \ifx#2\AMC@checkbox B\else M\fi }
1613 \ifAMC@correc
1614   \protect\AMC@keyBox@{\#1}{\#2}{1}{case : \AMCid@name :
1615     \the\AMCid@quest , \the\AMCrep@count}
1616 \else
1617   \protect\AMC@keyBox@{\#1}{\#2}{1}{case : \AMCid@name :
1618     \the\AMCid@quest , \the\AMCrep@count}
1619 \fi
1620 }

```

The command `\amc_num_digit_box:nn{\langle i\rangle}{\langle j\rangle}` draws a box for current digit value $\langle i\rangle$, where $\langle j\rangle$ is the correct value for the current digit. If $\langle i\rangle$ is greater than 9, it is converted to a character from the English alphabet (A for 10, B for 11...)

```

1621 \int_new:N \amc_num_digit_value_int
1622 \tl_new:N \amc_num_digit_value_tl
1623 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_digit_box:nn #1 #2 {
1624   \int_set:Nn \amc_num_digit_value_int { #1 }
1625   \tl_set:Nn \amc_num_digit_value_tl {
1626     \int_compare:nNnTF { \amc_num_digit_value_int } < { 10 }
1627     { \int_to_arabic:n { \amc_num_digit_value_int } }

```

```

1628     { \int_to_Alph:n { \amc_num_digit_value_int - 9 } }
1629   }
1630 \int_compare:nNnTF { #1 } = { #2 } {
1631   \amc_num_char:nn{ \tl_use:N \amc_num_digit_value_tl }
1632   {\AMC@checkbox}
1633 } {
1634   \amc_num_char:nn{ \tl_use:N \amc_num_digit_value_tl }
1635   {}
1636 }
1637 }
```

The command `\amc_num_sign_boxes:Nn{<sign>}{<prefix>}` draws two boxes for the students to code the sign (with a right value given by the boolean `<negative>`).

```

1638 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_sign_boxes:Nn #1 #2 {
1639   \int_case:nn { #1 } {
1640     { -1 } {
1641       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$+$}{}}}
1642       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1643       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =1}
1644       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$-$}{\AMC@checkbox}}
1645       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =-1}
1646     }
1647     { 1 } {
1648       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$+$}{\AMC@checkbox}}
1649       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1650       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =1}
1651       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$-$}{}}}
1652       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =-1}
1653     }
1654     { 0 } {
1655       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$+$}{}}}
1656       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1657       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =1}
1658       \hbox{\amc_num_char:nn{$-$}{}}}
1659       \AMCmessage{B=set. sign #2 =-1}
1660     }
1661   }
1662 }
```

The command `\amc_num_digit_boxes_h:nnn{<varname>}{<correct>}{<maxdigit>}` draws a serie of boxes for all possible values of a digit (from 0 to `<maxdigit>`), where the correct value is `<correct>`, transmitting scoring data to AMC so that the variable `<varname>` will be set to the value chosen by the student.

```

1663 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_digit_boxes_h:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1664   \int_step_inline:nnnn
1665   { \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_nozero_bool { 1 } { 0 } }
1666   { 1 } { #3 - 1 } {
1667     \amc_num_digit_box:nn { ##1 }{ #2 }
1668     \AMCmessage{B= set. #1 = ##1}
1669     \hspace{\AMCnumeric@Hspace}
1670   }
1671   \hspace{-\AMCnumeric@Hspace}
1672 }
1673 }
```

```

1674 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_digit_boxes_v:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1675   \int_step_inline:nnnn
1676   { \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_nozero_bool { 1 } { 0 } }
1677   { 1 } { #3 - 1 } {
1678     \vbox{\hbox{
1679       \amc_num_digit_box:nn { ##1 }{ #2 }
1680     }}
1681     \AMCmessage{B= set. #1 = ##1}
1682     \int_compare:nNnTF { ##1 } < { #3 - 1 } {
1683       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1684     } {}
1685   }
1686 }
1687
1688 \int_new:N \amc_num_first_digit_int
1689 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_digit_boxes_vr:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1690   \int_set:Nn \amc_num_first_digit_int
1691   { \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_nozero_bool { 1 } { 0 } }
1692   \int_step_inline:nnnn { #3 - 1 } { -1 }
1693   \amc_num_first_digit_int {
1694     \vbox{\hbox{
1695       \amc_num_digit_box:nn { ##1 }{ #2 }
1696     }}
1697     \AMCmessage{B= set. #1 = ##1}
1698     \int_compare:nNnTF { ##1 } > \amc_num_first_digit_int {
1699       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1700     } {}
1701   }
1702 }

```

The command `\amc_num_integer_boxes_v:Nnn{<correct digits>}{<prefix>}{<decimals>}` draws boxes for integer entry, without the sign.

```
1703 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_integer_boxes_v:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
```

begin a loop over all digits,

```

1704   \int_set_eq:NN \amc_num_digit_int { \clist_count:N #1 }
1705   \clist_map_inline:Nn #1 {
    place the decimal point if necessary,

```

```

1706     \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_digit_int = { #3 } {
1707       \hbox{ \AMCdecimalPoint }\hspace{\AMCnumeric@Hspace}
1708     } {}

```

draw the box for this digit,

```

1709     \hbox{\vbox{
1710       \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_vhead_bool {
1711         \vbox{\hbox{\AMCtextVHead{ \int_eval:n
1712           { \amc_num_digit_int - 1 } }}}}
1713       \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1714     } {}}
1715     \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_reverse_bool {
1716       \amc_num_digit_boxes_vr:nnn { #2
1717         \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int }
1718       { ##1 } { \amc_num_base_int }
1719     } {}

```

```

1720      \amc_num_digit_boxes_v:nnn { #2
1721          \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int }
1722          { ##1 } { \amc_num_base_int }
1723      }
1724  }

```

and end the loop over digits, adding space if this is not the last one.

```

1725  \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_digit_int > 1 {
1726      \hspace{\AMCnumeric@Hspace}
1727  } { }
1728  \int_decr:N \amc_num_digit_int
1729 }
1730 }
1731

```

The command `\amc_num_integer_boxes_h:Nnn{<correct digits>}{<prefix>}{<decimals>}` does the same, in horizontal mode.

```

1732
1733 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_integer_boxes_h:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
1734     \vbox{
1735         \int_set_eq:NN \amc_num_digit_int { \clist_count:N #1 }
1736         \clist_map_inline:Nn #1 {
1737             \int_compare:nNnTF
1738             \amc_num_digit_int = { #3 } {
1739                 \hbox{ \AMCdecimalPoint }
1740             } { }
1741             \hbox{
1742                 \amc_num_digit_boxes_h:nnn { #2
1743                     \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int }
1744                     { ##1 } \amc_num_base_int
1745                 }
1746                 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_digit_int > 1 {
1747                     \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1748                 } { }
1749                 \int_decr:N \amc_num_digit_int
1750             }
1751 }
1752

```

Finally, `\amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN{<correct digits>}{<prefix>}{<decimals>}{<sign bool>}{<sign>}` draws boxes for integer entry, including the sign if `<sign bool>` is true. When using the `strict` option, check the + box for a null value.

```

1753
1754 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 {
1755     \hbox{
1756         \bool_if:NTF { #4 } {
1757             \vbox{
1758                 \ifx\AMCtextSign\empty\empty\else
1759                 \hbox{\AMCtextSign}\vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}\fi
1760             \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_strict_bool {
1761                 \int_compare:nNnTF { #5 } = 0 {
1762                     \amc_num_sign_boxes:Nn { 1 } { #2 }
1763                 }{
1764                     \amc_num_sign_boxes:Nn { #5 } { #2 }

```

```

1765         }
1766     }{
1767         \amc_num_sign_boxes:Nn { #5 } { #2 }
1768     }
1769 }
1770 \hspace{.5em}
1771 \vrule
1772 \hspace{.5em}
1773 } {
1774 \hbox{
1775     \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_vertical_bool
1776     \amc_num_integer_boxes_v:Nnn \amc_num_integer_boxes_h:Nnn
1777     #1 { #2 } { #3 }
1778 }
1779 }
1780 }
1781

```

The command `\amc_num_build_integer_scoring:Nnnnn{tl var}{{sign bool}}{{prefix}}{{n}{{decimals}}}` builds a scoring to compute an integer from a serie of $\langle n \rangle$ -digits boxes (from which $\langle \text{decimals} \rangle$ are for decimals), with name prefix $\langle \text{prefix} \rangle$, using a sign variable if $\langle \text{sign bool} \rangle$ is true.

```

1782
1783 \cs_new:Npn \amc_num_build_integer_scoring:Nnnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 {
1784     \amc_num_check_score_opts:
1785     \tl_clear:N #1
1786     \int_set_eq:NN \amc_num_digit_int { #4 }
1787     \int_while_do:nNnn \amc_num_digit_int > 0 {
1788         \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_strict_bool {
1789             \AMCmessage{B=requires. #3
1790                 \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int = 1}
1791         } {
1792             \AMCmessage{B=default. #3
1793                 \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int =
1794                 \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_ignoreblank_bool { } { 0 }
1795             }
1796         }
1797         \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_digit_int = #4 { } {
1798             \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_ignoreblank_bool {
1799                 \tl_put_right:Nx #1 { ~.~ }
1800                 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_digit_int = #5 {
1801                     \tl_put_right:Nx #1 { ..~.~ }
1802                 } { }
1803             } {
1804                 \tl_put_left:Nn #1 { ( }
1805                 \tl_put_right:Nx #1 { ) * }
1806                 \int_use:N \amc_num_base_int + }
1807             }
1808         }
1809         \tl_put_right:Nx #1
1810         { #3 \int_to_Alph:n \amc_num_digit_int }
1811         \int_decr:N \amc_num_digit_int
1812     }
1813     \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_ignoreblank_bool {
1814         \tl_put_left:Nn #1 { ( 0 + ( }

```

```

1815   \tl_put_right:Nn #1 { ) ) }
1816   \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_decd_int > 0 {
1817     \tl_put_right:Nx #1 { * ( 10 ** \int_eval:n { #5 } ) )
1818   } { }
1819 } {
1820   \tl_put_left:Nn #1 { ( }
1821   \tl_put_right:Nn #1 { ) }
1822 }
1823 \bool_if:NTF { #2 } {
1824   \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_strict_bool {
1825     \AMCmessage{B=requires. sign #3 =1}
1826   } {
1827     \AMCmessage{B=default. sign #3 =1}
1828   }
1829   \tl_put_right:Nx #1 { * ( sign #3 ) )
1830 } { }
1831 }
1832

```

Then the command `\AMCnumericShow{x}{{options}}` itself:

```

1833
1834 \fp_new:N \amc_num_result_fp
1835 \fp_new:N \amc_num_correct_fp
1836 \clist_new:N \amc_num_digits_clist
1837 \clist_new:N \amc_num_expo_digits_clist
1838 \int_new:N \amc_num_digit_int
1839 \int_new:N \amc_num_sign_int
1840 \int_new:N \amc_num_expo_sign_int
1841 \tl_new:N \amc_num_compute_tl
1842 \tl_new:N \amc_num_expo_tl
1843 \int_new:N \amc_num_correct_expo_int
1844
1845 \cs_new:Npn \amc_numeric_show:nn #1 #2 {

```

We have to tell AMC that the scoring we will give concerns this question:

```

1846   \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans
1847     \AMCmessage{Q=\the\AMCid@quest}
1848   \fi\fi

```

Then we parse the options from `opts`:

```

1849 {\keys_set:nn { amcnumeric } { #2 }
1850   \bool_if:nTF { \bool_if_p:N\amc_num_significant_bool
1851     && \int_compare_p:n { \amc_num_base_int != 10 } } {
1852       \message{^^J!~AMCnumeric~Error:~significant=true~can't~be~used~with~base!=10.^^J}
1853     } {}
1854   \bool_if:nTF { \int_compare_p:n { \amc_num_expo_int != 0 }
1855     && \int_compare_p:n { \amc_num_base_int != 10 } } {
1856       \message{^^J!~AMCnumeric~Error:~scientific~notation~can't~be~used~with~base!=10.^^J}
1857     } {}

```

Convert the floating point correct value to integer, taking into account the parameters `significant`, `exponent` and `decimals`:

```

1858 \ifx\empty\empty\empty
1859   \fp_set:Nn \amc_num_correct_fp { 0 }
1860   \fp_set:Nn \amc_num_mantissa_fp { 0 }

```

```

1861     \int_set:Nn \amc_num_correct_expo_int { 0 }
1862 \else
1863 \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_significant_bool {
1864     \amc_fp_n_significant_digits:Nnn \amc_num_correct_fp { #1 } \amc_num_ndigits_int
1865 } {
1866     \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1867         \amc_fp_decompose:NNn \amc_num_mantissa_fp \amc_num_correct_expo_int { #1 }
1868         \int_compare:nNnTF { \amc_num_ndigits_int - \amc_num_decd_int } > 1 {
1869             \fp_set:Nn \amc_num_mantissa_fp {
1870                 \amc_num_mantissa_fp * 10^( \amc_num_ndigits_int - \amc_num_decd_int - 1 )
1871             }
1872             \int_set:Nn \amc_num_correct_expo_int {
1873                 \amc_num_correct_expo_int - ( \amc_num_ndigits_int - \amc_num_decd_int - 1 )
1874             }
1875         } {}
1876         \amc_fp_n_digits:Nnn \amc_num_correct_fp \amc_num_mantissa_fp \amc_num_decd_int
1877     } {
1878         \amc_fp_n_digits:Nnn \amc_num_correct_fp { #1 } \amc_num_decd_int
1879     }
1880 }
1881 \fi

```

Now extracts the required digits:

```

1882 \ifx\@empty#1\@empty
1883     \amc_invalid_digits:Nn \amc_num_digits_clist \amc_num_ndigits_int
1884     \amc_invalid_digits:Nn \amc_num_expo_digits_clist \amc_num_expo_int
1885     \int_set:Nn \amc_num_sign_int { 0 }
1886     \int_set:Nn \amc_num_expo_sign_int { 0 }
1887 \else
1888     \amc_fp_to_digits:Nnnn \amc_num_digits_clist \amc_num_correct_fp
1889         \amc_num_ndigits_int \amc_num_base_int
1890     \amc_get_fp_sign:Nn \amc_num_sign_int \amc_num_correct_fp
1891     \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1892         \amc_fp_to_digits:Nnnn \amc_num_expo_digits_clist \amc_num_correct_expo_int
1893             \amc_num_expo_int \amc_num_base_int
1894         \amc_get_int_sign:Nn \amc_num_expo_sign_int \amc_num_correct_expo_int
1895     } {}
1896 \fi

```

The question scoring is given to AMC (if requested by the `scoring=true` option). Note that the variable `intV` refers to the correct value, and `intX` to the value entered by the student.

```

1897 \fp_set:Nn \amc_num_result_fp { #1 }
1898 \AMCmessage{B=numval=\fp_to_scientific:N \amc_num_result_fp ,
1899     numex=\int_use:N \amc_num_exact_int,
1900     numapp=\int_use:N \amc_num_approx_int,
1901     numsex=\AMC@numeric@scoreexact,
1902     numsapp=\AMC@numeric@scoreapprox
1903 }
1904 \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_scoring_bool {
1905     \AMCmessage{B=haut=,mz=,d=undef,p=undef,
1906         formula=(Vdifference <= \int_use:N \amc_num_exact_int ?
1907             \AMC@numeric@scoreexact :
1908             \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_approx_int = 0 {
1909                 \AMC@numeric@scorewrong

```

```

1910     } {
1911         (Vdifference <= \int_use:N\amc_num_approx_int ?
1912             \AMC@numeric@scoreapprox : \AMC@numeric@scorewrong)
1913     }
1914 }
1915 } {}
1916 \amc_num_build_integer_scoring:Nnnnn
1917     \amc_num_compute_tl \amc_num_sign_bool { digit } \amc_num_ndigits_int
1918     \amc_num_decd_int
1919 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1920     \amc_num_build_integer_scoring:Nnnnn
1921         \amc_num_expo_tl \amc_num_exposign_bool { expo } \amc_num_expo_int { 0 }
1922         \AMCmessage{B= set. intE = \amc_num_expo_tl}
1923 } {}
1924 \AMCmessage{B= set.intV = \fp_to_int:N\amc_num_correct_fp ,
1925     set.intXX = \amc_num_compute_tl }
1926 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1927     \AMCmessage{B= set.intX = intXX * \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int **( intE - (\int_use:N\amc_num_correct_fp -
1928 ) *
1929     \AMCmessage{B= set.intX = intXX}
1930 }
1931 \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1932     \AMCmessage{B= set.valueX = intXX * \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int ** (intE - \int_use:N\amc_num_decd_int )
1933 } {
1934     \AMCmessage{B= set.valueX = intXX * \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int ** (- \int_use:N\amc_num_decd_int)}
1935 }
1936 \ifx\empty\AMC@numeric@keepas\empty\else
1937 \AMCmessage{B= setglobal.\AMC@numeric@keepas = valueX}
1938 \fi
1939 \ifx\empty\empty\empty
1940 \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_significant_bool {
1941     \AMCmessage{B=set.Vdifference=0}
1942 } {
1943     \ifx\empty\AMC@numeric@alsocorrect\empty
1944         \AMCmessage{B=set.Vdifference=0}
1945     \else
1946         \AMCmessage{B="set.Vdifference =
1947             amcvdifference( \AMC@numeric@alsocorrect, valueX, \int_use:N\amc_num_decd_int, \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int )"}
1948     "}
1949     \fi
1950 }
1951 \else
1952 \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_significant_bool {
1953     \AMCmessage{B=set.Vdifference="min( abs((intV)-(intX)) ,
1954         abs(\int_use:N\amc_num_base_int * (intV) - (intX)) ,
1955         abs((intV) - \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int * (intX)) )"}
1956 } {
1957     \ifx\empty\AMC@numeric@alsocorrect\empty
1958         \AMCmessage{B=set.Vdifference=abs((intV)-(intX))}
1959     \else
1960         \AMCmessage{B="set.Vdifference =
1961             min( amcvdifference( \AMC@numeric@alsocorrect, valueX, \int_use:N\amc_num_decd_int, \int_use:N\amc_num_base_int ) )"}
1962     "}

```

```

1963      \fi
1964  }
1965 \fi

Begin now with the frame around all the boxes:

1966 \ifAMC@extractOnly\else
1967 \vspace{1.5ex}\par{
1968   \fboxrule=\AMCncol@BorderWidth
1969   \fcolorbox{\AMCncol@Border}{\AMCncol@Background}{
1970     \bool_if:NTF \amc_num_expovertical_bool {
1971       \hbox{\vbox{
1972         \vbox{\amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN
1973           \amc_num_digits_clist { digit } \amc_num_decd_int \amc_num_sign_bool
1974           \amc_num_sign_int}
1975         \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1976           \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1977           \vbox{\hbox{\AMCexponent}}
1978           \vspace{\AMCnumeric@Vspace}
1979           \vbox{\amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN
1980             \amc_num_expo_digits_clist { expo } { 0 } \amc_num_exposign_bool
1981             \amc_num_expo_sign_int}
1982         } {}
1983       }{}}
1984     } {
1985       \amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN
1986       \amc_num_digits_clist { digit } \amc_num_decd_int \amc_num_sign_bool
1987       \amc_num_sign_int
1988       \int_compare:nNnTF \amc_num_expo_int > 0 {
1989         \hspace{\AMCnumeric@Hspace}\AMCexponent\hspace{\AMCnumeric@Hspace}
1990         \amc_num_integer_boxes:NnnNN
1991         \amc_num_expo_digits_clist { expo } { 0 } \amc_num_exposign_bool
1992         \amc_num_expo_sign_int
1993       } {}
1994     } {}
1995   } {}
1996 }
1997 \fi

```

And tell AMC that we finished with this question:

```

1998 \ifAMC@ensemble\else\vspace{1.5ex}\par\fi
1999 \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans
2000   \AMCmessage{FQ}
2001 \fi\fi
2002 }
2003 }
2004
2005 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCnumericShow \amc_numeric_show:nn
2006

```

\AMCnumericHide is called when the boxes are not to be drawn (in the question sheets for separate answer sheet layout), and \AMCnumericChoices{\langle value \rangle}{\langle options \rangle} is the function to be used in the LaTeX source code of the exam.

```

2007 \cs_new:Npn \amc_numeric_hide:nn #1 #2 {
2008   \keys_set:nn { amcnumeric } { #2 }

```

```

2009 \AMCncontextGoto
2010 \ifAMC@qbloc\else\vspace{1.5ex}\par\fi
2011 }
2012
2013 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCnumericHide \amc_numeric_hide:nn
2014
2015 \ExplSyntaxOff
2016 \def\AMCnumericChoicesPlain{%
2017 \AMC@if@separate@question{\AMC@mem@category{numeric}}{%
2018 \AMCformatChoices{\AMCnumericShow}{\AMCnumericHide}}%
2019 }

```

The $\{value\}$ argument is often given as a macro, that is to be expanded before calling `\AMCnumericChoicesPlain`, so that its value will be the same in the separate answer sheet...

```

2020 \ExplSyntaxOn
2021
2022 \cs_new:Npn \amc_numeric_choices:nn #1#2 {
2023 \AMCnumericChoicesPlain{#1}{#2}
2024 }
2025 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \amc_numeric_choices:nn { xn }
2026 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCnumericChoices \amc_numeric_choices:xn
2027
2028 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

4.13.3 Intervals

`\AMCIntervals` The command `\AMCIntervals{\langle x\rangle}{\langle x0\rangle}{\langle x1\rangle}{\langle delta\rangle}` can be used to present answers as intervals $[x_i, x_i + \delta]$ covering $[\langle x0\rangle, \langle x1\rangle]$, such that the only interval containing $\langle x\rangle$ is declared as `\correctchoice`, and the other as `\wrongchoice`.

For this command to work, one has to load package `fp`.

As an example,

```

\begin{question}{quarter}
In which interval falls $1/4$?
\begin{multicols}{5}
\begin{choices}[o]
\AMCIntervals{0.25}{0}{1}{0.1}
\end{choices}
\end{multicols}
\end{question}

```

produces (in correction mode):

Question 12 In which interval falls $1/4$?

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> [0, 0.1[| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> [0.2, 0.3[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.4, 0.5[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.6, 0.7[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.8, 0.9[|
| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.1, 0.2[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.3, 0.4[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.5, 0.6[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.7, 0.8[| <input type="checkbox"/> [0.9, 1[|

Note that the interval formatting can be changed redefining the `\AMCintervalFormat` command, which is originally defined as

```
2029 \def\AMCintervalFormat#1#2{[#1,\,#2[]}
```

to follow local conventions (writting $[a, b)$ instead of $[a, b[$ is for example a common usage).

```

2030 \ExplSyntaxOn
2031
2032 \fp_new:N \amc_interv_a
2033 \fp_new:N \amc_interv_b
2034 \cs_new:Npn \amc_intervals:nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 {
2035   \fp_set:Nn \amc_interv_a { #2 }
2036   \fp_do_while:nn { \amc_interv_a < #3 } {
2037     \fp_set:Nn \amc_interv_b { \amc_interv_a + #4 }
2038     \fp_compare:nTF { \amc_interv_a <= #1 < \amc_interv_b }
2039       \correctchoice \wrongchoice
2040     {\AMCIntervalFormat{\fp_use:N \amc_interv_a}{\fp_use:N \amc_interv_b}}
2041     \fp_set:Nn \amc_interv_a \amc_interv_b
2042   }
2043 }
2044 \cs_new_eq:NN \AMCIntervals \amc_intervals:nnnn
2045
2046 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

4.14 Open questions

\AMCOpen The command `\AMCOpen{<options>}{}{<choices>}` can be used as a replacement for the `choices` environment when asking the student to write some answer by hand. The teacher will correct and mark this answer either on the paper before scanning, or with manual data capture, thanks to the scoring boxes.

As an example,

```

\begin{question}{Linux}
What is the first name of the person who started working on the Linux kernel?
\AMCOpen{}{\wrongchoice[w]{w}\scoring{0}\correctchoice[c]{c}\scoring{2}}
\end{question}

```

shows:

Question 13	What is the first name of the person who started working on the Linux kernel?	<input type="checkbox"/> w <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c
	

The teacher will have to tick the ‘w’ box for wrong answers, and the ‘c’ box for correct answers.

Begin with the options definitions:

```

2047 \def\AMCotextGoto{}
2048 \def\AMCotextReserved{}
2049 \def\AMCocol@Background{lightgray}
2050 \def\AMCocol@BoxFrameRule{white}
2051 \def\AMCocol@FrameRule{black}
2052 \def\AMCocol@Foreground{}
2053 \def\AMCopen@answer{}
2054 \def\AMCopen@question{}

```

```

2055 \def\AMCopen@lineuptext{}
2056 \define@key{AMCOpen}{backgroundcol}{\def\AMCocol@Background{\#1}}
2057 \define@key{AMCOpen}{foregroundcol}{\def\AMCocol@Foreground{\#1}}
2058 \define@key{AMCOpen}{Treserved}{\def\AMCotextReserved{\#1}}
2059 \define@key{AMCOpen}{question}[\AMCid@name]{\def\AMCopen@question{\#1}}
2060 \define@key{AMCOpen}{answer}{\def\AMCopen@answer{\#1}}
2061 \define@key{AMCOpen}{contentcommand}[AMCopen@lines]{\def\AMCopen@contentcommand{\#1}}
2062 \newdimen\AMCopen@Hspace\AMCopen@Hspace=.5em
2063 \define@key{AMCOpen}{hspace}{\AMCopen@Hspace=\#1}
2064 \def\AMCopen@Width{.95\linewidth}
2065 \define@key{AMCOpen}{width}{\def\AMCopen@Width{\#1}}
2066 \newdimen\AMCopen@LineHeight\AMCopen@LineHeight=1cm
2067 \define@key{AMCOpen}{lineheight}{\AMCopen@LineHeight=\#1}
2068 \newcount\AMCopen@Lines\AMCopen@Lines=1
2069 \define@key{AMCOpen}{lines}{\AMCopen@Lines=\#1}
2070 \newdimen\AMCopen@boxmargin\AMCopen@boxmargin=3pt
2071 \define@key{AMCOpen}{boxmargin}{\AMCopen@boxmargin=\#1}
2072 \newdimen\AMCopen@boxframerule\AMCopen@boxframerule=1pt
2073 \define@key{AMCOpen}{boxframerule}{\AMCopen@boxframerule=\#1}
2074 \define@key{AMCOpen}{boxframerulecol}{\def\AMCocol@BoxFrameRule{\#1}}
2075 \define@key{AMCOpen}{framerulecol}{\def\AMCocol@FrameRule{\#1}}
2076 \newdimen\AMCopen@framerule\AMCopen@framerule=1pt
2077 \define@key{AMCOpen}{framerule}{\AMCopen@framerule=\#1}
2078 \define@key{AMCOpen}{lineuptext}{\def\AMCopen@lineuptext{\#1}}
2079 \define@boolkey{AMCOpen}{dots}[true]{}
2080 \define@boolkey{AMCOpen}{scan}[true]{}
2081 \define@boolkey{AMCOpen}{retick}[true]{}
2082 \define@boolkey{AMCOpen}{annotate}[false]{}
2083 \define@boolkey{AMCOpen}{lineup}[false]{}
2084 \setkeys{AMCOpen}{dots,scan,retick,annotate,lineup,contentcommand}
2085 \newcommand\AMCopen@Opts[1]{\setkeys{AMCOpen}{\#1}}

```

The command `\AMCopen` is similar to `\AMCnumericChoices`, calling either `\AMCopenShow` or `\AMCopenHide`.

```

2086 \newcommand\AMCopen@lines{%
2087   \begin{minipage}{\AMCopen@Width}%
2088     \loop\vspace{\AMCopen@LineHeight}%
2089     \hspace*{.5em}\ifAMC@correc\smash{\AMCopen@answer}\def\AMCopen@answer{} \fi%
2090     \ifKV@AMCOpen@dots%
2091     \dotfill\hspace*{.5em}%
2092   \fi
2093   \ifnum\AMCopen@Lines>\@ne\par\advance\AMCopen@Lines\m@ne\repeat%
2094 \end{minipage}%
2095 }
2096 \newcommand\AMCopenShow[2]{%
2097   \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans%
2098     \AMCmessage{Q=\the\AMCid@quest}%
2099   \fi\fi%
2100   {\setkeys{AMCOpen}{\#1}%
2101     \ifKV@AMCOpen@lineup%
2102       \ifAMC@ensemble\else%
2103         \ifx\@empty\AMCopen@lineuptext\empty\fi%
2104       \fi%
2105     \ifAMC@correc\smash{\AMCopen@answer}\fi%

```

```

2106      \ifx\@empty\AMCopen@lineuptext\@empty%
2107          \dotfill%
2108      \else%
2109          \AMCopen@lineuptext\hfill%
2110      \fi%
2111  \else%
2112      \hspace*{.5em}\linebreak[1]\hspace*{\fill}%
2113  \fi%
2114 {\AMCnoCompleteMulti%
2115     \def\AMCbeginAnswer{}\def\AMCendAnswer{}%
2116     \def\AMCanswer##1##2{\ifAMC@ensemble ##1\else%
2117         \ifAMC@inside@box ##1\else{\AMCboxOutsideLetter{##1}{##2}}\fi\fi%
2118         \hspace{\AMCopen@Hspace}%
2119     \fboxsep=\AMCopen@boxmargin%
2120     \fboxrule=\AMCopen@boxframerule%
2121     \fcolorbox{\AMCocol@BoxFrameRule}{\AMCocol@Background}{%
2122         \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCopen@question%
2123             \ifx\@empty\AMCopen@question\@empty\else\hspace{\AMCopen@Hspace}\fi%
2124         \fi%
2125         \begin{choicescustom}[o]{%
2126             \ifx\AMCocol@Foreground\@empty\@empty\else%
2127                 \def\AMC@boxcolor{\AMCocol@Foreground}%
2128             \fi%
2129             #2%
2130             \ifKV@AMCOpen@scan\else\AMCdontScan\fi%
2131             \ifKV@AMCOpen@retick\AMCreTick\fi%
2132             \ifKV@AMCOpen@annotate\else\AMCdontAnnotate\fi%
2133         \end{choicescustom}%
2134         \ifx\@empty\AMCotextReserved\@empty%
2135             \hspace{-\AMCopen@Hspace}%
2136         \else%
2137             \ifx\AMCocol@Foreground\@empty\@empty%
2138                 \AMCotextReserved%
2139             \else%
2140                 \textcolor{\AMCocol@Foreground}{\AMCotextReserved}%
2141             \fi%
2142             \fi%
2143         }%
2144     \ifKV@AMCOpen@lineup\else%
2145         \par\nobreak\noindent%
2146         \hspace*{\fill}%
2147         \fboxrule=\AMCopen@framerule%
2148         \fcolorbox{\AMCocol@FrameRule}{white}{%
2149             \csname\AMCopen@contentcommand\endcsname
2150         }%
2151         \vspace{\AMCpost0quest}\par%
2152     \fi%
2153   }%
2154 \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans%
2155     \AMCmessage{FQ}%
2156     \fi\fi%
2157 }
2158 \newcommand\AMCopenHide[2]{%

```

```

2159  \AMCotextGoto%
2160  \ifAMC@qbloc\else\vspace{1.5ex}\par\fi%
2161 }
2162 \def\AMCOpen{%
2163  \AMC@if@separate@question{\AMC@mem@category{open}}%
2164  \AMCformatChoices{\AMCopenShow}{\AMCopenHide}%
2165 }

```

4.15 Boxes with letters only

\AMCBoxOnly Sometimes the letters printed in the boxes (or just after them) are enough to describe the answers. In such cases, printing the boxes both on the question and on the answer sheet is not necessary. The `\AMCBoxOnly{<options>}{<choices>}` can be used as a replacement for the `choices` environment:

```

\begin{question}{arm}
  Which letter shows the \textit{arm} on the diagram?
  \AMCBoxOnly{ordered=true}{\wrongchoice[A]{}\correctchoice[B]{}%
    \wrongchoice[C]{}\wrongchoice[D]{}}
\end{question}

2166 \def\AMCbotextGoto{}
2167 \def\AMCbo@help{}
2168 \define@key{AMCBoxOnly}{help}{\def\AMCbo@help{\#1}}
2169 \define@boolkey{AMCBoxOnly}{ordered}[false]{}
2170 \setkeys{AMCBoxOnly}{ordered}
2171 \newcommand\AMCboOpts[1]{\setkeys{AMCBoxOnly}{#1}}
2172 \newcommand\AMCboShow[2]{%
  2173  \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans%
  2174    \AMCmessage{Q=\the\AMCid@quest}%
  2175  \fi\fi%
  2176  {\setkeys{AMCBoxOnly}{#1}%
  2177    \def\AMCbeginAnswer{}\def\AMCendAnswer{}%
  2178    \def\AMCanswer##1##2{\hspace{\AMCformHSpace} \ifAMC@ensemble ##1\else%
  2179      \ifAMC@inside@box ##1\else{\AMCboxOutsideLetter{##1}{##2}}\fi\fi%
  2180    }%
  2181    \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCbo@help\fi%
  2182    \ifKV@AMCBoxOnly@ordered%
  2183      \begin{choicescustom}[o]%
  2184    \else%
  2185      \begin{choicescustom}%
  2186    \fi%
  2187    #2
  2188    \end{choicescustom}%
  2189  }%
  2190  \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMCformulaire@dedans%
  2191  \AMCmessage{FQ}%
  2192  \fi\fi%
  2193 }
2194 \newcommand\AMCboHide[2]{%
  2195  \AMCbotextGoto%
  2196  \ifAMC@qbloc\else\vspace{1.5ex}\par\fi%
  2197 }

```

```

2198 \def\AMCBoxOnly{%
2199   \AMC@if@separate@question{\AMC@mem@category{box}}{%
2200     \AMCformatChoices{\AMCboShow}{\AMCboHide}%
2201   }%

```

4.16 Page formatting

4.16.1 Watermark

\AMCw@termark These commands are used to print a grey “DRAFT” under each page, so as to prevent from
\AMCw@terprint printing old versions of the subject.

```

2202 \DeclareFontShape{OT1}{cmr}{b}{n}{<35->cmr17}{}
2203 \def\AMC@watertext{\AMC@loc@draft}
2204 \newcommand\AMCw@termark{%
2205   \setlength{\tempdimb}{.5\paperwidth}%
2206   \setlength{\tempdimc}{-.5\paperheight}%
2207   \put(\strip@pt\tempdimb,\strip@pt\tempdimc){%
2208     \makebox(0,0){\rotatebox{45}{\AMC@LR{%
2209       \textcolor[gray]{0.8}{%
2210         \fontencoding{OT1}\fontfamily{cmr}%
2211         \fontseries{b}\fontshape{n}%
2212         \fontsize{90pt}{120pt}%
2213         \selectfont
2214         \AMC@watertext}}}}}}%
2215 \newcommand\AMCw@terprint[1]{%
2216   \setbox\tempboxa\vbox to \z@{%
2217     \vbox{%
2218       \hbox to \z@{%
2219         #1\hss}\vss}%
2220   \dp\tempboxa\z@
2221   \box\tempboxa}%

```

4.16.2 Signs for scan analysis

The following code sets up all the signs to be printed on the pages so as to be able to recognize the position of the boxes on the scans. Four circles ● are printed on the corners (see \m@rqueCalage), and binary boxes show the student sheet number (see \AMCIDBoxesA), the page (see \AMCIDBoxesB) and a checking number (see \AMCIDBoxesC).

\AMC@intituleHead is the title to be printed at the beginning (used for corrected sheet, and empty on subject). \AMC@note is printed at the bottom of each page. You can change its value using \AMCsetFoot{\footnote}.

```

2222 \def\AMCercle#1#2{%
2223   {\setlength{\unitlength}{1mm}%
2224    \begin{picture} (#1,#1)(-#2,-#2)\thinlines\circle*{#1}\end{picture}}%
2225 \def\m@rqueCalage{\AMCercle{3.6}{1.8}}%
2226 \def\m@rque#1{\AMC@tracebox{1}{#1}{\m@rqueCalage}}%
2227 \def\he@dtaille#1{\par cancels the \leavevmode
2228 % introduced by https://github.com/pietvo/fancyhdr/commit/6b1ad10eeb5bc3d804f3cd2cf193e6440d0229e6
2229 \par\vbox to 1cm{#1}}%
2230 \def\he@dbas#1{\he@dtaille{\vspace*{\fill}#1}}%
2231 \def\he@dhaut#1{\he@dtaille{#1\vspace*{\fill}}}%
2232 \def\AMC@intituleHead{\AMC@loc@corrected}%

```

```

2233 \def\AMC@note{}%
2234 \def\AMCsetFoot#1{\def\AMC@note{#1}%
2235 \newcommand\AMCStudentNumber{\the\AMCid@etud}%
2236 \newcommand\AMCIDBoxesA{\AMC@binaryCode{id=1,ndigits=\AMC@NCBetud}{\the\AMCid@etud}}%
2237 \newcommand\AMCIDBoxesB{\AMC@binaryCode{id=2,ndigits=\AMC@NCBpage}{\thepage}}%
2238 \newcommand\AMCIDBoxesC{\AMC@binaryCode{id=3,ndigits=\AMC@NCBcheck}{\the\AMCid@check}}%
2239 \newcommand\AMCIDBoxesABC{%
2240   \hbox{\vbox{\noindent\AMCIDBoxesA\%
2241     \noindent\AMCIDBoxesB\AMCIDBoxesC}}%
2242 }%
2243 \AtBeginPage{\ifAMC@pagelayout\global\advance\AMCid@check\m@ne%
2244   \ifnum\AMCid@check<1\global\AMCid@check=\AMCid@checkmax\fi%
2245   \AMC@pagepos%
2246   \ifAMC@watermark\ifAMC@correthead\else\AMCw@terprint{\AMCw@termark}\%
2247   \fi\fi\fi}%
2248 \fancypagestyle{AMCpageHeadOnly}{%
2249   \fancyhf{}\fancyhead[C]{\textsc{\AMC@intituleHead}}%
2250   \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}%
2251   \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0pt}%
2252 }%
2253 \fancypagestyle{AMCpageFull}{%
2254   \fancyhf{}%
2255   \fancyhead[L]{\AMC@LR{\he@dbas{\leavevmode\m@rque{positionHG}}}}%
2256   \fancyhead[R]{\AMC@LR{\he@dbas{\leavevmode\m@rque{positionHD}}}}%
2257   \fancyfoot[L]{\AMC@LR{\leavevmode\m@rque{positionBG}}}}%
2258   \fancyfoot[R]{\AMC@LR{\leavevmode\m@rque{positionBD}}}}%
2259   \fancyhead[C]{\AMC@LR{\he@dhaut{%
2260     \begin{minipage}[b]{\AMC@CBtaille}\AMCboxColor{black}%
2261       \ifAMCids@top\vbox to \AMCids@height{\texttt{+\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage/\the\AMCid@check+}}\fi%
2262       \AMCIDBoxesABC
2263     \end{minipage}%
2264     \ifAMCids@side\hbox to \AMCids@width{\hspace*\fill}%
2265       \texttt{+\the\AMCid@etud/\thepage/\the\AMCid@check+}\fi%
2266   }}}}}%
2267 \fancyhoffset[EOLR]{5mm}%
2268 \fancyfoot[C]{\AMC@note}%
2269 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}%
2270 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0pt}%
2271 }%
2272 \newcommand\AMCsubjectPageTag{%
2273   \fbox{\texttt{\the\AMCid@etud:\thepage}}%
2274 }%
2275 \fancypagestyle{AMCpageNoMarks}{%
2276   \fancyhf{}%
2277   \fancyhead[R]{\AMCsubjectPageTag}%
2278   \fancyfoot[C]{\AMC@note}%
2279   \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}%
2280   \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0pt}%
2281 }%
2282 \fancypagestyle{AMCpageEmpty}{%
2283   \fancyhf{}%
2284   \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}%
2285   \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0pt}%

```

```

2286 }
2287 \AtBeginDocument{%
2288   \ifAMC@pagelayout%
2289     \ifAMC@correchead%
2290       \pagestyle{AMCpageHeadOnly}%
2291     \else%
2292       \pagestyle{AMCpageFull}%
2293     \fi%
2294   \fi%
2295 }

```

4.17 Defining a single exam copy content

- \onecopy The command `\onecopy[⟨n⟩]{⟨code⟩}` generates $⟨n⟩$ copies of the subject that is described in `⟨code⟩`. The L^AT_EX code `⟨code⟩` that generates a single copy can be a little long, so that the environment `examcopy` is often preferred.

```

2296 \newcommand{\onecopy}[2]{%
2297   \ifx\AMCNOMBRECopies\undefined\AMCnum@copies=#1%
2298   \else\AMCnum@copies=\AMCNOMBRECopies\fi%
2299   \AMCmessage{TOTAL=\the\AMCnum@copies}%
2300   \AMCid@etud=\AMCid@etudstart%
2301   \ifnum\AMCid@etud=0\AMCid@etud=\AMC@premierecopie\fi%
2302   \AMCid@etudfin=\AMCnum@copies%
2303   \advance\AMCid@etudfin\AMCid@etud\relax%
2304   \ifAMC@correchead\AMCid@etudfin=\AMC@premierecopie\fi%
2305   \ifAMC@pdfform\begin{Form}\fi%
2306   \loop{%
2307     \ifAMC@calibration\protected@write\AMC@XYFILE{}{%
2308       \string\rngstate{\the\AMCid@etud}{\the\AMC@SR}%
2309     }\fi%
2310     \AMC@zoneformulairefalse\setcounter{page}{1}\setcounter{section}{0}%
2311     \ifAMC@ensemble\ifAMC@automarks\pagestyle{AMCpageNoMarks}\fi\fi%
2312     \AMCnumero{1}%
2313     \ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{ETU=\the\AMCid@etud}\fi%
2314     \AMC@multiclear%
2315     \global\AMC@keepmemoryfalse%
2316     #2%
2317     \ifAMC@keepmemory\else\AMC@mem@clear\fi%
2318     \clearpage}%
2319   \advance\AMCid@etud\@ne\ifnum\AMCid@etud<\AMCid@etudfin\repeat%
2320   \global\AMCid@etudstart=\AMCid@etud%
2321   \ifAMC@pdfform\end{Form}\fi%
2322   \AMC@multi@report%
2323 }

```

- \AMCaddpageso In some situations, one needs all question sheets to have the same number of pages. The command `\AMCaddpageso{⟨n⟩}` adds enough (white) pages to get at least $⟨n⟩$ pages in the current question sheet.

```

2324 \newcount\AMC@addpages
2325 \newcommand{\AMCaddpageso}[1]{%
2326   \AMC@addpages=#1\advance\AMC@addpages\@ne%
2327   \clearpage}%

```

```

2328  \@whilenum\thepage<\AMC@addpages\do{%
2329    \ifAMC@automarks\pagestyle{\AMCpageEmpty}\fi%
2330    \hbox{}\clearpage%
2331  }%
2332 }

```

MCcleardoublepage If you want to print the subject all at one time in duplex mode, it is necessary to end each subject with an even number of pages. This can be achieved using `\AMCcleardoublepage` at the end of the copy definition. This command is also useful inserted before the separate answer sheet (if any).

```

2333 \def\AMCcleardoublepage{%
2334   \clearpage%
2335   \ifodd\thepage\else%
2336     \ifAMC@automarks\pagestyle{\AMCpageEmpty}\fi%
2337     \hbox{}\clearpage%
2338   \fi%
2339 }

```

\exemplairepair To make some differences in the copies, checking if the student sheet number is odd, with `\exemplairepair` construct, can be useful.

```
2340 \def\exemplairepair{\ifodd\AMCid@etud}
```

\AMClabel Commands `\AMClabel`, `\AMCref` and `\AMCpageref` replaces L^AT_EX's `\label`, `\ref` and `\pageref` to be able to use different labels for different sheets.

```

\AMCref
2341 \newcommand{\AMCstudentlabel}[1]{\the\AMCid@etud-\#1}
2342 \def\AMClabel#1{\expandafter\label{\AMCstudentlabel{\#1}}}
2343 \def\AMCref#1{\expandafter\ref{\AMCstudentlabel{\#1}}}
2344 \def\AMCpageref#1{\expandafter\pageref{\AMCstudentlabel{\#1}}}

```

\AMCqlabel A label can be created for current question with `\AMCqlabel{\<label>}`. This label can be used with `\AMCref` and `\AMCpageref`. This command is defined for backward compatibility only, since `\AMClabel` can also be used.

```

2345 \newcommand{\AMCqlabel}[1]{%
2346   \AMClabel{\#1}%
2347 }

```

4.18 Pre-association

\AMCassociation Association between sheets and students can be made before the exam with the `\AMCassociation[\<filename>]{\<id>}` command. The optional argument `\<filename>` will be used when printing student sheets to files.

```

2348 \newcommand{\AMCassociation}[2][]{%
2349   \ifAMC@calibration%
2350   \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\association{\the\AMCid@etud}{\#2}{\#1}}%
2351   \fi%
2352 }

```

Cstudentslistfile You can also pass AMC the path to the CSV file with students, and the unique key that can be used, with `\AMCstudentslistfile{\<path>}{\<key>}`.

```

2353 \newcommand{\AMCstudentslistfile}[2]{%
2354   \ifAMC@calibration%
2355   \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{studentslistfile=\#1}}%

```

```

2356   \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{studentslistkey=#2}}%
2357   \fi%
2358 }

```

4.19 Package options

See section 3.1 for the options descriptions.

```

2359 \def\AMC@lang@code{}
2360 \DeclareOptionX{noshuffle}{\AMC@ordretrue}
2361 \DeclareOptionX{noshufflegroups}{\AMC@shuffleGfalse}
2362 \DeclareOptionX{fullgroups}{\AMC@fullGroupstrue}
2363 \DeclareOptionX{answers}{\AMC@correcheadtrue\AMC@correcttrue}
2364 \DeclareOptionX{indivanswers}{\AMC@correcttrue}
2365 \DeclareOptionX{textpos}{\AMC@textPostrue}
2366 \DeclareOptionX{extractonly}{\AMC@extractOnlytrue\AMC@textPostrue\AMCboxStyle{shape=none}\AMCBoxedAnswers}
2367 \DeclareOptionX{box}{\AMC@qbloctrue}
2368 \DeclareOptionX{asbox}{\AMC@asqbloctrue}
2369 \DeclareOptionX{separateanswersheet}{\AMC@ensembletrue}
2370 \DeclareOptionX{digits}{\AMC@inside@digittrue}
2371 \DeclareOptionX{ordre}{\AMC@ordretrue}
2372 \DeclareOptionX{correc}{\AMC@correcheadtrue\AMC@correcttrue}
2373 \DeclareOptionX{modele}{\AMC@correcheadtrue\AMC@correcfalse\AMC@ordretrue}
2374 \DeclareOptionX{correcindiv}{\AMC@correcttrue}
2375 \DeclareOptionX{init}{\AMC@SR@time}
2376 \DeclareOptionX{bloc}{\AMC@qbloctrue}
2377 \DeclareOptionX{completemulti}{\AMC@complete@multittrue}
2378 \DeclareOptionX{insidebox}{\AMC@inside@boxtrue}
2379 \DeclareOptionX{ensemble}{\AMC@ensembletrue}
2380 \DeclareOptionX{chiffres}{\AMC@inside@digittrue}
2381 \DeclareOptionX{outsidebox}{\AMC@outside@boxtrue}
2382 \DeclareOptionX{calibration}{\AMC@calibrationtrue}
2383 \DeclareOptionX{nowatermark}{\AMC@watermarkfalse}
2384 \newcommand\AMC@catalogMode{%
2385   \AMC@catalogtrue%
2386   \AMC@watermarkfalse\AMC@correcheadtrue%
2387   \AMC@correcttrue\AMC@ordretrue\AMC@shuffleGfalse%
2388   \AMC@fullGroupstrue%
2389   \def\AMC@intituleHead{\AMC@loc@catalog}\AMC@affichekeystrue}
2390 \newcommand\AMC@keys@next{\AMC@keyslinefalse}
2391 \newcommand\AMC@keys@line{\AMC@keyslinetrue}
2392 \DeclareOptionX{catalog}{\AMC@catalogMode}
2393 \DeclareOptionX{keys}[next]{\csname AMC@keys@\#1\endcsname{}}
2394 \DeclareOptionX{francais}{\def\AMC@lang@code{FR}\AMC@loc@FR}
2395 \DeclareOptionX{lang}{\def\AMC@lang@code{\#1}\csname AMC@loc@\#1\endcsname{}}
2396 \DeclareOptionX{versionA}{%
2397   \def\AMCid@checkmax{31}\def\AMC@NCBetud{9}\def\AMC@NCBpage{4}%
2398   \def\AMC@NCBcheck{5}\setlength{\AMC@CBtaille}{4cm}%
2399   \def\AMC@premierecopie{100}%
2400   \DeclareOptionX{plain}{\AMC@plaintrue}
2401   \DeclareOptionX{nopage}{\AMC@pagelayoutfalse}
2402   \DeclareOptionX{postcorrect}{\AMC@postcorrecttrue}
2403   \DeclareOptionX{automarks}{\AMC@automarkstrue}
2404 \newif\ifAMCneeds@storebox\AMCneeds@storeboxfalse

```

```

2405 \DeclareOptionX{storebox}{\AMCneeds@storeboxtrue}
2406 \DeclareOptionX{pdfform}{\AMC@pdfformtrue}
2407 \DeclareOptionX{codedigit}{\AMCcodeID@@{\#1}}
2408 \newif\ifAMC@survey\AMC@surveyfalse
2409 \DeclareOptionX{survey}{\AMC@surveytrue}
2410 \ProcessOptionsX
2411 \ifAMCneeds@storebox
2412   \RequirePackage{storebox}\AtBeginDocument{()}
2413 \fi
2414 \ifAMC@pdfform
2415   \AMCmessage{VAR:project:pdfform=1}%
2416   \AMCboxStyle{shape=form}%
2417   \RequirePackage[pageanchor=false]{hyperref}%
2418 \else%
2419   \AMCmessage{VAR:project:pdfform=0}%
2420 \fi
2421 \AtBeginDocument{%
2422   \ifAMCneeds@storebox%
2423     \let\AMC@new@savebox=\newstorebox%
2424     \let\AMC@save@box=\storebox%
2425     \let\AMC@use@box=\usestorebox%
2426   \fi%
2427   \AMC@new@savebox{\AMC@ovalbox@R}%
2428   \AMC@new@savebox{\AMC@ovalbox@RF}%
2429   \AMC@new@savebox{\AMC@ovalbox@O}%
2430   \AMC@new@savebox{\AMC@ovalbox@F}%
2431   \AMC@shapeprepare%
2432 }

```

4.20 Survey add-on

Some code and *tikz* settings to help handling surveys, see https://survey.codes/pdf/surveyamc_manual.pdf for more details. This survey add-on is originally written by Claudia Saalbach.

Questionnaires

```

auto 2433 \ifAMC@survey
question-auto 2434 \NewEnviron{Questionnaires}[1]{
  values 2435 \onecopy{#1}%
  values-auto 2436 \BODY
variable-auto 2437 }
  \answer 2438 }
  2439 \NewEnviron{auto}[1]{
  2440 \csvreader[head to column names, separator=tab]{#1}{}{%
  2441 \BODY
  2442 }
  2443 }
  2444 \NewEnviron{question-auto}[3]{
  2445 \csvreader[head to column names, separator=tab]{#1}{}{%
  2446 \ifcsvstrcmp{#2}{#3}{\BODY \\}{}%
  2447 }
  2448 }
  2449 \newenvironment{values}{}{}
```

```

2450 \NewEnviron{values-auto}[5]{
2451 \csvreader[head to column names, separator=tab]{#1}{}{
2452 \ifcsvstrcmp{#2}{#3}{
2453 \ifcsvstrcmp{#4}{#5}{\BODY \\
2454 }{}}
2455 }{}}
2456 }
2457 }
2458 \NewEnviron{variable-auto}[3]{
2459 \foreach \x in {#3}{
2460 \csvreader[head to column names, separator=tab]{#1}{}{
2461 \ifcsvstrcmp{#2}{\x}{\BODY}{}}
2462 }
2463 }
2464 }
2465 \newcommand{\answer}[5][]{\global\advance\AMCrep@count@ne\relax%
2466 \ifAMC@calibration\AMCmessage{REP=\the\AMCrep@count:B}\fi%
2467 \global\AMCune@bonnettrue%
2468 \AMCload@reponse{\une@rep{\ifAMC@correc\AMC@box{#1}{\AMC@checkbox}%
2469 \else\AMC@box{#1}{}\fi}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{\the\AMCrep@count}\ignorespaces}%
2470 \RequirePackage{tikz}
2471 \usetikzlibrary{positioning, shapes, arrows, tikzmark, decorations.pathreplacing}
2472 \tikzset{
2473   checkbox-sc/.style={
2474     right=of lab\thecsvrow
2475   },
2476   vallab-sc/.style={
2477     text width=4cm,
2478     align=left,
2479   },
2480   checkbox-mc/.style={
2481   },
2482   vallab-mc/.style={
2483     above=of box\thecsvrow,
2484     text width=1.4cm,
2485     align=center,
2486   },
2487   varlab-mc/.style={
2488     text width=4cm,
2489     align=left,
2490   },
2491   node distance= 0mm,
2492 }
2493 \fi

```

4.21 Package Errors

AMC@error@explain Error to display if \explain command is used outside question like environments

```

2494 \def\AMC@error@explain{\PackageError{automultiplechoice}%
2495   Command \protect\explain\space can only be used inside\MessageBreak question like environments}{Someti
2496 }

```

4.22 Optional features

This package tries to see if optional packages `environ` and `etex` are loadable, and load them if possible. This behaviour can be cancelled by using `plain` option.

```
2497 \ifAMC@plain
2498 \else
2499   \IfFileExists{environ.sty}{\RequirePackage{environ}}{}
2500   \ifx\TeXversion\undefined
2501   \else
2502     \RequirePackage{etex}
2503   \fi
2504 \fi
```

`examcopy` Then, if `environ` package is loaded and defines command `\NewEnviron`, environment `examcopy` is defined.

Environment `{examcopy}[(n)]` does the same as command `onecopy`: it encloses L^AT_EX code which makes *one* exam copy. Optional argument `(n)` gives the number of desired copies – this can also be modified redefining `\AMCNOMBRECOPIES`.

```
2505 \@ifpackageloaded{environ}{%
2506   \ifx\NewEnviron\undefined\PackageWarning{automultiplechoice}%
2507   {Package environ loaded but too old version:
2508     environnement examcopy/copieexamen will NOT be defined.}%
2509   \else\NewEnviron{examcopy}[1][5]{\onecopy{\BODY}}\fi}%
2510 {\PackageWarning{automultiplechoice}%
2511 {Package environ not loaded: environnement
2512   examcopy/copieexamen will NOT be defined.}}
```

4.23 Use with recent LuaTeX versions

In recent LuaTeX versions, the commands `pdfsavepos`, `pdflastxpos` and `pdflastypos` has been renamed, stripping the `pdf` part. The following code tries to detect this situation and make the bindings between the old and new command names.

```
2513 \ExplSyntaxOn
2514
2515 \cs_if_exist:NTF \pdfsavepos { } {
2516   \cs_if_exist:NTF \savepos { \cs_new_eq:NN \pdfsavepos \savepos } { }
2517 }
2518 \cs_if_exist:NTF \pdflastxpos { } {
2519   \cs_if_exist:NTF \lastxpos { \cs_new_eq:NN \pdflastxpos \lastxpos } { }
2520 }
2521 \cs_if_exist:NTF \pdflastypos { } {
2522   \cs_if_exist:NTF \lastypos { \cs_new_eq:NN \pdflastypos \lastypos } { }
2523 }
```

In some situations, the *page* dimensions are different from the *paper* dimensions. This must be taken into account when computing coordinates.

```
2524
2525 \cs_if_exist:NTF \pdfpagewidth { } {
2526   \cs_new_eq:NN \pdfpagewidth \paperwidth
2527 }
2528 \cs_if_exist:NTF \pdfpageheight { } {
2529   \cs_new_eq:NN \pdfpageheight \paperheight
```

```

2530 }
2531
2532 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

4.24 External control

\SujetExterne Some of the package options can be controlled defining `\xxxExterne` commands. For example,
\SujetExterne the following command will format the subject document, whatever options are used in the L^AT_EX
\CorrigeExterne file:
\CorrigeIndivExterne pdflatex '\nonstopmode\def\SujetExterne{1}\def\NoWatermarkExterne{1}\input{mcq.tex}'
\NoWatermarkExterne
2533 \ifx\SujetExterne\undefined\else
2534 \message{***SUJET***^~J}
2535 \AMC@calibrationtrue\AMC@correcfalse\AMC@corretheadfalse\AMC@watermarkfalse
2536 \fi
2537 \ifx\ScoringExterne\undefined\else
2538 \message{***SCORING***^~J}
2539 \AMC@calibrationtrue\AMC@correcfalse\AMC@corretheadfalse\AMC@watermarkfalse\AMC@invisibletrue
2540 \fi
2541 \ifx\CorrigeExterne\undefined\else
2542 \message{***CORRIGE***^~J}
2543 \AMC@calibrationfalse\AMC@corretheadtrue\AMC@correcttrue\AMC@watermarkfalse
2544 \fi
2545 \ifx\CorrigeIndivExterne\undefined\else
2546 \message{***CORRIGE***^~J}
2547 \AMC@calibrationfalse\AMC@corretheadfalse\AMC@correcttrue\AMC@watermarkfalse
2548 \fi
2549 \ifx\CatalogExterne\undefined\else
2550 \message{***CATALOG***^~J}
2551 \AMC@catalogMode
2552 \fi
2553 \ifx\NoWatermarkExterne\undefined\else
2554 \AMC@watermarkfalse
2555 \fi
2556 \ifx\codeDigitExterne\undefined\else
2557 \AMC@codeID@{\codeDigitExterne}
2558 \fi

4.25 Page layout

The following code sets the correct page layout to have room for signs for scan analysis, and prepares watermark printing:

```

2559 \@ifpackageloaded{geometry}{}{\usepackage{geometry}}
2560 \ifAMC@pagelayout
2561   \ifAMC@correthead
2562     \geometry{hmargin=3cm,vmargin={1cm,1cm},includeheadfoot,headheight=1cm,footskip=1cm}
2563   \else
2564     \geometry{hmargin=3cm,headheight=2cm,headsep=.3cm,footskip=1cm,top=3.5cm,bottom=2.5cm}
2565   \fi
2566   \ifAMC@watermark
2567     \ifAMC@correthead\else
2568       \def\AMC@note{\begin{minipage}{0.65\linewidth}

```

```

2569      \AMC@LR{\textcolor{blue}{\AMC@loc@message}}
2570      \end{minipage}
2571  }
2572  \fi
2573 \fi
2574 \fi

```

4.26 Initialisation

Initialisation of the check counter:

```
2575 \AMC@id@check=\AMC@id@checkmax\advance\AMC@id@check\@ne
```

Telling outside if separate answer sheet, and boxes labelling, are requested:

```

2576 \ifAMC@ensemble\AMCmessage{VAR:ensemble=1}\fi
2577 \ifAMC@inside@box\AMCmessage{VAR:insidebox=1}\fi
2578 \ifAMC@outside@box\AMCmessage{VAR:outsidebox=1}\fi
2579 \ifAMC@postcorrect\AMCmessage{VAR:postcorrect=1}\fi

```

Preparing writing to .xy file :

```

2580 \ifAMC@calibration
2581 \newwrite\AMC@XYFILE%
2582 \immediate\openout\AMC@XYFILE\jobname.xy%
2583 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\version{\AMC@VERSION}}
2584 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{codedigit=\AMC@codeID@mode}}
2585 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{version=\AMC@VERSION}}
2586 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{ensemble=\ifAMC@ensemble yes\else no\fi}}
2587 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{insidebox=\ifAMC@inside@box yes\else no\fi}}
2588 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{outsidebox=\ifAMC@outside@box yes\else no\fi}}
2589 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{postcorrect=\ifAMC@postcorrect yes\else no\fi}}
2590 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{extractonly=\ifAMC@extractOnly yes\else no\fi}}
2591 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{lang=\AMC@lang@code}}
2592 \ifx\AMCNOMBRECopies\undefined%
2593 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{ncopies=default}}%
2594 \else%
2595 \immediate\write\AMC@XYFILE{\string\with{ncopies=\AMCNOMBRECopies}}%
2596 \fi%
2597 \fi

```

4.27 French command names

For backward compatibility, a lot of commands have their french counterpart:

```

2598 \let\reponses=\choices\let\endreponses=\endchoices
2599 \let\reponseshoriz=\choiceshoriz\let\endreponseshoriz=\endchoiceshoriz
2600 \let\reponsesperso=\choicescustom\let\endreponsesperso=\endchoicescustom
2601 \let\bonne=\correctchoice
2602 \let\mauvaise=\wrongchoice
2603 \let\bareme=\scoring
2604 \let\baremeDefaultM=\scoringDefaultM
2605 \let\baremeDefaultS=\scoringDefaultS
2606 \def\exemplaire{\AMC@loc@FR\onecopy}
2607 \ifeipackageloaded{environ}{}%
2608 \let\copieexamen=\examcopy\let\endcopieexamen=\endexamcopy{}%
2609 \let\melange=groupe=\shufflegroup

```

```

2610 \let\restituegroupe=\insertgroup
2611 \let\alafin=\lastchoices
2612 \let\formulaire=\AMCform
2613 \let\AMCdebutFormulaire=\AMCformBegin
2614 \let\champnom=namefield
2615 \let\choixIntervalles=\AMCIntervals

```

5 Outputs

In the .xy file, $0/\langle n \rangle$ means student sheet number 0 (there is only one “student sheet” numbered 0 for this document as we did not use \onecopy) and page number $\langle n \rangle$ inside this student sheet. Then, each instance of the \tracepos command shows x and y positions as arguments #2 and #3 (unit is sp, such that 65536×72.27 sp is one inch). One has to take min and max of the x -values to determine the left and right position of the box, and min and max values of y -values to determine top and bottom position of the box.

5.1 namefield command

Lines in the .xy file from a \namefield command:

```

\tracepos{0/35:_zone:id:_n}{0sp}{48735204sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/35:_zone:id:_n}{5873801sp}{0sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/35:_zone:id:_n}{15861297sp}{0sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/35:_zone:id:_n}{0sp}{45750026sp}{square}

```

5.2 AMCboxedchar command

Lines in the .xy file from a \AMCboxedchar command:

```

\tracepos{0/35:test}{22855914sp}{32615979sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/35:test}{23561334sp}{31910559sp}{square}

```

5.3 AMCcode command

Lines in the .xy file from a \AMCcode command. Here, code[$\langle n \rangle$]: $\langle q \rangle$, $\langle v \rangle$ relates to digit number $\langle n \rangle$ from the right ($\langle n \rangle=1$ for units, $\langle n \rangle=2$ for tens, $\langle n \rangle=3$ for hundreds and so on), question number $\langle q \rangle$ (\AMCcode uses a fake question; this number can be ignored), and value $\langle v \rangle-1$ (box number $\langle v \rangle$ for the digit).

```

\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,1}{24875504sp}{38484742sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,1}{25580924sp}{37779322sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[5]:16,1}{A}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,2}{24875504sp}{37370630sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,2}{25580924sp}{36665210sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[5]:16,2}{B}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,3}{24875504sp}{36256518sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,3}{25580924sp}{35551098sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[5]:16,3}{C}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,4}{24875504sp}{35142406sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[5]:16,4}{25580924sp}{34436986sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[5]:16,4}{D}

```

```

\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,1}{26540303sp}{40712966sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,1}{27245723sp}{40007546sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,1}{0}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,2}{26540303sp}{39598854sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,2}{27245723sp}{38893434sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,2}{1}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,3}{26540303sp}{38484742sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,3}{27245723sp}{37779322sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,3}{2}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,4}{26540303sp}{37370630sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,4}{27245723sp}{36665210sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,4}{3}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,5}{26540303sp}{36256518sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,5}{27245723sp}{35551098sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,5}{4}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,6}{26540303sp}{35142406sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[4]:17,6}{27245723sp}{34436986sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[4]:17,6}{5}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,1}{28032160sp}{40712966sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,1}{28737580sp}{40007546sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,1}{0}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,2}{28032160sp}{39598854sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,2}{28737580sp}{38893434sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,2}{1}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,3}{28032160sp}{38484742sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,3}{28737580sp}{37779322sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,3}{2}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,4}{28032160sp}{37370630sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,4}{28737580sp}{36665210sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,4}{3}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,5}{28032160sp}{36256518sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,5}{28737580sp}{35551098sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,5}{4}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,6}{28032160sp}{35142406sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[3]:18,6}{28737580sp}{34436986sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[3]:18,6}{5}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,1}{29524017sp}{40712966sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,1}{30229437sp}{40007546sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,1}{0}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,2}{29524017sp}{39598854sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,2}{30229437sp}{38893434sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,2}{1}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,3}{29524017sp}{38484742sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,3}{30229437sp}{37779322sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,3}{2}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,4}{29524017sp}{37370630sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,4}{30229437sp}{36665210sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,4}{3}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,5}{29524017sp}{36256518sp}{square}

```

```
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,5}{30229437sp}{35551098sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,5}{4}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,6}{29524017sp}{35142406sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[2]:19,6}{30229437sp}{34436986sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[2]:19,6}{5}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,1}{31015874sp}{40712966sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,1}{31721294sp}{40007546sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,1}{0}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,2}{31015874sp}{39598854sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,2}{31721294sp}{38893434sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,2}{1}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,3}{31015874sp}{38484742sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,3}{31721294sp}{37779322sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,3}{2}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,4}{31015874sp}{37370630sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,4}{31721294sp}{36665210sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,4}{3}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,5}{31015874sp}{36256518sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,5}{31721294sp}{35551098sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,5}{4}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,6}{31015874sp}{35142406sp}{square}
\tracepos{0/58:case:code[1]:20,6}{31721294sp}{34436986sp}{square}
\boxchar{0/58:case:code[1]:20,6}{5}
```

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Samples	1
2.1	Standard layout	4
2.2	Separate answer sheet	5
2.3	Without markers	6
3	Usage	10
3.1	Package options	10
3.2	Questions and answers	11
3.3	Scoring	13
3.4	Groups of questions	14
3.5	Students identification	15
3.6	Separate answer sheet	16
3.7	Random computation questions	17
3.8	French command names	20
3.9	Customisation	20
3.9.1	Boxes	20
3.9.2	Codes	22
3.9.3	Answers	22
4	Implementation	22
4.1	Variables	23
4.2	Dimensions	25
4.3	Human readable sheet ID position	26
4.4	Localisation	27
4.4.1	English	27
4.4.2	Catalan	27
4.4.3	Dutch	28
4.4.4	French	28
4.4.5	German	28
4.4.6	Italian	29
4.4.7	Norwegian	29
4.4.8	Portuguese	29
4.4.9	Spanish	30
4.4.10	Japanese	30
4.4.11	Other languages	30
4.5	Interaction with other packages	30
4.5.1	cleveref	30
4.6	Random	31
4.6.1	Random pseudo-generator	31
4.6.2	Uniform random deviates	31
4.6.3	Tokens shuffling	31
4.7	Keys numbering	32
4.8	Boxes	32
4.8.1	Character logging	32
4.8.2	Position logging	33
4.8.3	Boxes to be checked by students	35

4.8.4	Scoring zones	40
4.8.5	Binary boxes	40
4.9	Checking Environment	42
4.10	Handling groups of questions	42
4.11	Questions	46
4.11.1	Managing answers	47
4.11.2	Separate answer sheet	48
4.11.3	Formatting answers	51
4.11.4	Score zones	53
4.11.5	Formatting questions	55
4.11.6	Explanations	57
4.12	Scoring	57
4.13	Numerical data	58
4.13.1	Codes	58
4.13.2	Numerical questions	61
4.13.3	Intervals	75
4.14	Open questions	76
4.15	Boxes with letters only	79
4.16	Page formatting	80
4.16.1	Watermark	80
4.16.2	Signs for scan analysis	80
4.17	Defining a single exam copy content	82
4.18	Pre-association	83
4.19	Package options	84
4.20	Survey add-on	85
4.21	Package Errors	86
4.22	Optional features	87
4.23	Use with recent LuaTeX versions	87
4.24	External control	88
4.25	Page layout	88
4.26	Initialisation	89
4.27	French command names	89
5	Outputs	90
5.1	<code>namefield</code> command	90
5.2	<code>AMCboxedchar</code> command	90
5.3	<code>AMCcode</code> command	90

Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols			
\\"	147, 153	1463, 1465, 1467,	1981, 1985–1988,
\@aucune	838, 842, 843	1472, 1473, 1475,	1990–1992, 2005,
\@firstoftwo	658	1477–1479, 1481,	2007, 2013, 2022,
\@ifstar	1002, 1003	1487, 1492, 1504,	2025, 2026, 2032–
\@secondoftwo	660	1538, 1540, 1542,	2038, 2040, 2041, 2044
\@skiphyperreffalse	1171	1544, 1546, 1549,	\AMC@addpages 2324, 2326, 2328
\@skiphyperreftrue	1167, 1171	1552, 1555, 1558,	\AMC@affecte
\@tempboxa	2216, 2220, 2221	1561, 1564, 1567,	278, 1182
\@tempdimb	2205, 2207	1570, 1573, 1576,	\AMC@amclog
\@tempdimc	2206, 2207	1585, 1587, 1595,	17
\~	188, 189, 194, 195	1599–1601, 1607,	\AMC@answerBox
\u	1206	1609, 1621–1628,	477
A			
\aa	174	1631, 1634, 1638,	\AMC@answerBox@
\alafin	21, 2611	1641, 1644, 1648,	358,
\amc 865, 876, 878, 880, 881,	883, 886, 887, 889,	1651, 1655, 1658,	485, 532, 534, 550,
892, 893, 896–899,	901, 903, 904, 906,	1663, 1665, 1667,	552, 618, 620, 628, 630
908, 909, 911, 913,	914, 917, 918, 920,	1674, 1676, 1679,	\AMC@binaryBoxes
921, 923, 924, 926,	927, 929, 930, 932,	1688–1691, 1693,	651
935, 936, 938, 940,	944–947, 1269–1275,	1695, 1698, 1703,	\AMC@binaryCode
1277, 1284, 1287,	1292, 1296, 1304,	1704, 1706, 1710,	... 601, 652, 2236–2238
1307–1309, 1312,	1317, 1319, 1322–	1712, 1715–1718,	\AMC@box
1325, 1327, 1329,	1331, 1332, 1334,	1720–1722, 1725,	519, 1052,
1335, 1339–1341,	1343–1345, 1347,	1728, 1733, 1735,	1053, 1056, 2468, 2469
1352, 1354, 1356,	1364, 1369–1371,	1738, 1742–1744,	\AMC@boxcolor
1373, 1375, 1378–	1381, 1383, 1385,	1746, 1749, 1754,	376–378, 380,
1388, 1389, 1391,	1392, 1394–1397,	1760, 1762, 1764,	398, 407, 419, 423, 440
1417, 1418, 1423–	1428, 1433, 1435–	1767, 1775, 1776,	\AMC@boxeddown
1439, 1441, 1443–	1446, 1449, 1456–	1783, 1784, 1786–	390, 490, 501
1458, 1460, 1462,		1788, 1790, 1793,	\AMC@boxedheight
		1794, 1797, 1798,	403, 417, 418, 420,
		1800, 1806, 1810,	421, 424, 425, 469,
		1811, 1813, 1816,	492, 496, 497, 509, 512
		1824, 1834–1843,	\AMC@boxedrule
		1845, 1850, 1851,	395, 417–419, 488, 499
		1854, 1855, 1859–	\AMC@boxedwidth
		1861, 1863, 1864,	406, 417, 418, 420,
		1866–1870, 1872,	421, 424, 425, 469,
		1873, 1876, 1878,	491, 496, 498, 509, 510
		1883–1886, 1888–	\AMC@catalogMode
		1894, 1897–1900,	2384, 2392, 2551
		1904, 1906, 1908,	\AMC@CBtaille 599, 2260, 2398
		1911, 1916–1922,	\AMC@checkbox
		1924–1927, 1931,	358, 379, 382, 432,
		1932, 1934, 1940,	434, 444, 450, 460,
		1947, 1952, 1954,	618, 620, 1052, 1612,
		1955, 1961, 1970,	1632, 1644, 1648, 2468
		1972–1975, 1979–	\AMC@chiffres
			1257
			\AMC@crosschar
			401, 504
			\AMC@crossrule
			423, 489, 505
			\AMC@definitnumero ..
			279, 283
			\AMC@draw@crossfalse ..
			381
			\AMC@draw@crosstrue ..
			383

\AMC@error@explain	100, 113,	\AMC@new@savebox
. 1243, 1245, <u>2494</u>	126, 140, 154, 167,	. . . . . 359, 2423, 2427–2430
\AMC@fillcolor@	180, 193, 206, 219, 838	\AMC@note 2233,
. 379, 397, 398, 414, 419	\AMC@loc@PT 185	2234, 2268, 2278, 2568
\AMC@fin@rep . . . <u>825</u> , 1010,	\AMC@loc@q 96, 109,	\AMC@numeric@alsocorrect
1014, 1018, 1021, 1024	123, 136, 150, 164,	. . . . . 1591,
\AMC@formBox <u>519</u>	177, 189, 203, 215, 1174	1943, 1947, 1957, 1961
\AMC@formBox@ <u>519</u>	\AMC@loc@qf 95, 108,	\AMC@numeric@keepas
\AMC@fullGroupsfalse . . . 34	122, 135, 149, 163,	. . . . . 1589, 1936, 1937
\AMC@fullGroupstrue	176, 188, 202, 214, 847	\AMC@numeric@scoreapprox
. 2362, 2388	\AMC@loc@question . . . . .	. . . . . 1581, 1902, 1912
\AMC@if@separate@question	101, 114,	\AMC@numeric@scoreexact
. 876,	127, 141, 155, 168,	. . . . . 1579, 1901, 1907
951, 956, 964, 970,	181, 194, 207, 220, 226	\AMC@numeric@scorewrong
1402, 2017, 2163, 2199	\AMC@loc@questions . . . . .	. . . . . 1583, 1909, 1912
\AMC@imax 712, 724–726	102, 115,	\AMC@numerotation
\AMC@intituleHead	128, 142, 156, 169,	. . . . . 278, 282, 283
. 2232, 2249, 2389	182, 195, 208, 221, 226	\AMC@outside@sep 494, 500
\AMC@keepmemoryfalse . . . 2315	\AMC@logchar <u>286</u> , 387	\AMC@oval@radius
\AMC@keepmemorytrue . . . 992	\AMC@logfile 17–19, 287	. . . . . 419, 493, 510, 512
\AMC@keyBox@	\AMC@LR <u>21</u> , 389,	\AMC@ovalbox@ 433, 447, 2429
. 548, 1295, 1614, 1617	2208, 2255–2259, 2569	\AMC@ovalbox@F 434, 445, 2430
\AMC@keys@line 2391	\AMC@makeovalbox 412, 431–434	\AMC@ovalbox@R
\AMC@keys@next 2390	\AMC@mem@add 906,	. . . . . 430, 431, 453, 2427
\AMC@lang@code	952, 959, 966, 973, 1403	\AMC@ovalbox@RF 432, 451, 2428
. 2359, 2394, 2395, 2591	\AMC@mem@add@ifneeded	\AMC@pagepos <u>292</u> , 2245
\AMC@loc@CA 104	863, 1212	\AMC@premierecopie
\AMC@loc@catalog 98, 111,	\AMC@mem@addsingle@ifneeded	. . . . . 600, 2301, 2304, 2399
125, 138, 152, 166,	955, 995, 997, 999, 1001	\AMC@prepare 281, 284, 285
179, 191, 205, 217, 2389	\AMC@mem@addrvar 911	\AMC@prepare@element
\AMC@loc@corrected	\AMC@mem@aid 930, 965	. . . . . 675, 683, 798
. 97, 110,	\AMC@mem@answer 962, 1025,	\AMC@printformoutside@false
124, 137, 151, 165,	1032–1034, 1039, 1045	. . . . . 523
178, 190, 204, 216, 2232	\AMC@mem@category 924,	\AMC@printformoutside@true
\AMC@loc@DE 145	958, 2017, 2163, 2199	. . . . . 525, 526
\AMC@loc@draft 92, 105,	\AMC@mem@clear 881, 2317	\AMC@printkeyoutside@false
119, 132, 146, 160,	\AMC@mem@next 901, 957, 971	. . . . . 540
173, 186, 199, 212, 2203	\AMC@mem@openQuestion	\AMC@printkeyoutside@true
\AMC@loc@ES 198	969, 1211	. . . . . 542, 544
\AMC@loc@explain 99, 112,	\AMC@mem@qidaffname 918, 972	\AMC@qaff 848, <u>1164</u> , 1206, 1239
139, 153, 192, 218, 1243	\AMC@mem@show 945, 982, 991	\AMC@save@box 360, 415, 2424
\AMC@loc@FR 131, 2394, 2606	\AMC@mem@show@filter 946, 986	\AMC@setcolors@
\AMC@loc@IT 159	\AMC@mn@leftmargin . . . . .	. . . . . 375, 396, 413, 438
\AMC@loc@JA 211	1062, 1070, 1073, 1079	\AMC@shape@form 472
\AMC@loc@message 93, 106,	\AMC@mn@rightmargin	\AMC@shape@form@base 459, 473
120, 133, 147, 161,	1063, 1071, 1074, 1077	\AMC@shape@form@ticked
174, 187, 200, 213, 2569	\AMC@mn@sep 1061, 1077, 1079	. . . . . 461, 463, 466
\AMC@loc@namesurname	\AMC@mn@test 1060, 1067, 1076	\AMC@shape@none 476
. 103, 116, 129, 143,	\AMC@multi@report 1322, 2322	\AMC@shape@oval 437
157, 170, 183, 196, 209	\AMC@multiclear 1327, 2314	\AMC@shape@square 394
\AMC@loc@NL 118	\AMC@NCBcheck 595, 2238, 2398	\AMC@shapename
\AMC@loc@NO 172	\AMC@NCBetud <u>595</u> , 2236, 2397	. . . . . 292, 300, 309, 318, 495
	\AMC@NCBpage <u>595</u> , 2237, 2397	\AMC@shapename@ 292, 390, 506

\AMC@shapeprepare
 506, 514, 2431
 \AMC@shapeprepare@form 458
 \AMC@shapeprepare@none 475
 \AMC@shapeprepare@oval 429
 \AMC@shapeprepare@square 393
 \AMC@shuffletoks
 259, 745, 748, 818
 \AMC@smashbox
 363, 366–370, 373
 \AMC@smashboxheight
 364, 367–369, 372
 \AMC@smashcentered
 . 365, 407, 408, 440, 441
 \AMC@SR ... 228, 230, 233–
 236, 238, 240, 241, 2308
 \AMC@SR@count
 233, 234, 236,
 244, 248, 251, 254–257
 \AMC@SR@time 245, 2375
 \AMC@SRadvance 231, 238, 239
 \AMC@SRbit 238
 \AMC@SRconst ... 229, 233, 236
 \AMC@SRmax 244, 272
 \AMC@SRnextByte 244
 \AMC@SRnum ... 246, 247, 249,
 250, 254, 257, 272, 273
 \AMC@SRset ... 230, 242, 243, 245
 \AMC@SRtest 239, 250
 \AMC@SRvalue 241
 \AMC@stepQuestion
 1164, 1198, 1236
 \AMC@sti 259, 267, 271, 274, 275
 \AMC@stil
 . 260, 268–270, 272, 276
 \AMC@surveyfalse 2408
 \AMC@surveytrue 2409
 \AMC@sz@box 1083,
 1085, 1087, 1090, 1133
 \AMC@sz@callin
 .. 1095, 1100, 1108,
 1110, 1175, 1207, 1208
 \AMC@sz@callin@question 1085
 \AMC@sz@callout
 1094, 1099,
 1103, 1105, 1201, 1202
 \AMC@sz@callout@margin 1087
 \AMC@sz@callout@margins 1090
 \AMC@sz@depth 1083, 1093, 1098
 \AMC@sz@height
 1083, 1092, 1097
 \AMC@sz@init@margins .. 1089
 \AMC@sz@width 1083, 1091, 1096
 \AMC@sza@box 1118, 1126, 1129
 \AMC@sza@callin 857, 858,
 1140, 1145, 1153, 1155
 \AMC@sza@callin@margin 1130
 \AMC@sza@callin@margins 1134
 \AMC@sza@callin@none .. 1122
 \AMC@sza@callin@question
 1126
 \AMC@sza@callout 853, 854,
 1139, 1144, 1148, 1150
 \AMC@sza@callout@margin 1129
 \AMC@sza@callout@margins
 1133
 \AMC@sza@callout@none .. 1121
 \AMC@sza@callout@question
 1125
 \AMC@sza@depth
 1118, 1138, 1143
 \AMC@sza@height
 1118, 1137, 1142
 \AMC@sza@init@margin .. 1128
 \AMC@sza@init@margins .. 1132
 \AMC@sza@init@none .. 1120
 \AMC@sza@init@question 1124
 \AMC@sza@width
 1118, 1136, 1141
 \AMC@tempenv 656, 657
 \AMC@tracebox
 . 292, 346, 439, 465,
 583, 585, 588, 1041, 2226
 \AMC@tracechar 334, 536, 554
 \AMC@tracepos
 293, 404, 410,
 1027, 1030, 1204, 1212
 \AMC@traceposx 302, 322
 \AMC@traceposy 311, 321, 323
 \AMC@unnumero 278
 \AMC@use@box 361,
 445, 447, 451, 453, 2425
 \AMC@VERSION 2583, 2585
 \AMC@watertext .. 2203, 2214
 \AMC@XYFILE 295,
 304, 313, 325, 330–
 332, 336, 342, 344,
 1185, 1319, 2307,
 2350, 2355, 2356,
 2581–2591, 2593, 2595
 \AMCaddpagesto 2324
 \AMCanswer
 . 1045, 1046, 2116, 2178
 \AMCassociation 2348
 \AMCbeforeQuestion
 1173, 1200, 1279
 \AMCbeginAnswer
 . 1017, 1046, 2115, 2177
 \AMCbeginQuestion
 1173, 1206,
 1219, 1225, 1239, 1278
 \AMCbin@begin 650
 \AMCbin@did 605, 613, 616,
 618, 623, 626, 628, 634
 \AMCbin@digit
 . 603, 636, 639, 645, 648
 \AMCbin@hsep 607, 610, 614, 624
 \AMCbin@id 604,
 609, 617, 618, 627, 628
 \AMCbin@ndigits
 606, 608, 645, 648
 \AMCbin@number
 . 602, 635, 638, 640, 642
 \AMCbin@one 612, 640
 \AMCbin@sequence .. 601,
 635, 640, 641, 646, 647
 \AMCbin@style 611, 635
 \AMCbin@zero .. 622, 641, 646
 \AMCbloc 1180
 \AMCbo@help . 2167, 2168, 2181
 \AMCbo@Hide 2194, 2200
 \AMCbo@Opts 2171
 \AMCbo@Show 2172, 2200
 \AMCbotext@Goto .. 2166, 2195
 \AMCboxColor 517, 2260
 \AMCboxDimensions .. 518, 635
 \AMCboxedAnswers 1004, 2366
 \AMCboxOnly 2166
 \AMCboxOutsideLetter ...
 519, 2117, 2179
 \AMCboxStyle
 ... 20, 488, 2366, 2416
 \AMCcercle 2222, 2225
 \AMCchoiceLabel ... 477, 558
 \AMCchoiceLabelFormat ..
 391, 477
 \AMCcleardoublepage 16, 2333
 \AMCcode 1396
 \AMCcodeGrid 15, 1257
 \AMCcodeGridInt .. 15, 1257
 \AMCcodeH 1397
 \AMCcodeHspace
 1258, 1299, 1358
 \AMCcodeID 1263, 1338
 \AMCcodeID@dot 1261
 \AMCcodeID@mode .. 1264, 2584

\AMCcodeID@squarebrackets 1260
 \AMCcodeVspace 1259, 1297, 1357, 1360
 \AMCcompleteMulti .. 12, 63
 \AMCcurrentenv 654, 657, 1197
 \AMCdebutFormulaire 21, 2613
 \AMCdecimalPoint 1526, 1707, 1739
 \AMCdefault@groupmode 672, 686, 687
 \AMCdontAnnotate . 330, 2132
 \AMCdontScan 330, 2130
 \AMCdump@reponses . 818, 832
 \AMCEmptybox 1058, 1083, 1118
 \AMCendAnswer 1018, 1046, 2115, 2177
 \AMCexponent 1528, 1977, 1989
 \AMCexternalQuestion .. 1188
 \AMCform 16, 863, 2612
 \AMCformAfterQuestion 846, 1212
 \AMCformAnswer 845
 \AMCformAnswerA ... 862, 966
 \AMCformatChoices 1400, 2018, 2164, 2200
 \AMCformBeforeQuestion 845, 851
 \AMCformBegin .. 16, 863, 2613
 \AMCformFilter 984
 \AMCformHSpace 66, 861, 2178
 \AMCformQuestion 845
 \AMCformQuestionA .. 849, 973
 \AMCformQuestionN .. 848, 856
 \AMCforms 863
 \AMCformVSpace 66, 845
 \AMCgroup@pre 741, 764
 \AMCgrouploop@next 766, 779, 797
 \AMCgrouploop@prep 752, 777, 795
 \AMCgrouppre@cyclic .. 735
 \AMCgrouppre@fixed .. 697
 \AMCgrouppre@withoutreplacement 713
 \AMCgrouppre@withreplacement 704
 \AMChorizAnswerSep 1035, 1036, 1044
 \AMChorizBoxSep 1037, 1038, 1041, 1043
 \AMCid@check 27, 327, 2238, 2243,
 2244, 2261, 2265, 2575
 \AMCid@checkmax 595, 2244, 2397, 2575
 \AMCid@etud 28, 289, 297, 306, 315,
 327, 330–332, 337, 352, 473, 2235, 2236,
 2261, 2265, 2273, 2300, 2301, 2303,
 2308, 2313, 2319, 2320, 2340, 2341, 2350
 \AMCid@etudfin 30, 2302–2304, 2319
 \AMCid@etudstart 29, 2300, 2320
 \AMCid@name . 65, 564, 567,
 569, 573, 575, 915, 972, 1027, 1030, 1041,
 1182, 1185, 1212, 1295, 1614, 1617, 2059
 \AMCid@quest ... 26, 330–
 332, 564, 567, 569, 573, 575, 583, 585,
 588, 914, 972, 1027, 1030, 1041,
 1184, 1185, 1204, 1212, 1295, 1615,
 1618, 1847, 2098, 2174
 \AMCIDBoxesA 2236, 2240
 \AMCIDBoxesABC .. 2239, 2262
 \AMCIDBoxesB 2237, 2241
 \AMCIDBoxesC 2238, 2241
 \AMCids@height .. 76, 87, 2261
 \AMCids@sidefalse .. 79, 81
 \AMCids@sidedtrue .. 83
 \AMCids@topfalse .. 79, 83
 \AMCids@toptrue .. 81
 \AMCids@width .. 75, 86, 2264
 \AMCidsPosition 73
 \AMCidsVar 77
 \AMCidsVarN 77, 78
 \AMCif@env .. 655, 1243, 1245
 \AMCifcategory 947
 \AMCinterBquest .. 71, 1212
 \AMCinterBrep 66, 1031
 \AMCinterIquest .. 70, 1212
 \AMCinterIrep 66, 1008
 \AMCIntervalFormat 2029, 2040
 \AMCIntervals 17, 2029, 2615
 \AMClabel 2341, 2346
 \AMCload@@reponse . 829,
 831, 1052, 1056, 2468
 \AMCload@counter 25, 807–810, 813,
 814, 818, 821–824, 827
 \AMCload@reponse .. 812, 831
 \AMClocalized 91
 \AMCloop@k 718, 724,
 728, 730, 751, 759, 768
 \AMCmarginNote 1064, 1090, 1133
 \AMCmem@elt@cat 921, 933, 937
 \AMCmessage 17,
 279, 591, 991, 1050,
 1055, 1184, 1191–
 1193, 1212, 1216,
 1253–1256, 1294,
 1408, 1611, 1643,
 1645, 1650, 1652,
 1657, 1659, 1668,
 1681, 1697, 1789,
 1792, 1825, 1827,
 1847, 1898, 1905,
 1922, 1924, 1927,
 1929, 1932, 1934,
 1937, 1941, 1944,
 1946, 1953, 1958,
 1960, 2000, 2098,
 2155, 2174, 2191,
 2299, 2313, 2415,
 2419, 2466, 2576–2579
 \AMCncol@Background 1536, 1969
 \AMCncol@Border .. 1532, 1969
 \AMCncol@BorderWidth 1534, 1968
 \AMCneeds@storeboxfalse 2404
 \AMCneeds@storeboxtrue 2405
 \AMCnobloc 1179, 1283
 \AMCnoCompleteMulti 12, 64, 2114
 \AMCNombreCopies 2297, 2298, 2592, 2595
 \AMCnoScoreZone .. 1163, 1280
 \AMCncontextGoto .. 1517, 2009
 \AMCncontextSign 1524, 1758, 1759
 \AMCncontextVHead .. 1518, 1711
 \AMCnum@copies 31, 2297–2299, 2302
 \AMCnum@questions .. 819, 821
 \AMCnumeric@Hspace 1519, 1531, 1669,
 1671, 1707, 1726, 1989

\AMCnumeric@Vspace	1520, 1530,	\AMCpost0quest	72, 2151	\AMCsubsectionNumbered	996, 1003
.	1642, 1649,	\AMCqlabel	<u>2345</u>	\AMCsubsectionStar	1000, 1003
1656,	1683,	\AMCquestionaff	<u>1164</u>	\AMCsw@p	<u>259</u>
1699,	1713,	\AMCquestionNumberfalse	1281	\AMCsw@p@	261, 263, 265
1747,	1759,	\AMCquestionNumbertrue .	45	\AMCsz@loggedfalse	579
1976,	1978	\AMCrandomseed	<u>242</u>	\AMCsz@loggedtrue	592
\AMCnumericChoices .	<u>18</u> , <u>1400</u>	\AMCref	<u>2341</u>	\AMCtext	<u>90</u>
\AMCnumericChoicesPlain	2016, 2023	\AMCrep@count	833, 835, 837	\AMCtok@ik	718,
\AMCnumericHide .	2013, 2018	\AMCrep@bloc	<u>1007</u> , <u>1025</u>	719,	721, 726–730,
\AMCnumericOpts	1607	\AMCrep@count	564, 567,	750,	758, 771, 780, 799
\AMCnumericShow .	2005, 2018	569, 573, 575,	806,	\AMCtok@k . . . . .	.
\AMCnumero	1165, 2312	815, 835,	837,	663, 678–680,	684, 799
\AMCocol@Background	2049, 2056,	927, 965,	1006, 1012,	\AMCtok@max	664
2121	2121	1016, 1020,	1023,	\AMCtok@size	665, 753–
\AMCocol@BoxFrameRule	2050, 2074,	1027, 1030,	1041,	756, 764,	772, 781, 800
2121	2121	1049, 1050,	1053–	\AMCw@termark	<u>2202</u> , 2246
\AMCocol@Foreground	2052, 2057,	1056, 1289,	1293–	\AMCw@terprint	<u>2202</u> , 2246
2126, 2127,	2137,	1295, 1401,	1403,	amcxyfile (environment)	<u>341</u>
2140		1610, 1611,	1615,	\AMCzone	346, 347
\AMCocol@FrameRule	2051, 2075,	1618, 2465,	2466, 2469	\answer	288, <u>1049</u> , <u>2433</u>
2148		\AMCrep@fini	829, 832, 836, 844	answers (option)	10
\AMCopen	<u>2047</u>	\AMCrep@init	<u>825</u> , 1009,	asbox (option)	10
\AMCopen@answer . . . . .	. . . . .	1012, 1016,	1020, 1023	\association	2350
2053, 2060,	2089,	\AMCrep@itemize	<u>1006</u> , <u>1025</u>	auto (environment)	<u>2433</u>
\AMCopen@boxframerule	2105	\AMCrep@ligne	<u>1012</u> , <u>1025</u>	automarks (option)	11
2072, 2073,	2120	\AMCrep@o	826, 828		
\AMCopen@boxmargin	2070, 2071,	\AMCrep@perso	<u>1016</u> , <u>1025</u>		
2119		\AMCrep@r	830		
\AMCopen@contentcommand	2061, 2149	\AMCrep@tikz	1020, <u>1025</u>		
2076, 2077,	2147	\AMCrep@tikzmat	<u>1023</u> , <u>1025</u>		
\AMCopen@Hspace	2062,	\AMCReTick	<u>330</u> , 2131		
2063, 2118,	2123,	\AMCrien@deux	<u>812</u> , 829		
2135		\AMCscoreZone	<u>579</u> , <u>1058</u>		
\AMCopen@LineHeight	2066, 2067,	\AMCscoreZoneAnswerSheet			
2088					
\AMCopen@Lines	2068, 2069,	\AMCsection	<u>994</u>		
2093		\AMCsectionNumbered	994, 1002		
\AMCopen@lines	2086	\AMCsectionStar	998, 1002		
\AMCopen@lineuptext 2055,	2078,	\AMCsetFoot	2234		
2103,	2106,	\AMCsetScoreZone			
2109		. . . . .	1116, 1117, 1163		
\AMCopen@question . . . . .	. . . . .	\AMCsetScoreZoneAnswerSheet . . . . .		
2054, 2059,	2122,	. . . . .	1161–1163		
2123		\AMCshowSignificantDigits			
\AMCopen@Width	2064, 2065,	. . . . .	1465		
2087		\AMCsignificantDigits	<u>1460</u>		
\AMCopenHide	2158,	\AMCstartWithQuestion			
2164		. . . . .	1181, 1189, 1199		
\AMCopenOpts	2085	\AMCstudentlabel	2341–2344		
\AMCopenShow	2096,	\AMCStudentNumber	<u>2235</u>	\c	944
2164		\AMCstudentslistfile	<u>2353</u>	calibration (option)	5, 10
\AMCotextGoto	2047,	\AMCsubjectPageTag	2272, 2277	catalog (option)	10
2159		\AMCsubsection	<u>994</u>	\CatalogExterne	2549
\AMCotextReserved	2048,				
2058,	2134,				
2138,	2140				
\AMCoutsideLabelFormat	<u>519</u>				
\AMCpageref	2344				

\champnom 21, 2614
 \char 1420
 \CheckBox 466
 chiffres (option) 21
 \choices 2598
 choices (environment) 12, 1004
 \choicescustom 2600
 choicescustom (environment) 12, 1004
 \choiceshoriz 2599
 choiceshoriz (environment) 12, 1004
 \choixIntervalles . 21, 2615
 \cleargroup 14, 787
 \clist .. 1269, 1275, 1284,
 1319, 1332, 1336,
 1370, 1379, 1380,
 1474, 1477, 1488,
 1489, 1704, 1705,
 1735, 1736, 1836, 1837
 \codeDigitExterne 2556, 2557
 completemulti (option) .. 10
 \coordinate 1066
 \copieexamen 2608
 copieexamen (environment) 21
 \copygroup 14, 787
 \copygroupfrom 14, 787
 correc (option) 21
 correccindiv (option) 21
 \correctchoice
 13, 843, 1049, 2039, 2601
 \CorrigeExterne 2533
 \CorrigeIndivExterne .. 2533
 \crefalias 225
 \crefname 226
 \cs .. 876, 880, 881, 883,
 886, 889, 892, 896,
 901, 903, 906, 908,
 911, 913, 917, 918,
 920, 923, 924, 926,
 929, 930, 932, 935,
 944–947, 1277, 1287,
 1292, 1317, 1322,
 1324, 1327, 1329,
 1369, 1373, 1378,
 1383, 1388, 1391,
 1394–1397, 1415,
 1423, 1433, 1436,
 1441, 1445, 1457,
 1460, 1462, 1465,
 1467, 1473, 1487,
 1492, 1504, 1595,
 1599, 1607, 1609,
 1623, 1638, 1663,
 1674, 1689, 1703,
 1733, 1754, 1783,
 1845, 2005, 2007,
 2013, 2022, 2025,
 2026, 2034, 2044,
 2515, 2516, 2518,
 2519, 2521, 2522,
 2525, 2526, 2528, 2529
 \csvreader
 . 2440, 2445, 2451, 2460

D

\define@boolkey
 .. 503, 2079–2083, 2169
 \define@choicekey
 ... 77, 495, 1101, 1146
 digits (option) 10
 \ding 467
 \dontannotate 331
 \dontscan 330
 \dotfill 355, 2091, 2107
 \draw ... 419, 423, 1077, 1079

E

\element 14, 663
 \endchoices 2598
 \endchoicescustom ... 2600
 \endchoiceshoriz 2599
 \endcopieexamen 2608
 \endexamcopy 2608
 \endreponses 2598
 \endreponseshoriz 2599
 \endreponsesperso ... 2600
 ensemble (option) 21
 environments:
 amcxyfile 341
 auto 2433
 choices 12, 1004
 choicescustom .. 12, 1004
 choiceshoriz ... 12, 1004
 copieexamen 21
 examcopy 2505
 question 11, 1178
 question-auto 2433
 questionmult ... 11, 1178
 Questionnaires ... 2433
 questionouverte ... 1178
 reponses 21
 reponseshoriz 21
 reponsesperso 21
 tikz-multi 1004
 tikz-single 1004
 values 2433

F

\fancypagestyle
 . 2248, 2253, 2275, 2282
 \fbox 2273
 \footrulewidth
 . 2251, 2270, 2280, 2285
 \foreach 2459
 \formulaire 21, 2612
 \fp ... 1427, 1435, 1437,
 1439, 1443, 1448,
 1450, 1452, 1456,
 1463, 1468, 1475,
 1493, 1496, 1834,
 1835, 1859, 1860,
 1869, 1897, 1898,
 1924, 2032, 2033,
 2035–2038, 2040, 2041
 francais (option) 10
 fullgroups (option) 11

G

\group 1419, 1431

H

\he@dbas ... 2230, 2255, 2256
 \he@dhaut 2231, 2259
 \he@dtaille .. 2227, 2230, 2231
 \hfuzz 369
 \ht 367, 1059

I

\ifAMC@affichekeys
 . 36, 1205, 1206
 \ifAMC@asqbloc .. 42, 846, 852
 \ifAMC@automarks
 . 60, 978, 2311, 2329, 2336

\ifAMC@calibration	\ifAMC@printkeyoutside@	1444, 1472, 1475,
..... 46, 294,	..... 538, 546	1477–1479, 1481,
303, 312, 325, 330–	\ifAMC@qbloc . . . 41, 1173,	1494, 1497, 1499,
332, 335, 1050, 1055,	1204, 1212, 1238,	1505, 1506, 1508,
1183, 1190, 1215,	1240, 2010, 2160, 2196	1509, 1511, 1601,
1253–1256, 1294,	\ifAMC@rbloc . . . 43, 1007, 1010	1621, 1624, 1626–
1318, 2307, 2313,	\ifAMC@shuffleG . . . 33, 745, 748	1628, 1630, 1639,
2349, 2354, 2466, 2580	\ifAMC@survey . . . 2408, 2433	1664, 1675, 1682,
\ifAMC@catalog 47, 386	\ifAMC@textPos . . . 39, 1027,	1688, 1690, 1692,
\ifAMC@correc	1030, 1040, 1204, 1212	1698, 1704, 1706,
38, 378, 1052, 1249,	\ifAMC@watermark	1711, 1717, 1721,
1613, 2089, 2105, 2468	..... 51, 2246, 2566	1725, 1728, 1735,
\ifAMC@correthead	\ifAMC@zoneformulaire	1737, 1743, 1746,
.... 35, 1242, 2246,	..... 57, 526, 563, 867	1749, 1761, 1786,
2289, 2304, 2561, 2567	\ifAMCcomplete@multi . . . 44, 840	1787, 1790, 1793,
\ifAMC@draw@cross	\ifAMCformulaire@dedans	1797, 1800, 1806,
..... 362, 401, 422	..... 56, 525,	1810, 1811, 1816,
\ifAMC@ensemble	566, 582, 1846, 1999,	1817, 1838–1840,
.... 54, 524, 541,	2097, 2154, 2173, 2190	1843, 1851, 1854,
562, 581, 866, 978,	\ifAMCids@side 74, 2264	1855, 1861, 1866,
981, 985, 990, 1206,	\ifAMCids@top 73, 2261	1868, 1872, 1885,
1406, 1846, 1998,	\ifAMCneeds@storebox	1886, 1891, 1899,
1999, 2097, 2102,	..... 2404, 2411, 2422	1900, 1906, 1908,
2116, 2122, 2154,	\ifAMCquestionNumber . . . 45, 1171	1911, 1919, 1926,
2173, 2178, 2181,	\ifAMCsz@logged 579, 590	1927, 1931, 1932,
2190, 2311, 2576, 2586	\ifAMCtype@multi 50, 840	1934, 1947, 1954,
\ifAMC@extractOnly	\ifAMCune@bonne 49, 842	1955, 1961, 1975, 1988
..... 40, 1966, 2590	\ifcase 78	
\ifAMC@fullGroups 34, 754	\ifcsname 1102, 1107,	K
\ifAMC@inside@box	1112, 1147, 1152, 1157	\keys 1303, 1330,
.... 52, 544, 572,	\ifcsvstrcmp	1523, 1596, 1849, 2008
2117, 2179, 2577, 2587	..... 2446, 2452, 2453, 2461	keys (option) 10
\ifAMC@inside@digit 55, 478	\ifdim 1076	
\ifAMC@invisible 61, 292	\ifKV@AMCBoxOnly@ordered	L
\ifAMC@keepmemory 988, 2317	..... 2182	\lastchoices 825, 2611
\ifAMC@keysline 37, 1205, 1206	\ifKV@AMCdim@cross	\lastxpos 2519
\ifAMC@ordre 32, 826	..... 382, 397, 414	\lastypos 2522
\ifAMC@outside@box	\ifKV@AMCOpen@annotate 2132	\linebreak 2112
.... 53, 524, 542, 2578, 2588	\ifKV@AMCOpen@dots 2090	
\ifAMC@pagelayout	\ifKV@AMCOpen@lineup	M
.... 58, 2243, 2288, 2560	..... 2101, 2144	\m@rque 2226, 2255–2258
\ifAMC@pdfform	\ifKV@AMCOpen@retick 2131	\m@rqueCalage 2225, 2226
.... 62, 350, 2305, 2321, 2414	\ifKV@AMCOpen@scan 2130	\marginpar 1087, 1129
\ifAMC@plain 48, 2497	indivanswers (option) 6, 10	\mauvaise 21, 2602
\ifAMC@postcorrect	init (option) 10	\melangegroupe 21, 2609
.... 59, 843, 2579, 2589	\InputIfFileExists 15	\MessageBreak 2495
\ifAMC@printformoutside	\insertgroup 14, 744, 2610	\multiSymbole 1173, 1214, 1232
.... 522, 531	\insertgroupfrom 14, 744	
\ifAMC@printformoutside@	insidebox (option) 10	N
.... 521, 528	\int 878, 880, 884, 890, 897,	\namefield 15, 347, 2614
\ifAMC@printkeyoutside	936, 1271, 1284, 1323,	\namefielddots 348
.... 539, 549	1325, 1334, 1340,	\newbox 363
	1341, 1364, 1428,	\newline 1205
		\newsavebox 359

\newstorebox	2423	pdfform (option)	11	separateanswersheet (option)	5, 10, 16																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\nobreak	520, 2145	\pdfpageheight	329, 2528, 2529	\seq	1270, 1344, 1352, 1418, 1426–1428																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\node	1032, 1033, 1228	\pdfpagewidth	329, 2525, 2526	\setdefaultgroupmode	686																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
nopage (option)	6, 11	\pgfextractx	1067	\setgroupmode	672, 686																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
noshuffle (option)	10	\pgfpointanchor	1068	\shuffle@it	818, 832																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
noshufflegroups (option)	10	\pgfpointdiff	1067	\shufflegroup	14, 710, 722, 744, 2609																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\nouveauaugroupe	663, 788	\pgfpointorigin	1067	\shufflegroupslice	727, 730, 747																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
nowatermark (option)	4, 10	plain (option)	11	\smash	2089, 2105																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\NoWatermarkExterne	2533	postcorrect (option)	11	\space	2495																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		\prg	865, 868, 870, 873, 1380, 1476, 1489	\storebox	2424																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
O				storebox (option)	11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\oddsidemargin	1070, 1074			\str	933																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
\onecopy	2296, 2435, 2509, 2606			\strut	1077, 1079																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
options:				\SujetExterne	2533																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
answers	10																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
asbox	10	\question	1178, 1185	T																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
automarks	11	question (environment)	.. 11, 1178	bloc	21	question-auto (environment)	.. 2433	\tex	1421	box	10	\QuestionIndicative	... 13, 1253, 1288	\textasciicircum	1529	calibration	5, 10	questionmult (environment)	.. 11, 1178	\TextField	352	catalog	10	Questionnaires (environment)	.. 2433	\textit	99, 112, 139, 153, 192, 218	chiffres	21	questionouverte (environment)	.. 1178	\textsc	2249	completemulti	10			\textsf	504	correc	21			\thecsvrow	1032, 1033, 2474, 2483	correcindiv	21			tikz-multi (environment)	1004	digits	10			tikz-single (environment)	1004	ensemble	21			\tikzset	2472	francais	10			\times	1529	fullgroups	11	\raisebox	1527	\tl	898, 899, 904, 909, 938, 940, 1415, 1417, 1424, 1425, 1622, 1625, 1631, 1634, 1785, 1799, 1801, 1804, 1805, 1809, 1814, 1815, 1817, 1820, 1821, 1829, 1841, 1842	indivanswers	6, 10	\refstepcounter	1171	\tracepos	296, 305, 314	init	10	\reponses	2598			insidebox	10	reponses (environment)	.. 21	U		keys	10	\responseshoriz	2599	nopage	6, 11	responseshoriz (environment)	.. 21	\une@rep	1006, 1007, 1012, 1016, 1020, 1023, 1052, 1056, 2468	noshuffle	10	\responsesperso	2600	\useasboundingbox	417	noshufflegroups	10	responsesperso (environment)	.. 21	\usebox	361	nowatermark	4, 10	\restituegroupe	.. 21, 2610	\usestorebox	2425	ordre	21	\retick	332	\usetikzlibrary	2471	outsidebox	10	\rngstate	2308			pdfform	11					plain	11					postcorrect	11					separateanswersheet	.						5, 10, 16					storebox	11					\or	80, 82					ordre (option)	21					outsidebox (option)	10					\ouverte@vs	1178											P						\PackageError						 648, 690, 761, 2494					\pageref	2344										
bloc	21	question-auto (environment)	.. 2433	\tex	1421																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
box	10	\QuestionIndicative	... 13, 1253, 1288	\textasciicircum	1529																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
calibration	5, 10	questionmult (environment)	.. 11, 1178	\TextField	352																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
catalog	10	Questionnaires (environment)	.. 2433	\textit	99, 112, 139, 153, 192, 218																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
chiffres	21	questionouverte (environment)	.. 1178	\textsc	2249																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
completemulti	10			\textsf	504																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
correc	21			\thecsvrow	1032, 1033, 2474, 2483																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
correcindiv	21			tikz-multi (environment)	1004																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
digits	10			tikz-single (environment)	1004																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
ensemble	21			\tikzset	2472																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
francais	10			\times	1529																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
fullgroups	11	\raisebox	1527	\tl	898, 899, 904, 909, 938, 940, 1415, 1417, 1424, 1425, 1622, 1625, 1631, 1634, 1785, 1799, 1801, 1804, 1805, 1809, 1814, 1815, 1817, 1820, 1821, 1829, 1841, 1842																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
indivanswers	6, 10	\refstepcounter	1171	\tracepos	296, 305, 314																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
init	10	\reponses	2598																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
insidebox	10	reponses (environment)	.. 21	U																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
keys	10	\responseshoriz	2599	nopage	6, 11	responseshoriz (environment)	.. 21	\une@rep	1006, 1007, 1012, 1016, 1020, 1023, 1052, 1056, 2468	noshuffle	10	\responsesperso	2600	\useasboundingbox	417	noshufflegroups	10	responsesperso (environment)	.. 21	\usebox	361	nowatermark	4, 10	\restituegroupe	.. 21, 2610	\usestorebox	2425	ordre	21	\retick	332	\usetikzlibrary	2471	outsidebox	10	\rngstate	2308			pdfform	11					plain	11					postcorrect	11					separateanswersheet	.						5, 10, 16					storebox	11					\or	80, 82					ordre (option)	21					outsidebox (option)	10					\ouverte@vs	1178											P						\PackageError						 648, 690, 761, 2494					\pageref	2344																																																																																																								
nopage	6, 11	responseshoriz (environment)	.. 21	\une@rep	1006, 1007, 1012, 1016, 1020, 1023, 1052, 1056, 2468																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
noshuffle	10	\responsesperso	2600	\useasboundingbox	417																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
noshufflegroups	10	responsesperso (environment)	.. 21	\usebox	361																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
nowatermark	4, 10	\restituegroupe	.. 21, 2610	\usestorebox	2425																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
ordre	21	\retick	332	\usetikzlibrary	2471																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
outsidebox	10	\rngstate	2308																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
pdfform	11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
plain	11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
postcorrect	11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
separateanswersheet	.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
	5, 10, 16																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
storebox	11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
\or	80, 82																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
ordre (option)	21																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
outsidebox (option)	10																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
\ouverte@vs	1178																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
P																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
\PackageError																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
 648, 690, 761, 2494																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
\pageref	2344																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				

V	variable-single	(environment)	<u>1178</u>	\with ... 1319, 2355, 2356, 2584–2591, 2593, 2595
values (environment) ...	<u>2433</u>	\version	2583	\wrongchoice 13, 842, 843, <u>1049</u> , 2039, 2602
values-auto (environment)	<u>2433</u>	\vfuzz	369	
variable-auto (environment)	<u>2433</u>	\vrule	1771	
variable-multi (environment)	<u>1178</u>	\vtop	1347	X
				\x 2459, 2461
		W		\xyclose 344
		\wd	369, 370, 1059	\xyopen 342